Intel(R) Wireless WiFi Link 4965AGN User Guide

With your wireless network card, you can access wireless networks, share files or printers, or even share your Internet connection. All of these features can be explored with a wireless network in your home or office. This wireless local area network (WLAN) solution is designed for both home and business use. Additional users and features can be added as your networking needs grow and change.

Your Intel(R) Wireless WiFi Link 4965AGN adapter is compatible with 802.11a, 802.11b 802.11g and 802.11n wireless standards. Operating at 5 GHz or 2.4 GHz frequency at speeds of up to 54 Mbps you can now connect your computer to existing high-speed networks that use multiple access points within large or small environments. Your wireless adapter maintains automatic data rate control according to access point location to achieve the fastest possible connection. All of your wireless network connections are easily managed by Intel(R) PROSet/Wireless software. Profiles that are set up through the Intel PROSet/Wireless software provide enhanced security measures with 802.1x network authentication.

> **NOTE:** The software is compatible with the Intel(R) Wireless WiFi Link 4965AGN, Intel(R) Wireless WiFi Link 4965AG_, Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 3965ABG Network Connection, Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 3945ABG Network Connection, Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 3945BG Network Connection, Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 2915ABG Network Connection and the Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 2200BG Network Connection.

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Intel wireless LAN adapters are engineered, manufactured, tested, and quality checked to ensure that they meet all necessary local and governmental regulatory agency requirements for the regions that they are designated and/or marked to ship into. Since wireless LANs are generally unlicensed devices that share spectrum with radars, satellites, and other licensed and unlicensed devices, it is sometimes necessary to dynamically detect, avoid, and limit usage to avoid interference with these devices. In many instances Intel is required to provide test data to prove regional and local compliance to regional and governmental regulations before certification or approval to use the product is granted. Intel's wireless LAN's EEPROM, firmware, and software driver are designed to carefully control parameters that affect radio operation and to ensure electromagnetic compliance (EMC). These parameters include, without limitation, RF power, spectrum usage, channel scanning, and human exposure.

For these reasons Intel cannot permit any manipulation by third parties of the software provided in binary format with the wireless LAN adapters (e.g., the EEPROM and firmware). Furthermore, if you use any patches, utilities, or code with the Intel wireless LAN adapters that have been manipulated by an unauthorized party (i.e., patches, utilities, or code (including open source code modifications) which have not been validated by Intel), (i) you will be solely responsible for ensuring the regulatory compliance of the products, (ii) Intel will bear no liability, under any theory of liability for any issues associated with the modified products, including without limitation, claims under the warranty and/or issues arising from regulatory non-compliance, and (iii) Intel will not provide or be required to assist in providing support to any third parties for such modified products.

Note: Many regulatory agencies consider Wireless LAN adapters to be "modules", and accordingly, condition system-level regulatory approval upon receipt and review of test data documenting that the antennas and system configuration do not cause the EMC and radio operation to be non-compliant."

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Use Intel PROSet/Wireless as your Wireless Manager

Intel(R) PROSet/Wireless is used to setup, edit and manage network profiles to connect to a network. It also includes advanced settings such as power management and channel selection for setting up ad-hoc networks.

If you use Microsoft(R) Windows(R) XP Wireless Zero Configuration as your wireless manager, you can disable it from the Microsoft Windows Wireless Network tab.

To disable Microsoft Windows XP Wireless Zero Configuration as your wireless manager:

1. Click Start Settings Control Panel.
2. Double-click Network Connections.
3. Right-click Wireless Network Connection.
4. Click Properties.
5. Click Wireless Networks.
6. Verify that the Use Windows to configure my wireless network settings is not selected. If it is, clear it.
7. Click OK. This confirms that the Intel PROSet/Wireless utility is configured to manage your network profiles.

NOTE: Verify that the Application Settings option Notify when another application uses the wireless
adapter is selected. This option prompts you when Microsoft Windows XP Wireless Zero Configuration
starts to manage your network profiles.

Start Intel PROSet/Wireless

To start Intel PROSet/Wireless, use one of the following methods:

● Click Start Programs Intel PROSet Wireless Intel PROSet Wireless.

● Right-click the Taskbar icon located in the lower right corner of your Windows Desktop to open the Taskbar
menu. Click Open Intel PROSet/Wireless.
● Double-click the Taskbar icon to open Intel PROSet/Wireless.

To close Intel PROSet/Wireless from the main window, use one of the following:

● Select File Exit from the main window.
● Click Close.
● Click the Close button (X) at the top right corner of the window.

Start Intel PROSet/Wireless from the Taskbar

To start Intel(R) PROSet/Wireless, double-click the Taskbar icon located in the lower right corner of your Windows desktop or right-click the Taskbar icon and click Open Intel PROSet/Wireless.

Taskbar Menu Options

The Intel PROSet/Wireless icon displays on the Taskbar located in the lower right corner of your Windows desktop. Right-click the status icon to display the menu options.

Menu Item Comments

Open Intel PROSet/Wireless Click to start Intel PROSet/Wireless when Intel PROSet/Wireless is
your wireless manager. If you select Use Windows to manage Wi-
Fi from the Taskbar menu, the menu option changes to Open
Wireless Zero Configuration and Microsoft Windows XP Wireless
Zero Configuration Service is used as your wireless manager. When
you use Microsoft Windows, you cannot use your Intel profiles.

Open Wireless Zero Configuration

Wireless On If you have Intel PROSet/Wireless installed, the current state of the
radio displays in the Intel PROSet/Wireless main window and on the
Taskbar. Select Wireless On to turn the radio on. Select Wireless
Off to turn the radio off.

If your computer has an external switch installed, use it to switch
the radio on or off. Refer to your computer manufacturer's
documentation for more information about this switch.

Wireless Off

802.11a Radio Off This option is available only for wireless adapters that support
802.11a, 802.11b, and 802.11g. Select to turn off the 802.11a
radio.

NOTE: This setting is unavailable unless it is set in the
Administrator Tool or if your adapter is an Intel(R) PRO/Wireless
2200BG Network Connection.

Open Intel Wireless Troubleshooter Opens an application that can assist you to resolve wireless network
connection issues. When a connection issue is detected, a desktop
alert appears at the bottom right corner of your desktop. See Intel
Wireless Troubleshooter for more information.

Connect to Profile Displays the current profiles in the Profile list. Used also to connect
to a profile.

Use Windows to manage Wi-Fi Toggles between the Intel PROSet/Wireless and Microsoft Windows
XP Wireless Zero Configuration Service. When you use Microsoft

Windows, you cannot use your Intel profiles. Use Intel PROSet/Wireless to manage Wi-

Fi

Taskbar Icons

The Taskbar icon provides visual indication of the current wireless connection state. The connection status icon is located on the lower right corner of your Windows desktop. The Taskbar icon can be set to display or be hidden in the Tools Menu Application Settings.

Icon Description

Wireless Off: The wireless adapter is off. The wireless device does not
transmit or receive while it is off. Click Wireless On to enable the
adapter. The icon is white and static.

Searching for wireless networks: The wireless adapter searches for any available wireless networks. The icon is white with animation.

No wireless networks found: There are no available wireless networks found. Intel PROSet/Wireless periodically scans for available networks. If you want to force a scan, double-click the icon to launch Intel PROSet/Wireless and click Refresh. The icon is red.

Wireless network found: An available wireless network is found. Double-click the icon to display the Wireless Networks list. Select the network. Click Connect. The icon is yellow.
Authentication failed: Unable to authenticate with wireless network. The icon is green with a yellow warning triangle.

Connecting to a wireless network: Flashes while an IP address is being obtained or an error occurs.

Connected to a wireless network: Connected to a wireless network. A
Tool Tip displays network name, speed, signal quality and IP address. The
icon is green with waves that reflect signal quality. The more waves, the
better the signal quality.

Tool Tips and Desktop Alerts

The Tool Tips and Desktop Alerts provide feedback and interaction. To display Tool Tips, move your mouse pointer over the icon. Desktop alerts are displayed when your wireless network changes state. For example, if you are out of range of any wireless networks, a desktop alert is displayed when you come into range.

Select Show Information Notifications in the Application Settings to enable desktop alerts.

Tool Tips

Tool tips display when the mouse pointer rolls over the icon. The tool tips display text for each of the connection states.

Desktop Alerts

When user action is required, a desktop alert displays. If you click the alert, then an appropriate action is taken. For example when wireless networks are found, the following alert displays:

Action: Click the desktop alert to connect to network in the Wireless Networks list.

Once connected, the alert displays the wireless network that you are connected to, the speed of the connection, signal quality and IP address.

Desktop alerts are also used to indicate if there is a connection problem. Click the alert to open the Intel Wireless Troubleshooter.

Intel PROSet/Wireless Main Window

The Intel PROSet/Wireless Main Window allows you to:

● View the current connection status (signal quality, speed and current network name).
● Scan for available wireless networks.
● Manage profiles.
● Auto-connect profiles to available networks in a specific order defined in the Profile list.
● Connect to Infrastructure and Device to Device (ad hoc) networks.
● Configure adapter settings.
● Troubleshoot wireless connection problems.

Connection Status Icons

The connection status icons indicate the current connection status of your wireless adapter. The connection status icon displays in the Intel PROSet/Wireless main window. The Taskbar icon also indicates the current connection status. Refer to Taskbar Icons for more information.

Main Window Connection Status Description

The icons are used to designate connection status.

Icon Description

Wireless Off: The radio is not associated to a network. Click the Wireless On button to enable
the radio.

Indicates connection problems including authentication failures.

Searching for wireless networks: The wireless adapter is scanning for any available wireless networks.

Animated Icons:

No wireless networks found: The adapter does not find any available wireless networks.

Wireless network found: An available wireless network is found. You can choose to connect to available networks displayed in the Wireless Networks list.

Connecting to a wireless network. You are connecting to a wireless network. The crescent
shaped curves switch between green and white until an IP Address is obtained or a connection
error occurs.

Connected to a wireless network: You are connected to a wireless network. The network
name, speed, signal quality, and IP address display the current connection status. Click the
Details button to display details of the current network connection.

Network Name Name (Profile Name or SSID): The name of the network that the adapter is connected to. The
Name column displays the SSID or the Profile name if a profile for the network is available.

Signal Quality The signal quality icon bars indicate the quality of the transmit and receive signals between your
wireless adapter and the nearest access point or computer in Device to Device (ad hoc) mode.
The number of vertical green bars indicates the strength of the transmit and receive signals.

The signal quality ranges from excellent to out of range. The following factors affect signal
quality:

● Signal quality decreases with distance and is affected by metal and concrete barriers.
● Metal objects can reflect signals and cause interference.
● Other electrical devices can cause interference.

Properties Provides adapter connection status information. See Properties Button for information.

Wireless On (Off) Switch the radio off and on. Refer to Turn Wireless On or Off for more information.

Help? Provides help information for this page.
Close Closes the Intel PROSet/Wireless main window.

Wireless Networks List

The Wireless Networks list displays a list of wireless networks within range of the adapter.

Name Description

The signal strength of the wireless network access point or computer (Device to Device [ad
hoc] mode). The signal strength icon bars indicate that the wireless network or computer is
available for connection but is still not is associated with an access point or computer (Device
to Device [ad hoc] mode).

Network Name Name (Profile Name or SSID): The name of the network that the adapter is connected to.
The Name column displays the SSID or the Profile name if a profile for the network is available.

If an access point does not broadcast its network name (SSID) or the wireless adapter
receives a hidden network name from a stealth access point, <SSID not broadcast is
displayed in the Wireless Networks list. To associate with an <SSID not broadcast network
entry, a new profile must be created before connection. After connection, the <SSID not
broadcast is still displayed in the Wireless Networks list. The associated SSID profile is
viewed in the Profiles list.

Status Notification that the adapter is connecting to the wireless network. Once connected, the
status is changed to Connected.
Profiles: Identifies a network in the Wireless Networks list that is connected and has a
profile in the profiles list.

The wireless network uses Network (Infrastructure) mode.

The wireless network uses Device to Device (ad hoc) mode.

The wireless network uses Security encryption.

The band frequency being used by the wireless network (802.11a, 802.11b, 802.11g, or 802.11n).

The wireless network is on the exclusion list or the profile is configured for manual
connection.

Connect

(Disconnect)

Click to connect to a wireless network. Once connected, the button changes to Disconnect.

Properties Provides detailed information about the connected network and its access points. See
Network Properties for information.

Refresh Refreshes the list of available networks. If any new networks are available within the adapter
range, the list is updated to show the new network name.

Wireless On (Off) Switch the radio off and on. Refer to Turn Wireless On or Off for more information.

Close Closes the Intel(R) PROSet/Wireless main window.

Help? Provides help information for this page.

Network Properties

Click the Properties button on the Intel PROSet/Wireless main window to display the security settings for the wireless adapter. You can also add profiles to be excluded from automatic connection. If network exclusion is enabled (see Application Settings) then the Network Properties also indicates if the network is excluded from automatic connection.

Network Properties details

Name< Description

Network Name Displays the wireless network name.

Band Current band and frequency being used. Displays Out of Range if no band
and frequency is displayed.

The following bands are listed:

● 802.11a
● 802.11b
● 802.11g

Operation Mode Displays the current operating mode:

● Network (Infrastructure)

A wireless network centered around an access point. In this environment, the access point not only provides communication with the wired network, but also mediates wireless network traffic in the immediate neighborhood.

● Device to Device (ad hoc)

A communication configuration in which every computer has
the same capabilities, and any computer can initiate a communication session. Also known as a peer-to-peer network
or a computer-to-computer network.

Authentication Level Displays the current authentication security mode for the profile being used.

The following network authentication levels are listed:

● Open
● Shared
● WPA-Enterprise
● WPA2-Enterprise
● WPA-Personal
● WPA2-Personal

Displays the 802.11 authentication used by the currently used profile. Refer to Security Settings for more information.

Data Encryption The following Data Encryption settings are listed:

● None
● WEP
● TKIP
● CKIP
● AES-CCMP

Refer to Security Settings for more information.

Access Points in this Network (0-50) ● Signal Strength: The Signal strength icon bars indicate the strength
of the transmit and receive signals between your wireless adapter and
the nearest access point.

● Displays one of the following icons: . Indicates the band
being used (802.11a, 802.11b, 802.11g or 802.11n).
● Channel: Displays the current transmit and receive channel being
used for a particular wireless network.
● BSSID (Infrastructure operating mode): Displays the twelve-digit
MAC address of the access point of the selected network.

Manage Exclusions Refer to Manage Exclusions for more information.

Close Closes the Network Properties.

Help? Provides help information for this page.

Connection Details

When you are connected to a network, click the Details button on the Intel(R) PROSet/Wireless main window to display the Connection Details.

Connection Details Description

Name Description

Profile Name Name of the profile.

Network Name Network Name (SSID) of the current connection.

IPv4 Address Internet Protocol (IP) address for the current connection.

Signal Quality A radio frequency (RF) signal can be assessed by two components:

● signal strength (quantity)
● signal quality

The quality of the signal is determined by a combination of factors. Primarily it is composed of signal strength and the ratio of the RF noise present. RF noise occurs
both naturally and artificially by electrical equipment. If the amount of the RF
noise is high, or the signal strength is low, it results in a lower signal to noise ratio
which causes poorer signal quality. With a low signal to noise ratio, it is difficult for
the radio receiver to discern the data information contained in the signal from the
noise itself.

Signal Strength The signal strength icon bars indicate the quality of the transmit and receive
signals between your wireless adapter and the access point or computer in Device
to Device (ad hoc) mode. The number of vertical green bars indicates the strength
of the transmit and receive signals.

NOTE: The signal strength is displayed for the closest AP for networks that
contains multiple APs.

The signal strength ranges from excellent to out of range. The following factors affect signal strength:

● Signal quality decreases with distance and is affected by metal and concrete
barriers.
● Metal objects can reflect signals and cause interference.
● Other electrical devices can cause interference.

Adapter MAC Address Media Access Control (MAC) address for the wireless adapter.
Band Indicates the wireless band of the current connection.

● 802.11a
● 802.11b
● 802.11g

Supported Data Rates Rates at which the wireless adapter can send and receive data. Displays the speed
in Mbps for the frequency being used.

● 802.11g: 1, 2, 5.5, 6, 9, 11, 12, 18, 24, 36, 48, and 54
● 802.11b: 1, 2, 5.5, and 11
● 802.11a: 6, 9, 12, 18, 24, 36, 48, and 54

Radio Frequency Displays the frequency of the current wireless connection.

● 802.11a: 5.15 GHz to 5.85 GHz

● 802.11b/g: 2.400 GHz to 2.4835 GHz (dependent on country)

Channel Number Displays the transmit and receive channel.

Network Authentication Displays Open, Shared, WPA-Personal, WPA2-Personal, WPA-Enterprise and WPA2-
Enterprise. Displays the 802.11 authentication used by the currently used profile.
Refer to Security Overview for more information.

Data Encryption Displays None, WEP, TKIP or AES-CCMP. Refer to Security Overview for more
information.

802.1x Authentication Type Displays None, MD5, EAP-SIM, TLS, TTLS, PEAP, LEAP, or EAP-FAST. Refer to
Security Overview for more information.

802.1x Authentication Protocol Displays None, PAP, MD5, GTC, CHAP, MS-CHAP, MS-CHAP-V2 or TLS. Refer to Security Overview for more information.

CCX Version Version of the Cisco Compatible Extensions on this wireless connection.

Current TX Power Cisco Compatible Extensions Transmit Power Levels.

Supported Power Levels 1.0, 5.0, 20.0, 31.6, 50.1 mW

Access Point MAC Address The Media Access Control (MAC) address for the associated access point.

Mandatory Access Point Displays None, if not enabled. If enabled, from the Mandatory Access Point
setting, the access point MAC address is displayed. This option directs the wireless
adapter to connect to an access point that uses a specific MAC address (48-bit 12
hexadecimal digits, for example, 00:06:25:0E:9D:84).

Repair Renews the IP Address. If you have trouble accessing the network, verify if the IP
address is valid. If it is 0.0.0.0 or 169.x.x.x, then it is probably not valid. If your
network is setup for automatic network address assignment, then click Repair and
request a new IP address.

Close Closes the page.

Help? Provides help information for this page.

Profile Management

On the Intel PROSet/Wireless main window, click Connect on a wireless network. Once connected, a profile is created in the Profiles list. The Profiles List displays the current user profiles in the order that they are to be applied. Use the up and down arrows to arrange profiles in a specific order to automatically connect to a wireless network.

You can also add, edit, and remove profiles from the Profiles list. Click Profiles on the Intel PROSet/Wireless main window.

Different profiles can be configured for each wireless network. Profile settings can include, the network name (SSID), operating mode, and security settings. See Profile Management for more information.

Profiles List Icons

Name Description

Profile Name Profiles are network settings that allow your wireless adapter to connect to a network access point
(Network [Infrastructure] mode) or computer (Device to Device (ad hoc) mode) which does not use
an access point. Refer to Set up Profiles for more information.

Network Name Name (Profile Name or SSID): The name of the network that the adapter is connected to. The Name column displays the SSID or the Profile name if a profile for the network is available.

Connection Icons: The following network profile status icons indicate the different connection states of the adapter with a wireless network, the type of operating mode being used, and whether network security is being used.

Blue circle: The wireless adapter is associated with an access point or computer (ad hoc mode). If a
profile has 802.1x security enabled, this indicates that the wireless adapter is associated and
authenticated.

Indicates Infrastructure mode.

Indicates Device to Device (ad hoc) mode.

The wireless network uses Security encryption.

Arrows Position profiles in a preferred order for auto-connection.

● Up-arrow: Move the position of a selected profile up in the Profiles list.
● Down-arrow: Move the position of a selected profile down in the Profiles list.

Connect If the network is in range, and the profile matches the configuration of the network, then a
connection is made.

Add Opens the Create Wireless Profile General Settings, which is used to create a new profile. Refer
to Create a New Profile for more information.

Remove Removes a selected profile from the Profile list. Refer to Delete a Profile for more information.

Properties Enables you to edit the contents of an existing profile. Refer to Edit an Existing Profile for more
information.

Export/Import: Allows you to import and export user-based profiles to and from the Profile
list. Wireless profiles can be automatically imported into the Profile list. See Import and Export
Profiles for more information.

Close Closes the profile management window.

Help? Provides help information for this page.

Menus

Use the File, Tools, Advanced, Profiles and Help menus to configure your network settings.

Name Description
File Exit: Close the Intel PROSet/Wireless main window.

Tools Application Settings: Use to set system wide connection preferences. Refer to Application Settings for
information.

Intel Wireless Troubleshooter: Use to resolve wireless network connection problems. Refer to Intel
Wireless Troubleshooter for more information.

Administrator Tool: Used by administrators or the person who has administrator privileges on this
computer to configure shared profiles (Pre-logon/Common, Persistent, and Voice over IP [VoIP]). The Administrator Tool can also be used by an Information Technology department to configure user settings
within the Intel(R) PROSet/Wireless software and to create custom install packages to export to other
systems. Refer to Administrator Tool for more information.

NOTE: The Administrator Tool is available only if it installed during a custom installation of the Intel PROSet/Wireless software. Refer to Install or Uninstall the Software for more information on custom
installation.

Advanced Adapter Settings:Displays Adapter Settings that are equivalent to the settings in the Microsoft Windows Advanced settings. Refer to Adapter Settings for information.

To access Adapter Settings from Microsoft Windows:

● Select Network Connections from the Windows Control Panel
● Right-click the Wireless Network Connection.
● Select Properties from the menu.
● Click Configure to display the Advanced settings for the adapter.

Advanced Statistics: Select to determine how the adapter communicates with an access point. Refer to Advanced Statistics for more information.

Use Windows to manage Wi-Fi: Select to enable Windows XP as the wireless manager. Refer to Microsoft Windows XP Wireless Zero Configuration for more information.

Profiles Manage Profiles: Select to create or edit profiles.

Manage Exclusions: Select to exclude networks from automatic connection. Refer to Manage Exclusions for more information.

Help Intel PROSet/Wireless Help: Starts the online help.

About: Displays version information for the currently installed application components.

Application Settings (Tools menu)

The Application Settings control the behavior of the Intel(R) PROSet/Wireless software.

Application Settings Description

Name Description

Adapter Lists the network adapter that are currently available. It may be either
an Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 3965ABG Network Connection, an Intel(R) PRO/
Wireless 2915ABG Network Connection, or an Intel(R) PRO/Wireless
2200BG Network Connection.

Advanced Settings: The following settings control how Intel PROSet/Wireless behaves and displays information.

Taskbar Show application icon on the taskbar: Select to display the Taskbar
status icon. This icon resides on the Windows Taskbar (Notification
Area). This icon provides the status of your wireless connection. Clear to
not display the Taskbar status icon.

The Taskbar Status Icon provides several functions:

● Visual feedback for the connection state and wireless activity of
your wireless network. The icon changes color and animation for different wireless activity. See Taskbar Icons for more information.
● Menu: A menu is displayed when you right click the icon. From
this menu you perform tasks such as turn on or off the radio or
launch the Intel PROSet/Wireless application. See Taskbar Menu
Options for more information.
● Tool tips and desktop alerts. See:Tool Tips and Desktop Alerts for
more information.

Notifications Show Alert Notifications: Select to display desktop alerts next to the
taskbar icon. When your action is required, a message displays. Only
events of high importance trigger a desktop alert. If the desktop alert is
selected, then the appropriate action is taken. Clear to not display
desktop alerts. Refer to Tool Tips and Desktop Alerts for more information.

Select one of the following options:

Information Notifications: These desktop alerts are of lower importance. They do not require your interaction but can greatly improve the wireless experience.

● Show Information Notifications: Selected by default. All
informational desktop alerts are displayed next to the taskbar
status icon. These desktop alerts improve your wireless
experience with notifications when available wireless networks are within range. They also inform you when a wireless connection
has been made or has been lost. Refer to Tool Tips and Desktop Alerts for more information.
● Show a list of available networks when not connected:
When Show Information Notifications is cleared, you can
select this item. When the desktop alerts are disabled, this option allows you to continue to be notified of available networks when
the wireless adapter is not connected.

Notify when another application uses the wireless adapter: When selected, a message is displayed when other applications are trying to manage your wireless adapter. This is helpful if you use software provided by a hotspot location (coffee shop, airport terminal). To take advantage of the Intel PROSet/Wireless features, disable this software
when you leave the hotspot.

Enable TLS rejected certificates notification: Select if you want a
warning issued when a PEAP-TLS certificate is rejected by the authentication server. See Enterprise Security and Set up a Client with
TLS Network Authentication for more information.

Auto Connect Connect to available network using profiles only: (Default) Connect
the wireless adapter to an available network with a matching profile
from the Profiles List. If no matching profile is found, you are notified
(see Notifications). The wireless device remains disconnected until a
matching profile is found or you configure a new matching profile.

Connect to any available network if no matching profile found:
Select to connect to a network automatically if you have not configured a profile and are at a location that has an open, unsecured wireless network. NOTE: Open networks have no security. You would need to provide your own security for this wireless connection. One way to secure an open wireless connection is with Virtual Private Networking
(VPN) software.

Connect to any network based on profiles only (Cisco mode):
Select to try every profile in preferred order. This signifies that you are in the vicinity of an access point which has more than one SSID but only advertises one.

Manage Exclusions Enable automatic exclude list feature: Select to enable the
automatic exclude list feature. This feature provides a way to exclude
access points from automatic connection. Refer to Manage Exclusions for
more information.

Enable manual exclude list feature: Select to enable the manual
exclude list feature. This feature provides a way to exclude networks
from automatic connection. Refer to Manage Exclusions for more information.

Wireless Networks List Show column sort headers: Select to display the column names in the
Wireless Networks list. Click a column header to sort the column in
either ascending or descending order.

Shared Folder Notification File and printer sharing enables other computers on a network to access
resources on your computer. You should be cautious when you use your
wireless notebook computer with file and printer sharing enabled.

Use this feature to receive notifications when you connect to a wireless
network with shared folders that meet one of the following conditions:

● The Microsoft Windows firewall is disabled
● File and Printer Sharing are enabled as an exception to the
Microsoft Windows firewall settings.

Automatically remove shared folders when connected to an unsecured network
Select to hide shared folders automatically each time you connect to an open, unsecured network.

Disable this notification
Select to maintain your current shared folder settings each time you connect to an open, unsecured network.

Notify when connected to an unsecured network
Select to receive notification each time you are connected to an open, unsecured network.

Device to Device (ad hoc) Network Notification

Receive alerts dependent on the following settings when connected to an ad hoc network. You are alerted every two minutes, with a maximum of five alerts.

Notify when no peers have joined the ad hoc network
Select to receive notification if no peers join the ad hoc network.

Notify when all peers leave the ad hoc network
Select to receive an alert when all the peers leave the ad hoc network.

Network Name (SSID) Notification Network Name (SSID) alert notice

Notifies you when the default network name (SSID) is used to connect to a network. Common examples of pre-defined, default network names are: wireless, WLAN, linksys, default.

Connecting to an access point that has the default network name (SSID) can be a security problem. This access point usually uses all the default security and, management settings (for example, Open authentication; default IP address, user name, or password). If this is a personal network, change the network name and security settings to improve the security of the network.

Notify when connected to a network with the default SSID name Select to receive an alert when connected to a network with the default
network name.

OK Save settings and return to the previous page.

Cancel Closes and cancels changes.

Help? Provides help information for this page.

Intel Wireless Troubleshooter (Tools menu)

Intel Wireless Troubleshooter is an application that can help you resolve wireless network connection issues. When a connection issue is detected, a desktop alert appears at the bottom right corner of your desktop. Once you click the desktop alert, a diagnostic message displays the recommended steps to resolve the connection problem. For example, if a connection problem occurred because of an invalid password, the Profile manager application is launched when you click a displayed hyperlink. You can also launch Wireless Event Viewer and enable or disable alert notifications. The Intel Wireless Troubleshooter is supported under Windows XP and Windows 2000

The Intel Wireless Troubleshooter page contains two panes. Use your left mouse button on the left pane to display a list of available tools. The right pane displays the current connection issue in a section. Each section has two parts: the error message and the recommended action. The recommended action contains descriptions about available utilities and helps to resolve the associated connection issue. If you click a help link, the help text is displayed in a window. If you click the associated issue resolution link, a program is launched to resolve the connection issue.

Refer to the Troubleshooting section for information on resolving errors.

Name Description

Menu Options File Wireless Event Viewer: Launches Wireless Event Viewer.

Disable Notification/Enable Notification: Select to disable or enable alert notifications.

Exit: Click to exit the Intel Wireless Troubleshooter application.

View Displays or removes the History data on the right panel of the Intel Wireless Troubleshooter.

Tools Manual Diagnostics Tool: Run diagnostic test to verify the functionality of your wireless adapter. Refer to Manual Diagnostics Tool for more information.

Help Intel(R) Wireless Troubleshooter Help: Displays online help for the Intel Wireless
Troubleshooter.

About: Displays version information for the Intel Wireless Troubleshooter.

Available Help Date Time error message:

● Description of error.
● Link to resolve error (if available). See Resolve Errors below.
● Link to recommended steps to resolve error.

History Maintains a list of the last five alerts. The alerts are listed chronologically, with the most recent alert at the top of the list.

Administrator Tool (Tools menu)

The Administrator tool is for administrators or the person who has administrator privileges on this computer. This tool allows the administrator to restrict what level of control the users of this computer have over their wireless connections. This tool is used also to configure common (shared) profiles.

Users cannot modify Administrator settings or profiles unless they have the password for this tool. A password should be chosen that is secure and not easily guessed.

You can export these settings and profiles as one package to other computers on your network. For more information, refer to the Administrator Tool section.

Name Description

Application Settings An administrator can select which level of control that users have over their wireless
network connections. Refer to Administrator Tool Application Settings.

Administrator Profiles Enable or disable Persistent or Pre-logon/Common profiles and configure Voice over IP
(VoIP) settings on the computer. Refer to Administrator Tool Profiles.

Adapter Settings An administrator can select which level of control that users have over their wireless
network connections. Refer to Administrator Tool Adapter Settings.

Software Select which of the Intel PROSet/Wireless applications are installed on a user's computers.
Refer to Administrator Tool Software.

EAP-FAST A-ID Groups An administrator can select which Authority Identifier (A-ID) radius server to provision Protected Access Credentials (PACs) for profiles that use EAP-FAST authentication. A-ID
groups are shared by all users of the computer and allow EAP-FAST profiles to support
multiple PACs from multiple A-IDs. Refer to Administrator Tool EAP-FAST A-ID Groups.

Administrator
Packages

The Administrator Packages are used to save administrative profiles and other settings.
You can copy or send this self-extracting executable to clients on your network. When it is run, the contents are installed and configured on the destination computer. Refer to
Administrator Tool Packages.

Change Password Change the password for the Administrator Tool. See Change Password for more
information.

Close Closes the page.

Help? Provides help information for this page.

Adapter Settings (Advanced menu)

The Adapter Settings displays the device properties for the wireless adapter installed on your computer. It may be one of the following network connection adapters:

● Intel(R) Wireless WiFi Link 4965AGN
● Intel(R) Wireless WiFi Link 4965AG_
● Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 3965ABG Network Connection
● Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 3945ABG Network Connection
● Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 2915ABG Network Connection
● Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 2200BG Network Connection

Adapter Settings Description

Name Description

802.11n Channel Width Set high throughput channel width to maximize performance. Set the channel width to
Auto or 20Mhz. Auto is the default setting. Use 20MHz if 802.11n channels are
restricted.

NOTE: This setting is available only if the adapter is an Intel(R) Wireless WiFi Link
4965AGN or Intel(R) Wireless WiFi Link 4965AG_.

802.11n Mode The 802.11n standard builds upon previous 802.11x standards by adding multiple-
input multiple-output (MIMO). MIMO increases data throughput to improve transfer
rate. Select Enabled or Disabled to set the 802.11n mode of the adapter. Enabled is
the default setting.

An administrator can enable or disable support for high throughput mode to reduce
power-consumption or conflicts with other bands or compatibility issues.

NOTE: This setting is available only if the adapter is an Intel(R) Wireless WiFi Link
4965AGN or Intel(R) Wireless WiFi Link 4965AG_.

Ad Hoc Channel Unless the other computers in the ad hoc network use a different channel from the
default channel, there is no need to change the channel.

Value: Select the allowed operating channel from the list.

● 802.11b/g: Select this option when 802.11b and 802.11g (2.4 GHz) ad hoc
band frequency is used.
● 802.11a: Select this option when 802.11a (5 GHz) ad hoc band frequency is
used.

NOTE: When an 802.11a channel is not displayed, ad hoc networks are not supported for the channel.

Ad Hoc Power Management Set power saving features for Device to Device (ad hoc) networks.

● Disable: Select when connecting to ad hoc networks that contain stations that
do not support ad hoc power management.
● Maximum Power Savings: Select to optimize battery life.
● Noisy Environment: Select to optimize performance or connecting with
multiple clients.

NOTE: This setting is unavailable if the adapter is an Intel PRO/Wireless 2915ABG
Network Connection, or an Intel PRO/Wireless 2200BG Network Connection.

Ad Hoc QoS Mode Quality of Service (QoS) control in ad hoc networks. QoS provides prioritization of
traffic from the access point over a wireless LAN based on traffic classification. WMM
(Wi-Fi MultiMedia) is the QoS certification of the Wi-Fi Alliance (WFA). When WMM is
enabled, the adapter uses WMM to support priority tagging and queuing capabilities for
Wi-Fi networks.

● WMM Enabled.(Default)
● WMM Disabled

NOTE: This setting is unavailable if the adapter is an Intel PRO/Wireless 2915ABG
Network Connection or an Intel PRO/Wireless 2200BG Network Connection.

Mixed mode protection Use to avoid data collisions in a mixed 802.11b and 802.11g environment. Request to
Send/Clear to Send (RTS/CTS) should be used in an environment where clients may
not hear each other. CTS-to-self can be used to gain more throughput in an environment where clients are in close proximity and can hear each other.

Power Management Allows you to select a balance between power consumption and adapter performance.
The wireless adapter power settings slider sets a balance between the computer's
power source and the battery.

● Use default value: (Default) Power settings are based on the computer's
power source.
● Manual: Adjust the slider for the desired setting. Use the lowest setting for
maximum battery life. Use the highest setting for maximum performance.

NOTE: Power consumption savings vary based on infrastructure settings.

Preamble Mode Changes the preamble length setting received by the access point during an initial
connection. Always use a long preamble length to connect to an access point. Auto Tx
Preamble allows automatic preamble detection. If supported, short preamble should be
used. If not, use long preamble (Long Tx Preamble).

NOTE: This setting is unavailable if the adapter is an Intel PRO/Wireless 3945ABG
Network Connection.

Preferred Band Select the operating band. The selections are:

style="LIST-STYLE-TYPE: disc" type=disc
● 802.11g
● 802.11a
● 802.11b

NOTE: This setting is unavailable if the adapter is an Intel PRO/Wireless 3945ABG
Network Connection or Intel PRO/Wireless 2200BG Network Connection.

Roaming Aggressiveness This setting allows you to define how aggressively your wireless client roams to
improve connection to an access point.

● Default: Balanced setting between not roaming and performance.
● Lowest: Your wireless client will not roam. Only significant link quality
degradation causes it to roam to another access point.
● Highest: Your wireless client continuously tracks the link quality. If any
degradation occurs, it tries to find and roam to a better access point.

Throughput Enhancement Changes the value of the Packet Burst Control.

● Enable: Select to enable throughput enhancement.
● Disable: (Default) Select to disable throughput enhancement.

Transmit Power Default Setting: Highest power setting

Lowest Minimum Coverage: Set the adapter to a lowest transmit power. Enable you to expand the number of coverage areas or confine a coverage area. Reduce the coverage area in high traffic areas to improve overall transmission quality and avoid congestion and interference with other devices.

Highest Maximum Coverage: Set the adapter to a maximum transmit power level. Select for maximum performance and range in environments with limited additional radio devices.

NOTE:T he optimal setting is for a user to always set the transmit power at the lowest possible level still compatible with the quality of their communication. This allows the maximum number of wireless devices to operate in dense areas and reduce interference with other devices that this radio shares radio spectrum with.

NOTE: This setting takes effect when either Infrastructure or ad hoc mode is used.
Wireless Mode Select which band to use for connection to a wireless network:

● 802.11a only: Connect the wireless adapter to 802.11a networks only.
● 802.11b only: Connect the wireless adapter to 802.11b networks only.
● 802.11g only: Connect the wireless adapter to 802.11g networks only.
● 802.11a and 802.11g: Connect the wireless adapter to 802.11a and 802.11g
networks only.
● 802.11b and 802.11g: Connect the wireless adapter to 802.11b and 802.11g
networks only.
● 802.11a, 802.11b, and 802.11g: (Default) - Connect to either 802.11a,
802.11b or 802.11g wireless networks.

NOTE: These wireless modes (Modulation type) determine the discovered access points displayed in the Wireless Networks list.

NOTE: This setting is not applicable for a Windows Vista(TM) client.

OK Saves settings and returns to the previous page.

Cancel Closes and cancels any changes.

Advanced Statistics (Advanced menu)

The Advanced Statistics provides current adapter connection information.

Advanced Statistics Description

Name Description

Statistics Advanced Statistics: This information pertains to how the adapter communicates
with an access point.

Association: If the adapter finds an access point to communicate with, the value is
within range. Otherwise, the value is out of range.

style="margin-left: 80px;"
● AP MAC Address: The twelve digit MAC address (00:40:96:31:1C:05) of the
AP.

● Number of associations: The number of times the access point has found
the adapter.
● AP count: The number of available access points within range of the wireless
adapter.
● Number of full scans: The number of times the adapter has scanned all
channels for receiving information.
● Number of partial scans: The number of scans that have been terminated.

Roaming: This information contains counters that are related to reasons for the adapter roaming. Roaming occurs when an adapter communicates with one access point and then communicates with another for better signal strength.

style="margin-left: 80px;"
● Roaming Count: The number of times that roaming occurred.
● AP did not transmit: The adapter did not receive radio transmission from the
access point. You may need to reset the access point.
● Poor beacon quality: The signal quality is too low to sustain communication
with the access point. Either you have moved the adapter outside the
coverage area of the access point or the access point's device address information has been changed.
● AP load balancing: The access point ended its association with the adapter
based on the access point's inability to maintain communication with all its associated adapters. Too many adapters are trying to communicate with one access point.
● AP RSSI too low: The Receive Signal Strength Indicator (RSSI) is too low to
maintain an association with the adapter. You may have moved outside the coverage area of the access point or the access point could have increased its data rate.
● Poor channel quality: The quality of the channel is low and caused the
adapter to look for another access point.
● AP dropped mobile unit: The access point dropped a computer from the list
of recognizable mobile devices. The computer must re-associate with an
access point.

Miscellaneous: Use this information to determine if an association with a different access point increases performance and helps maintain the highest possible data rate.

style="margin-left: 80px;"
● Received Beacons: Number of beacons received by the adapter.
● Percent missed Beacons: Percent value for missed beacons.
● Percent transmit errors: The percentage of data transmissions that had
errors.

● Signal Strength: Signal strength of the access point that the adapter
communicates with displayed in decibels (dBm).

Transmit/Receive (Tx/Rx)
Statistics

Displays percent values for non-directed and directed packets.

Total host packets: The sum total number of directed and non-directed packets counts.

❍ Transmit - (Mbps)
❍ Receive - (Mbps)

Non-directed packets: The number of received packets broadcast to the wireless
network.

Directed packets: The number of received packets sent specifically to the wireless
adapter.

Total Bytes: The total number of bytes for packets received and sent by the
wireless adapter.

Logging Set the duration that you want to record statistical data for your wireless adapter.

Configure logging settings: Click Settings to set how frequently you want to log
the statistics. You can set the number of seconds and how many hours you want the
statistics to be logged.

To change the storage location of the log file.

1. Click Browse to specify a new log file location. The current path is displayed.
The default location is in the Intel PROSet/Wireless Program Files directory.
2. Click Open to close and apply the new file path.
3. Click Close to exit Advanced Statistics.

Reset Stats Resets the adapter statistical counters back to zero and begins taking new data
measurements.

Close Closes and returns to the main window.

Help? Provides help information for this page.

Use Windows to Manage Wi-Fi (Advanced menu)

The Microsoft Windows XP Wireless Zero Configuration feature provides a built-in wireless configuration utility. This feature can be enabled and disabled within Intel PROSet/Wireless. Click Use Windows to manage Wi-Fi on the Advanced menu or the Taskbar menu. If Windows XP Wireless Zero Configuration is enabled, the features in Intel(R) PROSet/Wireless are disabled.

Exclude List Management (Profiles menu)

Exclude List Management is available when you either select Manage Exclusions from the Profiles menu or click the Properties button on the Wireless Networks list.

NOTE: If an administrator has designated a network for exclusion, only an administrator within the Administrator Tool may remove the network from the Exclude List.

IMPORTANT: You are not automatically connected to a network or an access point that is in this list.

Use Exclude List Management to exclude entire wireless networks (SSID).

Name Description
Exclude List
Management

● Network Name: Name (SSID) of the wireless network.
● Radio: Displays the band if there is a DHCP error.
● MAC Address: The Ethernet MAC address of the device.
● Reason: Explains why this entry was excluded from automatic connection.
● Details: Provides specific information on how the access point was excluded and how to
remove it from exclusion.

This network has been excluded from automatic connection for the following
reasons.

- User has excluded this network manually.

To make this network (or access points) eligible for automatic connection again, select it and click the Remove button.

Note:

- The Reset button removes all entries except rogue access points from the list.
- Rogue access points are removed from the list when a connection is made to this access point using valid credentials.
- All excluded access points in a network (other than rogue) are removed from the
list when a profile for that network is applied manually

NOTE: Entries that are dimmed are excluded rouge access points. A rogue access point is any
access point unsanctioned by network administrators. These entries cannot be removed from
the list.

Add Click the Add button to enter the network name (SSID) that you want to add to the Exclude
List.

1. Network Name: Enter the network name.
2. Click OK.

Remove Remove an entry from the list.

1. Select the entry from the list.
2. Click Remove.
3. You are asked: Do you want to remove the selected item from the Exclude List?
4. Click Yes to remove the network from the list.

Reset list Removes all of the networks and access points from the Exclude List.

Close Closes page and saves settings.

Help? Provides help information for this page.

Turn Wireless Radio On or Off

To switch the wireless radio on or off, use one of the following:

● The optional hardware radio switch on your computer
● Intel PROSet/Wireless software
● Microsoft Windows

NOTE: When your computer is switched on, the radio is constantly transmitting signals. In certain
situations, as in an airplane, signals from the radio may cause interference. Use the following methods if
you need to disable the radio and use your notebook without emitting radio signals.

Use the Optional Computer Radio On or Off Switch

If your computer has an external switch installed, use it to switch the radio on or off. Refer to the computer manufacturer for more information about this switch. If you have Intel PROSet/Wireless installed, the current state of the radio displays in the Intel PROSet/Wireless main window and on the Taskbar.

Use Intel PROSet/Wireless to Switch the Radio On or Off

From Intel PROSet/Wireless, the radio can be switched on or off. The status icon on Intel PROSet/Wireless displays the current state of the radio.

From the Intel PROSet/Wireless main Window, click Wireless On or Wireless Off to toggle the radio on or off.

Switch the Radio On or Off from the Taskbar Icon

To switch the radio on or off, click the Taskbar icon and select Wireless On or Wireless Off.

How to use the Device Manager to Disable the Radio

The radio can be disabled (made non-functional) from the Microsoft Windows Device Manager.

NOTE: If you disabled the radio from Microsoft Windows, then you must use Microsoft Windows to turn the radio on. You cannot use a hardware switch or Intel PROSet/Wireless to enable the radio again.

Windows XP

style="list-style: decimal;" type=1
1. From your desktop, right-click My Computer
2. Click Properties.
3. Click Hardware.
4. Click Device Manager.
5. Double-click Network adapters.
6. Right-click the installed wireless adapter.
7. Choose Disable from the menu.
8. Click OK.

Install and Uninstall the Software

A Typical install includes the Wireless LAN adapter driver, the Intel PROSet/Wireless software and the Intel Wireless Troubleshooter.

NOTE: If you plan to use Novell(R) Client(TM) for Windows, it should be installed prior to installation of the
Intel PROSet/Wireless software. If Intel PROSet/Wireless is already installed, you should remove it prior to installation of Novell Client for Windows.

The follow features are installed during a Custom installation:

● Administrator Toolkit

● WMI Support
● Single Sign On Pre-logon/Common Connect to establish a wireless connection prior to user logon to Windows

To install these features, select Custom during installation. Follow the instructions below to install these features. If Intel PROSet/Wireless is already installed, see the post-installation instructions.

NOTE: If you plan to use Novell(R) Client(TM) for Windows, it should be installed prior to installation of the
Intel PROSet/Wireless software. If Intel PROSet/Wireless is already installed, you should remove it prior to installation of Novell Client for Windows.

To install the software:

1. Insert the Installation CD in your CD drive.
2. Click Install Software on the Intel PROSet/Wireless Installer screen.
3. Read the license agreement.
4. Select I accept the terms in the license agreement.
5. Click Next.
6. Click Custom.
7. Select from the list of features to install:

WMI Support: Windows Management Instrumentation functionality allows administrators who do not have Intel PROSet/Wireless installed to manage remotely clients that do have Intel PROSet/Wireless installed.

● Install: Click WMI Support. Select Install this feature and all subfeatures. Proceed to step 8.
● Not install: Click This feature will not be available. A red X displays indicates that it is not
installed.

Administrator Toolkit: Installs the Administrator Tool to the Tools menu. This tool is used to configure common (shared) profiles. The Administrator Tool is also used by an Information Technology department to enable or disable features within the Intel PROSet/Wireless software.

● Install: Click Administrator Toolkit. Select Install this feature and all subfeatures. Click Next
and proceed to step 8.
● Not Install: Select This feature will not be available. A red X next to the option indicates that it
is not installed.

Single Sign On: Installs the Single Sign On Pre-Login Connect feature.This tool is used to configure common (shared) profiles with the Administrator Tool.

The Fast User Switching and the Windows XP Welcome Screen are disabled when Single Sign On support is installed.

Single Sign On is targeted to the enterprise environment where users log on to their computer with a user name, password, and typically a domain. Fast User Switching does not support domain log on.

NOTE: Windows Fast User Switching is enabled by default if you use Windows XP Home
Edition. It is targeted for the home user. Fast User Switching is also available on Windows XP
Professional if you install it on a stand-alone or workgroup-connected computer. If a computer
running Windows XP Professional is added to a domain, then Fast User Switching option is not
available.

Pre-logon/Common Connect: A Pre-logon/Common profile is active once a user logs onto the computer.

● Install: Click Pre-logon/Common Connect. Select Install this feature and all subfeatures.
Click Next and proceed to step 8.
● Not Install: Select This feature will not be available. A red X displays indicates that it is not to
installed.

8. Click Install. The installed components are listed after the software is installed on your computer.
9. Click OK.

NOTE: When Pre-logon/Common Connect is installed, you are asked to reboot after installation of the
software.

Add Post-Installation Features

If Intel PROSet/Wireless is already installed, follow the instructions below to add the Administrator Tool and Pre-logon/Common Connect:

1. Click Start Control Panel Add or Remove Programs Intel PROSet/Wireless Software.
2. Click Change/Remove.
3. Click Modify.
4. Click Next.
5. Click the red X next to any of the features that are not currently installed. Administrator Toolkit.
6. Click Install this feature and any selected subfeatures.
7. Click Modify. After installation, the feature is listed as Installed on the Intel PROSet/Wireless Installer feature list.
8. Click OK.

Uninstall Intel PROSet/Wireless

To uninstall Intel PROSet/Wireless:

1. Click Start Settings Control Panel Add or Remove Programs.
2. Click Intel PROSet/Wireless Software.
3. Click Change/Remove.
4. Click Remove.
5. Click Next.
6. When prompted, determine what you would like to do with your current profiles and settings:

You have chosen to completely remove the Intel PROSet/Wireless Software.

Select what to do with your current profiles and settings:

● Do not save my profiles and settings. Select to completely remove all of your current profiles and
settings. If you reinstall the software, the profiles and settings are no longer available.
● Save my profiles and settings in the current format (Intel PROSet/Wireless 10.x). Select to
save your current profiles and settings. If you reinstall the software, your current profiles and
settings are available.
● Convert and save my profiles and settings in Intel PROSet/Wireless 9.x format. If you need
to revert to a previous version of Intel PROSet/Wireless software, select to save your settings. After you have reinstalled the software, your current profiles and settings are available. NOTE: Only settings applicable to the prior version of the software are available.

7. Make a selection and click OK.
8. After the software is removed, click Yes to restart your computer.

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Connect to a Network

Connect to a Wireless Network
First Time Connection
Other Wireless Managers

Connect to a Wireless Network

You can connect to a wireless network with one of the following methods.

- **Automatic Connection:** If an existing profile matches an available network, you are automatically connected to that wireless network.
- **Configure a new profile:** Select a wireless network from the list of wireless networks in the Intel PROSet/Wireless main window. Click **Connect**. If you successfully connect, a profile is created in the Profiles list for future use.
- **Connect to a profile in the Profiles list:** You can select a profile from the Profiles list. To activate it, click **Connect**. This allows you to connect to a network that is lower in the list (if it is available).
- Right-click the Taskbar icon located in the lower right corner of your Windows Desktop. Right-click **Connect to Profiles**. A list of previously configured profiles is listed. Select a profile.

First Time Connection

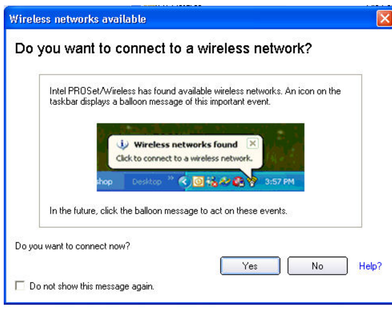
Intel PROSet/Wireless automatically detects wireless networks that are within range of your wireless adapter. When a network is found, a desktop alert notification displays: **Wireless networks found**. See Taskbar Icons for more information.

1. Double-click the desktop alert to open the Intel PROSet/Wireless main window.
2. Select a network from the wireless networks list.
3. Click **Connect**. If the network does not require security authentication, a desktop alert notifies you that you are connected to the network. Refer to Intel PROSet/Wireless Main Window and Taskbar for more information about the taskbar menu and icons.

If you need to add security authentication:

1. The **Create Wireless Profile General Settings** opens and guides you through the configuration process.
2. Specify a **Profile Name**. The Profile Name is your name for this network. It can be anything that helps you identify this network. For example, My Home Network, Coffee Shop on A Street.
3. **Wireless Network Name (SSID):** Contains the network identifier name.
4. Click **Next**. The **Security Settings** attempts to detect the network settings of this network.
   - If a pre-shared key (PSK) or WEP password are required, you are prompted to enter this information prior to connection. Click **Advanced** to change or edit the PSK or other security settings. For information on key and passwords, see Network Keys.
   - If you need to add security settings, click **Next** to add the required security settings. Refer to Security Overview for more information.
5. Click **OK** to connect to the wireless network.

If you ignore the **Wireless networks found** desktop alert, Intel PROSet/Wireless displays a message that prompts: **Do you want to connect to a wireless network?** Click **Yes**. The Intel PROSet/Wireless main window opens. Follow the instructions above to connect to a wireless network.



In addition to the Taskbar icon, Intel PROSet/Wireless also displays connection status and available networks. Refer to Intel PROSet/Wireless Main Window for more information.

Other Wireless Managers

If the Intel PROSet/Wireless detects another software application trying to communicate with the wireless device, you are notified of this behavior.

Microsoft Windows XP Wireless Zero Configuration

To switch from Intel PROSet/Wireless to the Microsoft Windows XP Wireless Zero Configuration, use either of the following methods:

- **From the Taskbar Menu:**

Click **Use Windows to manage Wi-Fi** to switch to Microsoft Windows XP Wireless Zero Configuration. Select this option to disable Intel PROSet/Wireless as your current wireless manager. You can then configure Windows XP as your wireless manager.

NOTE: Any wireless profiles created in Intel PROSet/Wireless are not visible in Microsoft Windows XP Wireless Zero Configuration. If you want to use your Intel wireless profiles you need to select **Use Intel PROSet/Wireless to manage Wi-Fi** from the Taskbar menu.

From Intel PROSet/Wireless:

From the Advanced menu, click **Use Windows to manage Wi-Fi** in the Intel PROSet/Wireless application. When you are finished using the Microsoft Windows XP Wireless Zero Configuration, you can switch back to Intel PROSet/Wireless. Click **Enable Intel PROSet/Wireless** on the Intel PROSet/Wireless main window or click **Use Intel PROSet/Wireless to manage Wi-Fi** from the Taskbar menu.

Third Party Wireless Software

If you use software provided by a hotspot location (coffee shop, airport terminal), Intel PROSet/Wireless notifies you and then disables itself. It cannot manage the wireless device when another wireless manager communicates with the wireless device. To take advantage of the Intel PROSet/Wireless features, you want to disable or remove this software when you leave the hotspot.

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Profile Management

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Create a New Profile
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Remove a Profile
Set a Profile Password
Export and Import Profiles

What is a Profile?

A profile is a saved group of network settings. Profiles are displayed in the Profile List. Profiles are useful when moving from one wireless network to another. Different profiles can be configured for each wireless network. Configurable settings include the network name (SSID), operating mode, and security settings.

A profile is created when you connect to a wireless network.

1. Select a network in the **Wireless Networks** list.
2. Click **Connect**.
3. If the wireless network requires a WEP password or encryption key, you are prompted to enter this information. Depending on the type of encryption the security options, click **Advanced** to open the **Enable Wireless Protection** dialog box.
4. Click **OK** to connect. A profile is created and added to the Profiles list.

The Create Wireless Profile manager guides you through the settings required to connect with the wireless network. Profiles can be created for networks that are in range, out of range, or networks that are not broadcasting their network name (SSID). Configurable settings include the network name (SSID), operating mode, and security settings.

Profiles List

The Profiles list displays a list of existing profiles. When you come within range of a wireless network, Intel PROSet/Wireless checks the Profile List to see if there is a match. If a match is found, you are automatically connected to the network.

Profile List Priority Arrows

- Use the **up-arrow** | move the position of a selected profile up in the Profiles list.
- Use the **down-arrow** to move the position of a selected profile down in the profiles list.

Profiles List Icons

The network profile status icons indicate whether the adapter is associated with a network, the type of network, and the security mode. Move the mouse pointer over an icon to see a detailed. These icons appear in the profile name in the profile list.

Name	Description
Profile Name	Displays the name to your name for this network. It can be anything that helps you identify this network. For example, My Home Network, Coffee Shop, or Office.
Network Name (SSID)	Displays the wireless network (SSID) of available networks.
Connection Icons	The Network profile status icons indicate the different connection states of the adapter and the type of network. Move the mouse pointer over an icon to see a detailed.
	Blue circle: The wireless adapter is associated with an access point or another computer. Intel PROSet/Wireless is connected to the network.
	Yellow circle: The wireless adapter is associated with an access point.
	Indicates Infrastructure(Client) mode.
	Indicates Ad-hoc (computer-to-computer) mode.
	Indicates an Administrator profile.
	The wireless network requires encryption.
Arrows	Use the arrows to position profiles in a preferred order for auto-connection.
	- **Up-arrow**: Move the position of a selected profile up in the Profiles list.
	- **Down-arrow**: Move the position of a selected profile down in the Profiles list.
Connect	Connect the selected profile to the wireless network.
Create	Launch the **Create Wireless Profile Screens**, where is used to create a profile for a wireless network.
Remove	Removes a selected profile from the Profile List. Refer to Remove a Profile for more information.
Properties	Used to edit the contents of an existing profile. You can also double-click a profile to open the Profile Properties dialog box. Refer to Edit an Existing Profile for more information.
Export / Import	Exports and imports user based profiles to and from the Profiles list. Refer to Export or Import Profiles for more information. See Import and Export Profiles for more information.
Close	Closes the profile management window.
Help?	Displays help information for this page.

Connect to a Profile

When you are in range of a wireless network that has a matching profile you are automatically connected to the network. The profile must be configured for auto-connect. Refer to Edit an Existing Profile for more information. If you have created more than one profile for a network, you can select the profile you want to connect to.

Manually connect to a profile from Intel PROSet/Wireless:

1. Double-click the **Taskbar** icon to open Intel PROSet/Wireless main window.
2. Select the profile from the Profile list.
3. Select the profile from the Profile list.
4. Click **Connect**. The connection process is only made if the wireless network is in range.

Manually connect to a profile from the **Taskbar**:

1. Right-click the Intel PROSet/Wireless connection Taskbar icon.
2. Select **Profiles**.
3. Select a profile.
4. Click to start the connection.

Create a New Profile

Select a network from the **Wireless Networks** list. Click **Connect**. The **Create Wireless Profile** manager guides you through the settings required to connect with the wireless network. Refer to Edit an Existing Profile for more information. See Import and Export Profiles for more information.

To create a new profile and connect to a wireless network:

1. From the Intel PROSet/Wireless main window, click **Profiles**.
2. Click **Create**. The **Create Wireless Profile** opens to the **Profile General Settings**.
3. **Profile Name**: Enter a descriptive name for the profile.
4. **Wireless Network Name (SSID)**: Enter a wireless network name.
5. Select the Operating Mode: **Network (Infrastructure)** or **Device to Device (ad hoc)**.

General Settings Description

Name	Description
Profile Name	Name of the wireless network profile.
	When you configure a wireless network that was selected from the Wireless Networks list, the profile name is the SSID. If you configure a profile for a network that is not in range, you can enter more descriptive or customized to your personal use.
	Examples: My Office Network, Bob's Home Network, ABC Company Network
Wireless Network Name (SSID)	Enter the SSID of the wireless network or the wireless adapter for connections. The network name must match name of the wireless access point. It is case sensitive.
	When you configure a wireless network that was selected from the Wireless Networks list, the network name (SSID) is entered for you and cannot be changed.
	If an access point does not broadcast its network name (SSID) or the wireless adapter is set to computer-to-computer (ad hoc) mode, you must enter the SSID manually. Select Advanced to display the Advanced Settings. To associate with an 'ANY' or 'broadcast' network entry, a new profile must be created before connection. After connection, the profile can be edited to the actual SSID. Refer to Edit an Existing Profile for more information.
Operating Mode	**Network (Infrastructure)**: Connect to an access point. No Network (Infrastructure) Connect to an access point. No Network (Infrastructure) mode profiles can be created when the wireless adapter is set to computer-to-computer (ad hoc) mode. To associate with an 'ANY' or 'broadcast' network entry, a new profile must be created before connection. After connection, the profile can be edited to the actual SSID. Refer to Edit an Existing Profile for more information.
	Device to Device (ad hoc): Connect directly to other computers in an ad hoc wireless network. This type of connection is useful for connections between two or more computers in a small network that does not require access to a wireless access point.
Advanced	Select **Advanced** to open the Advanced Settings. The Advanced Settings to set Maintain Connection, User Name Format, Auto Connect or Auto import options, Select Authentication, Specify a program to be started when a connection is made, Maintain Connection, Select to retain connected to a user profile after log off.
Help?	Displays help information for this page.
Next	Advance to the next wireless network configuration screen.
OK	Process current configuration and exit the current window.
Cancel	Closes the Create Wireless Profile and cancel any changes.
Help?	Provides help information for this page.

6. Click **Advanced** for the following options:

   Open ("Wep")
   - Auto Connect: Select to automatically or manually connect to a profile.
   - Auto Import: Network administrator can export a profile on another computer.
   - Mandatory Access Point: Select to associate the wireless adapter with a specific access point.
   - Start Application: Specify a program to be started when a connection is made.
   - Maintain Connection: Select to remain connected to a user profile after log off.

Advanced Settings Description

Use the **Advanced** settings to select and select a specific access point or a network to connect to. Click the **Advanced** button on the General Settings page to access this page.

Name	Description
Auto Connect	**Automatic (Default)**: Select to have Intel PROSet/Wireless connect automatically to this profile when it is in range.
	On Demand: Select to prevent automatic connection of a profile when in range. Select this option if you want to manually select the profile for connection and you do not want to connect automatically when in range.
	To connect to the network:
	1. Select the network from the Wireless Networks list.
	2. Click **Connect**.
Auto Import	Allows a network administrator to easily move the selected profile to other computers. Refer to Export or Import Profiles for more information.
Mandatory Access Point	Forces the wireless adapter to connect to an access point that uses a specific MAC address. Enter the MAC address of the access point in the text box (xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx). Select Any to connect to any access point. Select Off to disable this feature. This feature is not available when ad hoc operating mode is used.
	Clear: Clear current address.
Password Protection	1. **Password protect this profile (maximum 12 characters)**: Select to require a password to edit or delete the profile. The default setting is to leave the profile password.
	2. **Password**: Enter a password. The entered password characters appear as asterisks.
	3. **Confirm Password**: Reenter the password.
	NOTE: If the administrator or you do not know the password, there is no process available to reset the password.
NOTE: Unavailable for Administrator Profiles.	
Start Application	Select to start a program when a connection to the server environment you connect to the profile. For example, start a Virtual Private Network (VPN) session automatically whenever you connect to a wireless network.
	1. Click **Start Application**.
	2. Enter the name of the program that you want to start or click **Browse** to select the program. Click **OK** to return to the Advanced Settings page.
	3. Click **OK** to return to the Create Wireless Profile screens.
NOTE: Unavailable for Administrator Profiles.	
Maintain Connection	On the Maintain Connection options for wireless connection with a user profile after log off.
	If the **Maintain Connection** option is selected and a persistent profile exists, the persistent profile will not be applied at logoff. It will be applied if the connection with the profile is lost.
	NOTE: This option may be used with Novell VPN client when it is configured for Novell authentication.
OK	Save and save the settings.
Cancel	Close and cancel any changes.
Help?	Displays help information for this page.

7. From the General Settings, click **Next** to open the Security Settings.

8. Select either Personal or Enterprise Security to select the **Network Authentication** and **Data Encryption** options. Enter the encryption key settings and configure the 802.1x settings as required.

9. Click **OK** and you have completed the profile settings. To change or verify the profile settings, click **Back**.
10. Click **Next** to connect to the wireless network. The connection process is only made if the wireless network is in range. If you have added an encryption key, it is verified by the access point.
11. If you want to manually connect to this profile, click **Connect**. The connection icon displays the connection process status. The network name, network and receive speeds, and signal quality are also displayed.

Edit an Existing Profile

To edit an existing profile:

1. Click **Profiles** on the Intel PROSet/Wireless main window.
2. Select the profile from the Profiles list.
3. Click **Properties**. The Profile Properties dialog box opens to the **General Settings**.
4. Edit the settings as required. Refer to the Wireless Profile Properties General and Security Settings.
   - **General Settings**: Refer to General Settings for more information.
   - **Security Settings**: Refer to Security Settings for more information.
5. Click **OK** to save current settings and exit. Click **Cancel** to exit without saving changes.

Remove a Profile

To remove a profile:

1. Click **Profiles** on the Intel PROSet/Wireless main window.
2. Select the profile from the Profiles list.
3. Click **Remove**. You are notified that **Selected profiles will be permanently removed. Do you want to continue?**
4. Click **Yes**. The profile is removed from the Profiles list.

If you are not connected to the network:

1. Click **Profiles** on the Intel PROSet/Wireless main window.
2. Select the profile from the Profiles list.
3. Click **Remove**. You are notified that **Selected profiles will be permanently removed. Do you want to continue?**
4. Click **Yes**. You are notified that **<profile name> is active and will be permanently removed. Do you want to continue?**
5. Click **Yes**. The profile is removed from the Profiles list.

NOTE: If you are connected to a network, you cannot remove or edit the profile settings without entering the password. If the administrator or you do not know the password, there is no process available to reset the password.

Set a Profile Password

To password protect an existing profile:

1. Click **Profiles** on the Intel PROSet/Wireless main window.
2. Select the profile from the Profiles list.
3. Click **Properties** to open the Wireless Profile Properties General Settings.
4. Click **Advanced** to open the Advanced Settings.
5. Select **Password protect this profile** in the Password Protection settings.
6. Enter the **Password** and **Confirm Password** (maximum 12 characters).
7. Click **OK** to return to the Wireless Profile Properties.
8. **Confirm Password**: Reenter the password.
9. Click **OK** to return to the Intel PROSet/Wireless main window.

Export or Import Profiles

Allows you to export and import user-based profiles to and from the Profiles list. Wireless profiles can be automatically imported into the Profiles list.

NOTE: To export Administrator profiles, refer to Administrator Packages for more information.

Export Profiles from the Profiles List

1. Select individual or multiple profiles from the list.
2. Select **Export** to export one or more profiles from the Profiles list.
3. Select the destination folder. Click **Browse** to search your hard disk for the destination directory. The C:\ drive is the default directory.

4. Click **OK** to export the selected profile. You are notified: **Successfully exported selected profiles to the destination folder: C:**.

To select multiple profiles:

1. Use your mouse to highlight a profile.
2. Click **Ctrl**.
3. While holding down the control, choose the instructions from Step 2 above to export multiple profiles.

Import Profiles into the Profiles List

To import profiles manually:

1. Click **Import** on the Profiles list.
2. Select the profiles to import.
3. Click **Import**.
4. You are notified that the profile has been successfully imported.

An administrator can set profiles to be imported automatically into the Profiles list. Intel PROSet/Wireless checks the specified folder for profiles to import. The folder to check for profiles to import is specified through **Enable Auto-Import** in the Advanced Settings and is automatically imported. If a profile of the same name already exists in the Profiles list, you are notified to either replace the imported profile or accept it. If accepted, the profile is imported.

All imported user-based profiles are placed at the bottom of the Profiles list.

Password Protected Profiles

Import and export password-protected user-based profiles automatically to remote systems. If a profile is password protected, the assigned password must be entered before it can be edited. Refer to Set a Profile Password for more information.

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Use Intel(R) PROSet/Wireless Software

The following sections describe how to use Intel(R) PROSet/Wireless to set up the required security settings for your wireless adapter. Refer to Personal Security.

It also provides information about how to configure advanced security settings for your wireless adapter. This requires information from a systems administrator (corporate environment) or advanced security settings on your access point (for home users). Refer to Enterprise Security.

For general information about security settings, refer to Security Overview.

Personal Security

Use Personal Security if you are a home or small business user who can use a variety of simple security procedures to protect your wireless connection. Select from the list of security settings that do not require extensive infrastructure setup for your wireless network. A RADIUS or AAA server is not required.

● Review the Set up Data Encryption and Authentication information to learn about the different security
types.
● To add or change the required security settings, click Security Settings for information to set security for
the selected wireless network.
● See Profile Management for a description of when to use the Create Wireless Profile manager.
● See Security Overview for more information about the different security options for wireless networks.
● If you want to verify the security settings, select a wireless network in the Wireless Networks list. Click
Network Properties to review the operating mode, authentication level and data encryption.
● See Enterprise Security to set 802.1x authentication security.

Personal Security Settings

Personal Security Settings Description

Name Setting

Personal Security Select to open the Personal Security settings. The security settings that are
available are dependent on the Operating Mode selected in the Create Wireless
Profile Security Settings.

Device to Device (ad hoc): In device to device mode, also called ad hoc mode,
wireless computers send information directly to other wireless computers. You can
use ad hoc mode to network multiple computers in a home or small office, or to set up a temporary wireless network for a meeting.

NOTE: Device to Device (ad hoc) networks are identified with a

notebook image () in the Wireless Networks and Profiles list and
Network

Network (Infrastructure): An Network (Infrastructure) network consists of one
or more access points and one or more computers with wireless adapters installed.
At least one access point should also have a wired connection. For home users, this
is usually a broadband or cable network

NOTE: Network (Infrastructure) networks are identified with an access

point image () in the Wireless Networks and Profiles list.

Security Settings If you configure a profile for a Device to Device (ad hoc) network, select one of the
following data encryption settings:

● None: No authentication required.
● WEP-64 bit or WEP-128 bit: A network key or password is used for encryption.

If you configure an profile for an Infrastructure network, select:

● None: No authentication required.
● WEP-64 bit or WEP-128 bit: A network key or password is used for encryption.
● WPA-Personal (TKIP) or WPA2-Personal (TKIP): WPA-Personal utilizes the
Temporal Key Integrity Protocol (TKIP) for data encryption.
● WPA-Personal (AES-CCMP) or WPA2-Personal (AES-CCMP): WPA-Personal
utilizes a new method for privacy protection of wireless transmissions
specified in the IEEE 802.11i standard, AES-CCMP.

Advanced Select to access the Advanced Settings to configure the following options:

● Auto Connect: Select to automatically or manually connect to a profile.
● Auto Import: Network administrator can export a profile on another
computer.
● Password Protection: Select to password protect a profile.
● Mandatory Access Point: Select to associate the wireless adapter with a
specific access point.
● Start Application: Specify a program to be started when a wireless connection
is made.

Back View the prior page in the Create Wireless Profile manager.

OK Closes the Create Wireless Profile manager and saves the profile.

Cancel Closes the Create Wireless Profile manager and cancels any changes made.

Help? Provides the help information for the current page.

Set up Data Encryption and Authentication

In a home wireless network, you can use a variety of simple security procedures to protect your wireless connection. These include:

● Enable Wi-Fi Protected Access (WPA)
● Change your password
● Change the network name (SSID)

Wi-Fi Protected Access (WPA) encryption provides protection for your data on the network. WPA uses an encryption key called a Pre-Shared Key (PSK) to encrypt data before transmission. Enter the same password in all of the computers and access points in your home or small business network. Only devices that use the same encryption key can access the network or decrypt the encrypted data transmitted by other computers. The password automatically initiates the Temporal Key Integrity Protocol (TKIP) for the data encryption process.

Network Keys

WEP encryption provides two levels of security:

● 64-bit key (sometimes referred to as 40-bit)
● 128-bit key (also known as 104-bit)

For improved security, use a 128-bit key. If you use encryption, all wireless devices on your wireless network must use the same encryption keys.

You can create the key yourself and specify the key length (64- or 128-bit) and key index (the location that a specific key is stored). The greater the key length, the more secure the key.

Key Length: 64-bit

Pass phrase (64-bit): Enter five (5) alphanumeric characters, 0-9, a-z or A-Z.
Hex key (64-bit): Enter 10 hexadecimal characters, 0-9, A-F.

Key Length: 128-bit

Pass phrase (128-bit): Enter 13 alphanumeric characters, 0-9, a-z or A-Z.
Hex key (128-bit): Enter 26 hexadecimal characters, 0-9, A-F.

With 802.11, a wireless station can be configured with up to four keys (the key index values are 1, 2, 3, and 4). When an access point or a wireless station transmits an encrypted message that uses a key stored in a specific key index, the transmitted message indicates the key index that was used to encrypt the message body. The receiving access point or wireless station can then retrieve the key that is stored at the key index and use it to decode the encrypted message body.

Set up a Client with Open Authentication and No Data Encryption (None)

In device to device mode, also called ad hoc mode, wireless computers send information directly to other wireless computers. You can use ad hoc mode to network multiple computers in a home or small office, or to set up a temporary wireless network for a meeting.

On the Intel(R) PROSet/Wireless main window, select one of the following methods to connect to a device to device network:

● Double-click an ad hoc network in the Wireless Networks list.
● Select a network in the Wireless Networks list. Click Connect. The Intel PROSet/Wireless software
automatically detects the security settings for the wireless adapter.
● Create a device to device (ad hoc) network profile as described below.

To create a profile for a wireless network connection with no encryption:

1. Click Profiles on the Intel PROSet/Wireless main window.
2. On the Profile page, click Add to open the Create Wireless Profile General Settings.
3. Profile Name: Enter a descriptive profile name.
4. Wireless Network Name (SSID): Enter the network identifier.
5. Operating Mode: Click Device to Device (ad hoc).
6. Click Next.
7. Click Personal Security to open the Security Settings.
Data Encryption:The default setting is None, which indicates that there is no security on this wireless network.
8. Click OK. The profile is added to the Profiles list and connects to the wireless network.

Set up a Client with WEP 64-bit or WEP 128-bit Data Encryption

When WEP data encryption is enabled, a network key or password is used for encryption.

You must enter the key and specify the length (64- or 128-bit) and key index (the location that a specific key is stored). The more complex the key (mixed letters and numbers), the more secure the key.

To add a network key to a device to device network connection:

1. On the Intel PROSet/Wireless main window, double-click a Device to Device (ad hoc) network in the Wireless Networks list or select the network and click Connect. When connected, a profile is added to
the Profiles list.
2. Click Profiles to access the Profiles list. Select the network that you connected to in Step 1.
3. Click Properties to open the Wireless Profile Properties' General Settings. The Profile name and Wireless Network Name (SSID) display. Device to Device (ad hoc) should be selected as the Operating Mode.
4. Click Next to access the Security Settings.
5. Click Personal Security.
6. Security Settings: The default setting is None, which indicates that there is no security on this wireless network.

To add a password or network key:

1. Security Settings: Select either WEP 64-bit or WEP 128-bit to configure WEP data encryption with a 64- or 128-bit key.

When WEP encryption is enabled on a device, the WEP key is used to verify access to the network.
If the wireless device does not have the correct WEP key, even though authentication is
successful, the device is unable to transmit data.

2. Password: Enter the Wireless Security Password (Encryption Key).

Name Description

Password Enter the Wireless Security Password (Pass phrase) or Encryption Key
(WEP key).

Pass phrase (64-bit) Enter five (5) alphanumeric characters, 0-9, a-z or A-Z.

WEP key (64-bit) Enter 10 hexadecimal characters, 0-9, A-F.

Pass phrase (128-bit) Enter 13 alphanumeric characters, 0-9, a-z or A-Z.

WEP key (128-bit) Enter 26 hexadecimal characters, 0-9, A-F.

2. To add more than one password:
❍ Select the Key Index number: 1, 2, 3, or 4.
❍ Enter the Wireless Security Password.
❍ Select another Key Index number.
❍ Enter another Wireless Security Password.
3. Click OK to return to the Profiles list.

Set up a Client with WPA-Personal (TKIP) or WPA2-Personal (TKIP) Security Settings

WPA Personal Mode requires manual configuration of a pre-shared key (PSK) on the access point and clients. This PSK authenticates a user's password or identifying code, on both the client station and the access point. An authentication server is not needed. WPA Personal Mode is targeted to home and small business environments.

WPA2 is the second generation of WPA security that provides enterprise and consumer wireless users with a high level of assurance that only authorized users can access their wireless networks. WPA2 provides a stronger encryption mechanism through Advanced Encryption Standard (AES), which is a requirement for some corporate and government users.

To configure a profile with WPA-Personal network authentication and TKIP data encryption:

1. On the Intel PROSet/Wireless main window, double-click an Infrastructure network in the Wireless Networks list or select the network and click Connect.
2. Click Profiles to access the Profiles list.
3. Click Properties to open the Wireless Profile Properties' General Settings. The Profile name and Wireless Network Name (SSID) display. Network (Infrastructure) should be selected as the Operating Mode.
4. Click Next to access the Security Settings.
5. Security Settings: Select WPA-Personal (TKIP) to provide security to a small business network or home environment. A password, called a pre-shared key (PSK), is used. The longer the password, the stronger the security of the wireless network.

If your wireless access point or router supports WPA2-Personal then you should enable it on the
access point and provide a long, strong password. The longer the password, the stronger the
security of the wireless network. The same password entered in the access point needs to be used
on this computer and all other wireless devices that access the wireless network.

NOTE: WPA-Personal and WPA2-Personal are not interoperable.

6. Wireless Security Password (Encryption Key): Enter a text phrase with eight to 63 characters. Verify that the network key matches the password in the wireless access point.
7. Click OK to return to the Profiles list.

Set up a Client with WPA-Personal (AES-CCMP) or WPA2-Personal (AES-CCMP) Security Settings

Wi-Fi Protected Access (WPA) is a security enhancement that strongly increases the level of data protection and access control to a wireless network. WPA enforces 802.1x authentication and key-exchange and only works with dynamic encryption keys. For a home user or small business, WPA-Personal utilizes either Advanced Encryption Standard - Counter CBC-MAC Protocol (AES-CCMP) or Temporal Key Integrity Protocol (TKIP).

To configure a profile with WPA2-Personal network authentication and AES-CCMP data encryption:

1. On the Profile page, select a profile.
2. Click Properties to open the Wireless Profile Properties' General Settings. The Profile name and Wireless Network Name (SSID) display. Network (Infrastructure) should be selected as the Operating Mode.
3. Click Next. The Security Settings page opens.
4. Security Settings: Select WPA-Personal (AES-CCMP) to provide this level of security in the small network or home environment. It uses a password also called a pre-shared key (PSK). The longer the password, the stronger the security of the wireless network.

AES-CCMP (Advanced Encryption Standard - Counter CBC-MAC Protocol) is the new method for privacy protection of wireless transmissions specified in the IEEE 802.11i standard. AES-CCMP
provides a stronger encryption method than TKIP. Choose AES-CCMP as the data encryption
method whenever strong data protection is important.

If your Wireless access point or router supports WPA2-Personal then you should enable it on the access point and provide a long, strong password. The same password entered into access point
needs to be used on this computer and all other wireless devices that access the wireless network.

NOTE: WPA-Personal and WPA2-Personal are not interoperable.

Some security solutions may not be supported by your computer's operating system. You may
require additional software or hardware as well as wireless LAN infrastructure support. Contact
your computer manufacturer for details.

Set Password:

1. Wireless Security Password (Encryption Key). Enter a text phrase (length is between eight and 63 characters). Verify that the network key used matches the wireless access point key.
2. Click OK to return to the Profiles list.

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Enterprise Security

From the Security Settings page you can enter the required security settings for the selected wireless network.

Use Enterprise Security if your network environment requires 802.1x authentication.

● 802.1x authentication methods, include passwords, certificates and smart cards.
● 802.1x authentication types are: EAP-SIM, LEAP, TLS, TTLS, PEAP, EAP-FAST.
● See Profile Management for a description of when the Create Wireless Profile manager is launched.
● See Security Overview for more information on the different security options for wireless networks.
● See Personal Security to set basic WEP or WPA security in a non-enterprise environment (home, small
business).

Enterprise Security Settings

Enterprise Security Settings Description

Name Setting

Enterprise Security Select to open the Enterprise Security settings. The security
settings that are available are dependent on the Operating Mode
selected: Device to Device (ad hoc) or Network (Infrastructure).

Network Authentication If you configure a Device to Device (ad hoc) profile, the default is
Open authentication.

If you configure an Infrastructure profile, select:

● Open authentication: Any wireless station can request
authentication.
● Shared authentication: Uses an encryption key known only
to the receiver and sender of data.
● WPA-Personal or WPA2 Personal: Uses a password also called
a pre-shared key (PSK).
● WPA-Enterprise or WPA2-Enterprise: Use on enterprise
networks with an 802.1x RADIUS server.

Data Encryption Click to open the following data encryption types:

● None: No encryption.
● WEP
● CKIP
● TKIP
● AES-CCMP

Enable 802.1x (Authentication Type) Click to open the following 802.11x authentication types:

● EAP-SIM
● TLS
● TTLS
● PEAP
● LEAP
● EAP-FAST

Cisco Options Click to view the Cisco Compatible Extensions.

NOTE: Cisco Compatible Extensions are automatically enabled for
CKIP and LEAP profiles.

Advanced button Select to access the Advanced Settings to configure the following
options:

● Auto Connect: Select to automatically or manually connect to
a profile.
● Auto Import: Network administrator can export a profile on
another computer.
● Mandatory Access Point: Select to associate the wireless
adapter with a specific access point.
● Password Protection: Select to password protect a profile.
● Start Application: Specify a program to be started when a
wireless connection is made.
● Maintain Connection: Select to maintain the wireless

connection with a user profile after log off.

User Credentials A profile configured for TTLS, PEAP, or EAP-FAST authentication
requires one of the following log on authentication methods:

Use Windows logon: The 802.1x credentials match your Windows
user name and password. Before connection, you are prompted for
your Windows logon credentials.

NOTE: This option is unavailable if Pre-logon/Common Connect is
not selected during installation of the Intel PROSet/Wireless software. Refer to Install or Uninstall the Single Sign On Feature.

NOTE: For Leap profiles, this option is listed as Use Windows logon user name and password.

Prompt each time I connect: Prompt for your user name and password every time you log onto the wireless network.

NOTE: For Leap profiles, this option is listed as Prompt for the user name and password.

Use the following: Use your saved credentials to log onto the network.

● User Name: This user name must match the user name that
is set in the authentication server by the administrator prior
to client authentication. The user name is case-sensitive.
This name specifies the identity supplied to the authenticator
by the authentication protocol operating over the TLS tunnel.
This identity is securely transmitted to the server only after
an encrypted channel has been established.
● Domain: Name of the domain on the authentication server.
The server name identifies a domain or one of its sub-domains (for example, zeelans.com, where the server is blueberry.zeelans.com).
● Password: Specifies the user password. The password
characters appear as asterisks. This password must match
the password that is set in the authentication server.
● Confirm Password: Reenter the user password.

NOTE: Contact your administrator to obtain the domain name.

NOTE: For Leap profiles, this option is listed as Use the following user name and password.

Server Options Select one of the following credential retrieval methods:

Validate Server Certificate: Select to verify the server
certificate.

Certificate Issuer: The server certificate received during TLS
message exchange must be issued by this certificate authority
(CA). Trusted intermediate certificate authorities and root
authorities whose certificates exist in the system store are available for selection. If Any Trusted CA is selected, any CA in the list is acceptable. Click Any Trusted CA as the default or select a certificate issuer from the list.

Specify Server or Certificate Name: Enter the server name.

The server name or domain to which the server belongs, depends on which of the two options below has been selected.

● Server name must match the specified entry exactly:
When selected, the server name must match exactly the
server name found on the certificate. The server name
should include the complete domain name (for example, Servername.Domain name).
● Domain name must end with the specified entry: When
selected, the server name identifies a domain, and the
certificate must have a server name that belongs to this
domain or to one of its subdomains (for example, zeelans.
com, where the server is blueberry.zeelans.com).

NOTE: These parameters should be obtained from the administrator.

Certificate Options To obtain a certificate for TLS authentication, select one of the
following:

Use my smart card: Select if the certificate resides on a smart
card.

Use the certificate issued to this computer: Selects a
certificate that resides in the machine store.

Use a user certificate on this computer: Click Select to choose a certificate that resides on this computer.

NOTE: Intel PROSet/Wireless supports machine certificates. However, they are not displayed in the certificate listings.

Notes about Certificates: The specified identity should match the Issued to identity in the certificate and should be registered on the authentication server (for example, RADIUS server) that is used by the authenticator. Your certificate must be valid with
respect to the authentication server. This requirement depends on
the authentication server and generally means that the
authentication server must know the issuer of your certificate as a
Certificate Authority. Use the same user name you used to log in
when the certificate was installed.

Back View the prior page in the Create Wireless Profile manager.

Next View the next page in the Create Wireless Profile manager. If more
security information is required then the next Step of the Security
page is displayed.

OK Closes the Create Wireless Profile manager and saves the profile.

Cancel Closes the Create Wireless Profile manager and cancels any
changes made.

Help? Provides the help information for the current page.

Enterprise Security

Configure Profiles for Infrastructure Networks

An infrastructure network consists of one or more access points and one or more computers with wireless adapters installed. Each access point must have a wired connection to a wireless network.

Set up a Client with WPA-Enterprise or WPA2-Enterprise Network Authentication

WPA2-Enterprise requires an authentication server.

● WPA-Enterprise: A wireless security method that provides strong data protection for multiple users and large managed networks. It uses the 802.1X authentication framework with TKIP encryption and
prevents unauthorized network access by verifying network users through an authentication server.
● WPA2-Enterprise: The follow-on wireless security method to WPA that provides stronger data
protection for multiple users and large managed networks. It prevents unauthorized network access by verifying network users through an authentication server.

NOTE: WPA-Enterprise and WPA2-Enterprise are not interoperable.

To add a profile that uses WPA-Enterprise or WPA2-Enterprise authentication:

1. Obtain a user name and password on the RADIUS server from your administrator.
2. Certain Authentication Types require that obtain and install a client certificate. Refer to Setting up the Client for TLS authentication or consult your administrator.
3. Click Profiles on the Intel PROSet/Wireless main window.
4. On the Profile page, click Add to open the Create Wireless Profile General Settings.
5. Profile Name: Enter a descriptive profile name.
6. Wireless Network Name (SSID): Enter the network identifier.
7. Operating Mode: Click Network (Infrastructure).
8. Click Next.
9. Select Enterprise Security.
10. Network Authentication: Select WPA-Enterprise or WPA2-Enterprise.
11. Data Encryption: Select one of the following:
❍ TKIP provides per-packet key mixing, a message integrity check and a rekeying mechanism.
❍ AES-CCMP (Advanced Encryption Standard - Counter CBC-MAC Protocol) is used as the data
encryption method whenever strong data protection is important. AES-CCMP is recommended.
12. Enable 802.1x: Selected.
13. Authentication Type: Select one of the following: EAP-SIM, LEAP, TLS, TTLS, PEAP, EAP-FAST.

Set up a Client with WEP Data Encryption and EAP-SIM Network Authentication

EAP-SIM uses a dynamic session-based WEP key, which is derived from the client adapter and RADIUS server, to encrypt data. EAP-SIM requires you to enter a user verification code, or Personal Identification Number (PIN), for communication with the Subscriber Identity Module (SIM) card. A SIM card is a special smart card that is used by Global System for Mobile Communications (GSM) based digital cellular networks. To add a profile with EAP-SIM authentication:

1. On the Profile page, click Add to open the Create Wireless Profile General Settings.
2. Profile Name: Enter a profile name.
3. Wireless Network Name (SSID): Enter the network identifier.
4. Operating Mode: Click Network (Infrastructure).
5. Click Next to access the Security Settings.
6. Select Enterprise Security.
7. Network Authentication: Select Open (Recommended).
8. Data Encryption: Select WEP.
9. Click Enable 802.1x.
10. Authentication type: Select EAP-SIM.

EAP-SIM authentication can be used with:

● Network Authentication types: Open, Shared, WPA-Enterprise and WPA2-Enterprise
● Data Encryption types: None, WEP, TKIP, AES-CCMP and CKIP

EAP-SIM User (optional)

1. Specify user name (identity): Click to specify the user name.
❍ User Name: Enter the user name assigned to the SIM card.
2. Click OK.

Set up a Client with TLS Network Authentication

These settings define the protocol and the credentials used to authenticate a user. Transport Layer Security (TLS) authentication is a two-way authentication method that exclusively uses digital certificates to verify the identity of a client and a server.

To add a profile with TLS authentication:

1. Click Profiles on the Intel PROSet/Wireless main window.
2. On the Profile page, click Add to open the Create Wireless Profile General Settings.
3. Profile Name: Enter a descriptive profile name.
4. Wireless Network Name (SSID): Type the network identifier.
5. Operating Mode: Click Network (Infrastructure).
6. Click Next to access the Security Settings.
7. Select Enterprise Security.
8. Network Authentication: Select WPA-Enterprise or WPA2-Enterprise.
9. Data Encryption: Select AES-CCMP (Recommended).
10. Enable 802.1x: Selected.
11. Authentication Type: Select TLS to be used with this connection.

Step 1 of 2: TLS User

1. Obtain and install a client certificate, refer to Set up the Client for TLS authentication or consult your system administrator.
2. Select one of the following to obtain a certificate: Use my smart card, Use the certificate issued to this computer, or Use a user certificate on this computer.
3. Click Next to open the TLS Server settings.

Step 2 of 2: TLS Server

Select one of the following:

1. Select one of the following credential retrieval methods: Validate Server Certificate or Specify Server or Certificate Name.

2. Click OK. The profile is added to the Profiles list.
3. Click the new profile at the end of the Profiles list. Use the up and down arrows to change the priority of the new profile.
4. Click Connect to connect to the selected wireless network.
5. Click OK to close Intel PROSet/Wireless.

Set up a Client with TTLS Network Authentication

TTLS authentication: These settings define the protocol and credentials used to authenticate a user. The client uses EAP-TLS to validate the server and create a TLS-encrypted channel between the client and server. The client can use another authentication protocol, typically password-based protocols (for example, MD5 Challenge over this encrypted channel to enable server validation). The challenge and response packets are sent over a non-exposed TLS encrypted channel. The following example describes how to use WPA with AES-CCMP encryption with TTLS authentication.

To set up a client with TTLS Network Authentication:

1. Click Profiles on the Intel PROSet/Wireless main window.
2. On the Profile page, click Add to open the Create Wireless Profile General Settings.
3. Profile Name: Enter a descriptive profile name.
4. Wireless Network Name (SSID): Enter the network identifier.
5. Operating Mode: Click Network (Infrastructure).
6. Click Next to access the Security Settings.
7. Select Enterprise Security.
8. Network Authentication: Select WPA-Enterprise or WPA2-Enterprise.
9. Data Encryption: Select one of the following:
❍ TKIP provides per-packet key mixing, a message integrity check and a rekeying mechanism.
❍ AES-CCMP (Advanced Encryption Standard - Counter CBC-MAC Protocol) is used as the data
encryption method whenever strong data protection is important. AES-CCMP is recommended.
10. Enable 802.1x: Selected.
11. Authentication Type: Select TTLS to be used with this connection.

Step 1 of 2: TTLS User

1. Authentication Protocol: This parameter specifies the authentication protocol operating over the TTLS tunnel. The protocols are: PAP (Default), CHAP, MD5, MS-CHAP and MS-CHAP-V2. See Security Overview
for more information.
2. User Credentials: User Credentials: For PAP, CHAP, MD5, MS-CHAP, and MS-CHAP-V2 protocols,
select one of these authentication methods: Use Windows logon, Prompt each time I connect, or Use the following.
3. Roaming Identity: A Roaming Identity may be populated in this field or you can use %domain%\% username% as the default format for entering a roaming identity.

When 802.1x Microsoft IAS RADIUS is used as an authentication server, the server authenticates
the device using the Roaming Identity from Intel PROSet/Wireless software, and ignores the Authentication Protocol MS-CHAP-V2 user name. Microsoft IAS RADIUS accepts only a valid
user name (dotNet user) for the Roaming Identity. For all other authentication servers, the
Roaming Identity is optional. Therefore, it is recommended to use the desired realm (for example, anonymous@myrealm) for the Roaming Identity rather than a true identity.

4. Click Next to access the TTLS Server settings.

Step 2 of 2: TTLS Server

1. Select one of the following credential retrieval methods: Validate Server Certificate or Specify Server or Certificate Name.

2. Click OK to save the setting and close the page.

Set up a Client with PEAP Network Authentication

PEAP authentication: PEAP settings are required for the authentication of the client to the authentication server. The client uses EAP-TLS to validate the server and create a TLS-encrypted channel between client and server. The client can use another EAP mechanism (for example, Microsoft Challenge Authentication Protocol (MS-CHAP) Version 2), over this encrypted channel to enable server validation. The challenge and response packets are sent over a non-exposed TLS encrypted channel. The following example describes how to use WPA with AES-CCMP or TKIP encryption with PEAP authentication.

To set up a client with PEAP Authentication:

Obtain and install a client certificate. Refer to Set up the Client for TLS authentication or consult your administrator.

1. Click Profiles on the Intel PROSet/Wireless main window.
2. On the Profile page, click Add to open the Create Wireless Profile General Settings.
3. Profile Name: Enter a descriptive profile name.
4. Wireless Network Name (SSID): Enter the network identifier.
5. Operating Mode: Click Network (Infrastructure).
6. Click Next to access the Security Settings.
7. Select Enterprise Security.
8. Network Authentication: Select WPA-Enterprise or WPA2-Enterprise.
9. Data Encryption: Select one of the following:
❍ TKIP provides per-packet key mixing, a message integrity check and a rekeying mechanism.
❍ AES-CCMP (Advanced Encryption Standard - Counter CBC-MAC Protocol) is used as the data
encryption method whenever strong data protection is important. AES-CCMP is recommended.
10. Enable 802.1x: Selected.
11. Authentication Type: Select PEAP to be used with this connection.

Step 1 of 2: PEAP User

PEAP relies on Transport Layer Security (TLS) to allow unencrypted authentication types (for example, EAP-Generic Token Card (GTC) and One-Time Password (OTP) support).

1. Authentication Protocol: Select either GTC, MS-CHAP-V2 (Default), or TLS. Refer to Authentication Protocols.

2. User Credentials: User Credentials: Select one of the following: Use Windows logon, Prompt each time I connect, or Use the following.
3. Roaming Identity: A Roaming Identity may be populated in this field or you can use %domain%\% username% as the default format for entering a roaming identity.

When 802.1x Microsoft IAS RADIUS is used as an authentication server, the server authenticates
the device using the Roaming Identity from Intel PROSet/Wireless software, and ignores the Authentication Protocol MS-CHAP-V2 user name. Microsoft IAS RADIUS accepts only a valid
user name (dotNet user) for the Roaming Identity. For all other authentication servers, the
Roaming Identity is optional. Therefore, it is recommended to use the desired realm (for example, anonymous@myrealm) for the Roaming Identity rather than a true identity.

Configure Roaming Identity to support multiple users:

If you use a Pre-logon/Common profile that requires the roaming identity to be based on the Windows logon credentials, the creator of the profile can add a roaming identity that uses % username% and %domain%. The roaming identity is parsed and the appropriate log on information is substituted for the keywords. This allows maximum flexibility in configuring the roaming identity while allowing multiple users to share the profile.

Please refer to your authentication server user guide for directions about how to format a suitable roaming identity. Possible formats are:

%domain%\%username%
%username%@%domain%
%username%@%domain%.com
%username%@mynetwork.com

If Roaming Identity is cleared, %domain%\%username% is the default.

Notes about the credentials: This user name and domain must match the user name that is set
in the authentication server by the administrator prior to client authentication. The user name is case-sensitive. This name specifies the identity supplied to the authenticator by the authentication protocol operating over the TLS tunnel. This user identity is securely transmitted to the server only
after an encrypted channel has been verified and established.

Authentication Protocols: This parameter specifies the authentication protocols that can operate over the TTLS tunnel. Below are instructions on how to configure a profile that uses PEAP authentication with

GTC, MS-CHAP-V2 (Default), or TLS authentication protocols.

Generic Token Card (GTC)

To configure a one-time password:

1. Authentication Protocol: Select GTC (Generic Token Card).
2. User Credentials: Select Prompt each time I connect.
3. On connection prompt for: Select one of the following:

Name Description

Static Password On connection, enter the user credentials.

One-time password (OTP) Obtain the password from a hardware token device.

PIN (Soft Token) Obtain the password from a soft token program.

5. Click OK.
6. Select the profile on the Wireless Networks list.
7. Click Connect. When prompted, enter the user name, domain and one-time password (OTP).
8. Click OK. You are asked to verify your log in information.

NOTE: The Prompt each time I connect option is unavailable if an Administrator has cleared
the Cache Credentials setting in the the Administrator Tool. Refer to Administrator Settings for
more information.

MS-CHAP-V2. This parameter specifies the authentication protocol operating over the PEAP tunnel.

1. User Credentials: Select one of the following options: Use Windows logon, Prompt each time I connect, or Use the following.
2. Click Next to open the PEAP Server settings.

TLS: Transport Layer Security authentication is a two-way authentication method that exclusively uses digital certificates to verify the identity of a client and a server.

1. Obtain and install a client certificate, refer to Set up the Client for TLS authentication or consult your system administrator.
2. Select one of the following to obtain a certificate: Use my smart card, Use the certificate issued to this computer, or Use a user certificate on this computer.
3. Click Next to open the PEAP Server settings.

Step 2 of 2: PEAP Server

1. Select one of the following credential retrieval methods: Validate Server Certificate or Specify Server or Certificate Name.

2. Click OK. The profile is added to the Profiles list.
3. Click the new profile at the end of the Profiles list. Use the up and down arrows to change the priority of the new profile.
4. Click Connect to connect to the selected wireless network.

If you did not select Use Windows logon on the Security Settings page and also did not
configure user credentials, no credentials are saved for this profile. Please enter your credentials
to authenticate to the network.

5. Click OK to close Intel PROSet/Wireless.

PEAP-TLS Certificate Auto Enrollment

In the Application Settings, select Intel(R) PROSet/Wireless TLS Certificate Rejected Warning, if you want a warning issued when a PEAP-TLS certificate is rejected. When a certificate has an invalid field expiration date, you are notified that you must take one of the following actions: A potential authentication problem for profile <profile name has been detected. The expiration date in the associated certificate may be invalid. Choose one of the following options:

Control Description

Continue with current parameters. Continue with the current certificate.

Update certificate manually. The Select Certificate page opens for you to choose
another certificate.

Update certificate automatically based on the
certificates in the local store.

This option is enabled only when the local store holds one
or more certificates for which the "issued to" and "issued
by" fields match the current certificate and for which the "expiration date" has not expired. If you choose this option, the application selects the first valid certificate.

Log off to obtain certificate during logon process
(this does not update the profile and only applies
to certificates configured for auto enrollment).

Logs off the user, who must obtain a proper certificate
during the next logon process. The profile must be
updated to select the new certificate.

Auto enrollment You are notified to: Please wait while the system is
trying to obtain the certificate automatically. Click
Cancel to end the certificate retrieval.

Do not show this message again. A user is able to avoid this step in subsequent sessions.
The choice selected is remembered for future sessions.

Set up a Client with LEAP Network Authentication

Cisco LEAP (Light Extensible Authentication Protocol) is an 802.1X authentication type that supports strong mutual authentication between the client and a RADIUS server. The LEAP profiles settings include LEAP, CKIP with Rogue AP detection integration. To set up a client with LEAP Authentication:

1. Click Profiles on the Intel PROSet/Wireless main window.
2. On the Profile page, click Add. The Create Wireless Profile General Settings opens.
3. Profile Name: Enter a descriptive profile name.
4. Wireless Network Name (SSID): Enter the network identifier.
5. Operating Mode: Click Network (Infrastructure).
6. Click Next to access the Security Settings.
7. Select Enterprise Security.
8. Network Authentication: Select WPA-Enterprise or WPA2-Enterprise.
9. Data Encryption: Select one of the following:
❍ TKIP provides per-packet key mixing, a message integrity check and a rekeying mechanism.
❍ AES-CCMP (Advanced Encryption Standard - Counter CBC-MAC Protocol) is used as the data
encryption method whenever strong data protection is important. AES-CCMP is recommended.
10. Enable 802.1x: Selected.
11. Authentication Type: Select LEAP to be used with this connection.
12. Click Cisco Options.
13. Click Enable Cisco Compatible Extensions to enable Cisco Compatible Extensions (CCX) security (Allow Fast Roaming (CCKM), Enable Radio Management Support, Enable Mixed Cells Mode.).

14. Click Enable Radio Management Support. Use Radio Management to detect rogue access points.
15. Click OK to return to the Security Settings.

LEAP User:

1. Select one of the following authentication methods:
❍ Select one of the following authentication methods: Use Windows logon user name and password,
Prompt for the user name and password, or Use the following user name and password.
2. Click OK to save the setting and close the page.

Cisco Compatible Extensions Options

Cisco Options: Use to enable or disable Radio Management and Mixed Cells Mode or Allow Fast Roaming (CCKM).

NOTE: Cisco Compatible Extensions are automatically enabled for CKIP, LEAP or EAP-FAST
profiles. To override this behavior, select or clear options on this page.

● Allow Fast Roaming (CCKM): Select to enable the client wireless adapter for fast-secure roaming.
When a wireless LAN is configured for fast reconnection, an EAP-FAST, EAP-TLS, PEAP-GTC, PEAP-MSCHAPv2 or LEAP-enabled client device can roam from one access point to another without involving
the main server. Use Cisco Centralized Key Management (CCKM), an access point configured to provide Wireless Domain Services (WDS), to take the place of the RADIUS server and authenticate the client
without perceptible delay in voice or other time-sensitive applications.

Enable Cisco Compatible Options: Select to enable Cisco Compatible Extensions for this wireless connection profile.

● Enable Radio Management Support: Select to have your wireless adapter provide radio management
to the Cisco infrastructure. If the Cisco Radio Management utility is used on the infrastructure, it
configures radio parameters, detects interference and rogue access points. Default setting is selected.
● Enable Mixed Cells Mode: Select to allow the wireless adapter to communicate with mixed cells. A
mixed cell is a wireless network in which there are both devices that use WEP and devices that do not.
Refer to Mixed Cells Mode for more information. The default setting is cleared.

Set up a Client with EAP-FAST Network Authentication

In Cisco Compatible Extensions, Version 3 (CCXv3), Cisco added support for EAP-FAST (Extensible Authentication Protocol-Flexible Authentication via Secure Tunneling), which uses protected access credentials (PACs) to establish an authenticated tunnel between a client and a server.

Cisco Compatible Extensions, Version 4 (CCXv4) improves the provisioning methods for enhanced security and provides innovations for enhanced security, mobility, quality of service, and network management.

Cisco Compatible Extensions, Version 3 (CCXv3)

To set up a client with EAP-FAST authentication with Cisco Compatible Extensions, version 3 (CCXv3):

1. Click Profiles on the Intel PROSet/Wireless main window.
2. On the Profile page, click Add to open the Create Wireless Profile General Settings.
3. Wireless Network Name (SSID): Enter the network identifier.
4. Profile Name: Enter a descriptive profile name.
5. Operating Mode: Click Network (Infrastructure).
6. Click Next to open the Security Settings.
7. Select Enterprise Security.
8. Network Authentication: Select WPA-Enterprise or WPA2-Enterprise.
9. Data Encryption: Select one of the following:
❍ TKIP provides per-packet key mixing, a message integrity check and a rekeying mechanism.
❍ AES-CCMP (Advanced Encryption Standard - Counter CBC-MAC Protocol) is used as the data
encryption method whenever strong data protection is important. AES-CCMP is recommended.
10. Enable 802.1x: Selected.
11. Authentication Type: Select EAP-FAST to be used with this connection.

NOTE: If CCXv4 Application Setting was not installed through an Administrator Package, only EAP-
FAST User Settings are available for configuration. Refer to EAP-FAST User Settings.

Step 1 of 2: EAP-FAST Provisioning

1. Click Disable EAP-FAST Enhancements (CCXv4) to allow provisioning inside a server-
unauthenticated TLS tunnel (Unauthenticated-TLS-Server Provisioning Mode).
2. Click Select server to view any unauthenticated PACs that have already been provisioned and reside on this computer.

NOTE: If the provisioned PAC is valid, Intel(R) PROSet/Wireless does not prompt the user for
acceptance of the PAC. If the PAC is invalid, Intel PROSet/Wireless fails the provisioning
automatically. A status message is displayed in the Wireless Event Viewer that an administrator
can review on the user's computer.

To import a PAC:

● Click Select server to open the Protected Access Credentials (PAC) list.
● Click Import to import a PAC that resides on this computer or a server.
● Select the PAC and click Open.
● Enter the PAC password (optional).
● Click OK to close this page. The selected PAC is added to PAC list.

3. Click Next to select the credential retrieval method or click OK to save the EAP-FAST settings and return to the Profiles list. The PAC is used for this wireless profile.

Step 2 of 2: EAP-FAST Additional Information

To perform client authentication in the established tunnel, a client sends a user name and password to authenticate and establish client authorization policy.

1. Click User Credentials to select one of the following credentials retrieval method: Use Windows logon, Prompt each time I connect , or Use the following.
2. Click OK to save the settings and close the page. Server verification is not required.

Cisco Compatible Extensions, Version 4 (CCXv4)

To set up a client with EAP-FAST authentication with Cisco Compatible Extensions, version 4 (CCXv4):

1. Click Profiles on the Intel PROSet/Wireless main window.
2. On the Profile page, click Add to open the Create Wireless Profile Wizard's General Settings.
3. Wireless Network Name (SSID): Enter the network identifier.
4. Profile Name: Enter a descriptive profile name.
5. Operating Mode: Click Network (Infrastructure).
6. Click Next to open the Security Settings.
7. Select Enterprise Security.
8. Network Authentication: Select WPA-Enterprise or WPA2-Enterprise.
9. Data Encryption: Select one of the following:
❍ TKIP provides per-packet key mixing, a message integrity check and a rekeying mechanism.
❍ AES-CCMP (Advanced Encryption Standard - Counter CBC-MAC Protocol) is used as the data
encryption method whenever strong data protection is important. AES-CCMP is recommended.
10. Data Encryption: Select AES-CCMP.
11. Enable 802.1x: Selected.
12. Authentication Type: Select EAP-FAST to be used with this connection.

Step 1 of 3: EAP-FAST Provisioning

With CCXv4, EAP-FAST supports two modes for provisioning:

● Server-Authenticated Mode: Provisioning inside a server authenticated TLS tunnel.
● Server-Unauthenticated Mode: Provisioning inside an unauthenticated TLS tunnel.

NOTE: Server-Authenticated Mode provides significant security advantages over Server-Unauthenticated Mode even when EAP-MSCHAPv2 is being used as an inner method. This mode protects the EAP-MSCHAPv2 exchanges from potential Man-in-the-Middle attacks by verifying the
server’s authenticity before exchanging MSCHAPv2. Therefore, Server-Authenticated Mode is
preferred whenever it is possible. EAP-FAST peer must use Server-Authenticated Mode whenever a
certificate or public key is available to authenticate the server and ensure the best security
practices.

Provisioning of Protected Access Credentials (PAC):

EAP-FAST uses a PAC key to protect the user credentials that are exchanged. All EAP-FAST authenticators are identified by an authority identity (A-ID). The local authenticator sends its A-ID to an authenticating client, and the client checks its database for a matching A-ID. If the client does not recognize the A-ID, it requests a new PAC.

NOTE: If the provisioned Protected Access Credential (PAC) is valid, Intel(R) PROSet/Wireless
does not prompt the user for acceptance of the PAC. If the PAC is invalid, Intel PROSet/Wireless
fails the provisioning automatically. A status message is displayed in the Wireless Event Viewer
that an administrator can review on the user's computer.

1. Verify that Disable EAP-FAST Enhancements (CCXv4) is not selected. Allow unauthenticated provisioning and Allow authenticated provisioning are selected by default. Once a PAC is selected from the Default Server, you can deselect any of these provisioning methods.
2. Default Server: None is selected as the default. Click Select Server to select a PAC from the default PAC authority server or select a server from the Server group list. The EAP-FAST Default Server (PAC Authority) selection page opens.

NOTE: Server groups are only listed if you have installed an Administrator Package that contains
EAP-FAST Authority ID (A-ID) Group settings.

PAC distribution can also be completed manually (out-of-band). Manual provisioning enables you to create a PAC for a user on an ACS server and then import it into a user's computer. A PAC file can be protected with a password, which the user needs to enter during a PAC import.

To import a PAC:

1. Click Import to import a PAC from the PAC server.
2. Click Open.
3. Enter the PAC password. (Optional)
4. Click OK closes this page. The selected PAC is used for this wireless profile.

EAP-FAST CCXv4 enables support for the provisioning of other credentials beyond the PAC currently provisioned for tunnel establishment. The credential types supported include trusted CA certificate, machine credentials for machine authentication, and temporary user credentials used to bypass user authentication.

Use a certificate (TLS Authentication)

1. Click Use a certificate (TLS Authentication)
2. Click Identity Protection when the tunnel is protected.
3. Select one of the following:
❍ Use a user certificate on this computer. Click Select to choose the user certificate. Click OK.
Proceed to Step 4.
❍ Use the certificate issued to this computer. Proceed to Step 5.
❍ Use my smart card. Select if the certificate resides on a smart card. Proceed to Step 5.
4. User Name: Enter the user name assigned to the user certificate.
5. Click Next.

Step 2 of 3: EAP-FAST Additional Information

If you selected Use a certificate (TLS Authentication) and Use a user certificate on this computer, click Next (no roaming identity is required) and proceed to Step 3 to configure EAP-FAST Server certificate settings. If you do not need to configure EAP-FAST server settings, click OK to save your settings and return to the Profiles page.

If you selected to use a smart card, add the roaming identity, if required. Click OK to save your settings and return to the Profiles page.

If you did not select Use a certificate (TLS Authentication), click Next to select an Authentication Protocol. CCXv4 permits additional credentials or TLS cipher suites to establish the tunnel.

Authentication Protocol: Select either GTC, or MS-CHAP-V2 (Default).

Generic Token Card (GTC)

GTC may be used with Server-Authenticated Mode . This enable peers using other user databases as Lightweight Directory Access Protocol (LDAP) and one-time password (OTP) technology to be provisioned in-band. However, the replacement may only be achieved when used with the TLS cipher suites that ensure server authentication.

To configure a one-time password:

1. Authentication Protocol: Select GTC (Generic Token Card).
2. User Credentials: Select Prompt each time I connect.
3. On connection prompt for: Select one of the following:

Name Description

Static Password On connection, enter the user credentials.

One-time password (OTP) Obtain the password from a hardware token device.

PIN (Soft Token) Obtain the password from a soft token program.

1. Click OK.
2. Select the profile on the Wireless Networks list.
3. Click Connect. When prompted, enter the user name, domain and one-time password (OTP).
4. Click OK.

MS-CHAP-V2. This parameter specifies the authentication protocol operating over the PEAP tunnel.

1. Select the user credentials: Use Windows logon, Prompt each time I connect, or Use the following.
2. Roaming Identity: A Roaming Identity may be populated in this field or you can use %domain%\% username% as the default format for entering a roaming identity.

When 802.1x Microsoft IAS RADIUS is used as an authentication server, the server authenticates
the device using the Roaming Identity from Intel PROSet/Wireless software, and ignores the Authentication Protocol MS-CHAP-V2 user name. Microsoft IAS RADIUS accepts only a valid
user name (dotNet user) for the Roaming Identity. For all other authentication servers, the
Roaming Identity is optional. Therefore, it is recommended to use the desired realm (for example, anonymous@myrealm) for the Roaming Identity rather than a true identity.

Step 3 of 3: EAP-FAST Server

Authenticated-TLS-Server Provisioning Mode is supported using a trusted CA certificate, a self-signed server certificate, or server public keys and GTC as the inner EAP method.

1. Select one of the following credential retrieval methods: Validate Server Certificate or Specify Server or Certificate Name.

2. Click OK to close the security settings.

EAP-FAST User Settings

NOTE: If an Administrator Package was installed on a user's computer that did not apply the Cisco Compatible Extensions, Version 4 Application Setting, only EAP-FAST User settings are available
for configuration.

To set up a client with EAP-FAST authentication:

1. Click Profiles on the Intel PROSet/Wireless main window.
2. On the Profile page, click Add to open the Create Wireless Profile General Settings.
3. Wireless Network Name (SSID): Enter the network identifier.
4. Profile Name: Enter a descriptive profile name.
5. Operating Mode: Click Network (Infrastructure).
6. Click Next to open the Security Settings.
7. Click Enterprise Security.
8. Network Authentication: Select WPA-Enterprise or WPA2-Enterprise.
9. Data Encryption: Select one of the following:
❍ TKIP provides per-packet key mixing, a message integrity check and a rekeying mechanism.
❍ AES-CCMP (Advanced Encryption Standard - Counter CBC-MAC Protocol) is used as the data
encryption method whenever strong data protection is important. AES-CCMP is recommended.
10. Enable 802.1x: Selected.
11. Authentication Type: Select EAP-FAST to be used with this connection.
12. Click Cisco Options to select Allow Fast Roaming (CCKM) which enables the client wireless adapter for fast secure roaming.

EAP-FAST User:

Select the credential retrieval method:

1. Select the user credentials: Use Windows logon, Prompt each time I connect, or Use the following.
2. Allow automatic provisioning of Protected Access Credentials (PAC):

EAP-FAST uses a PAC key to protect the user credentials that are exchanged. All EAP-FAST authenticators are identified by an authority identity (A-ID). The local authenticator sends its A-ID
to an authenticating client, and the client checks its database for a matching A-ID. If the client
does not recognize the A-ID, it requests a new PAC.

Click PACs to view any PACs that have already been provisioned and reside on this computer. A PAC must have already been obtained to clear Allow automatic provisioning on the Security Settings.

NOTE: If the provisioned Protected Access Credential (PAC) is valid, Intel(R) PROSet/Wireless does not prompt the user for acceptance of the PAC. If the PAC is invalid, Intel PROSet/Wireless
fails the provisioning automatically. A status message is displayed in the Wireless Event Viewer
that an administrator can review on the user's computer.

PAC distribution can also be completed manually (out-of-band). Manual provisioning enables you
to create a PAC for a user on an ACS server and then import it into a user's computer. A PAC file
can be protected with a password, which the user needs to enter during a PAC import.

To import a PAC:

1. Click PACs to open the Protected Access Credentials (PAC) list.
2. Click Import to import a PAC that resides on this computer or a server.
3. Select the PAC and click Open.
4. Enter the PAC password (optional).
5. Click OK to close this page. The selected PAC is added to PAC list.
6. Click OK to save the EAP-FAST settings and return to the Profiles list. The PAC is used for this wireless profile.

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Troubleshooting

Identify Wireless Troubleshooter
Manual Diagnostic Tool
Manual Reassociation Tool
Windows Event Viewer

Intel Wireless Troubleshooter

The Intel Wireless Troubleshooter is a application that will help you identify network adapter connection issues. When a technical issue is detected, a following alert appears at the bottom right corner. The error message and the recommended solution are displayed in the Intel Wireless Troubleshooter application. Click on the alert to launch the application.

Intel Wireless Troubleshooter is supported under Windows XP and Windows Vista. It is not supported under Windows 7.

Name	Description
Identify Wireless Troubleshooter	Identifies Wireless Errors.
Manual Diagnostic Tool	Performs a set of diagnostic tests to identify a cause for a wireless error.
Manual Reassociation Tool	Allows you to run the Wireless Reassociation application.
Wireless Event Viewer	Displays the Windows Event Viewer.

Available Views	Description
Troubleshooting	Displays all the troubleshooting tools.
Identify Wireless Troubleshooter	Displays the Identify Wireless Troubleshooter.
Manual Diagnostic Tool	Displays the Manual Diagnostic Tool.
Manual Reassociation Tool	Displays the Manual Reassociation Tool.
Wireless Event Viewer	Displays the Wireless Event Viewer.

Alerts	Description
Alerts	Displays the alerts.

- Click **Start** to launch the Intel Wireless Troubleshooter.
- Click **Next** to move to the next view.
- Click **Cancel** to close the Intel Wireless Troubleshooter.

Manual Diagnostic Tool

The Manual Diagnostic Tool tool allows you to run a set of diagnostics tool that verify the functionality of your wireless adapter. The diagnostic tool will help you identify the cause of connectivity problems and provide a solution to fix the issue. The diagnostic tool will run a set of tests and display the results in the Diagnostic Results window. Click on the test to view the test results.

NOTE: The **Windows XP Diagnostic** > **Intel PROSet Wireless** > **Manual Diagnostics Tool**

- Click **Start** to start the test. The Stop key will be used as a test and the start is a terminated support group in the Diagnostic Results window. Click **Cancel** to close the window.

To run the tests:

- Click **Start** to start the test. The Stop key will be used as a test and the start is a terminated support group in the Diagnostic Results window. Click **Cancel** to close the window.

Available Tests

Name	Description
Hardware Tests	Verifies that the wireless adapter is functioning properly. The test fails if the software is unable to communicate with the wireless adapter. Click **Troubleshooting** for more information.
Driver Tests	Verifies that the wireless driver is loaded. Click **Network Adapters** to view the Device Manager window. See Enable, Disable, or Restart Your Wireless Adapter for more information. Verifies that the wireless driver is not corrupted. The test fails if the driver is corrupted. Click **Troubleshooting** for more information.
Radio Test	Verifies that the wireless adapter's radio is on. There are two methods to turn the radio on and off: • Use the wireless switch. • Click **Windows Mobility Center** (if available) or click **Network Adapters** to view the Device Manager window. See Enable, Disable, or Restart Your Wireless Adapter for more information. Verifies that your wireless adapter is not disabled through a group policy setting. Click **Troubleshooting** for more information.
Scan Test	Verifies that the wireless adapter can perform a scan for available networks. The test passes if the wireless adapter can perform a scan. Click **Troubleshooting** for more information.
Association Test	Verifies that the wireless adapter can associate to the network. The test passes if the wireless adapter can associate to the network. Click **Troubleshooting** for more information.
Authentication Test	Verifies that the wireless adapter can authenticate to the network. The test passes if the wireless adapter can authenticate to the network. Click **Troubleshooting** for more information.
Signal Test	Verifies that the wireless adapter's signal strength is sufficient. The test passes if the signal strength is sufficient. Click **Troubleshooting** for more information.
IPv4 Test	Verifies that the wireless adapter has received an IP address from the wireless access point or router. The test passes if the wireless adapter has received an IP address from the wireless access point or router. See Automatically Obtain an IP Address for more information. Verifies that the wireless adapter has received an IP address from the wireless access point or router. The test passes if the wireless adapter has received an IP address from the wireless access point or router. See Automatically Obtain an IP Address for more information.
IPv6 Test	Verifies that the wireless adapter has received an IP address from the wireless access point or router. The test passes if the wireless adapter has received an IP address from the wireless access point or router. See Automatically Obtain an IP Address for more information.

Manual Reassociation Tool

The Manual Reassociation Tool allows you to run a set of diagnostics tool that verify the functionality of your wireless adapter. The diagnostic tool will help you identify the cause of connectivity problems and provide a solution to fix the issue. The diagnostic tool will run a set of tests and display the results in the Diagnostic Results window. Click on the test to view the test results.

- Click **Start** to start the test. The Stop key will be used as a test and the start is a terminated support group in the Diagnostic Results window. Click **Cancel** to close the window.

To run the tests:

- Click **Start** to start the test. The Stop key will be used as a test and the start is a terminated support group in the Diagnostic Results window. Click **Cancel** to close the window.

Available Tests

Name	Description
Hardware Tests	Verifies that the wireless adapter is functioning properly. The test fails if the software is unable to communicate with the wireless adapter. Click **Troubleshooting** for more information.
Driver Tests	Verifies that the wireless driver is loaded. Click **Network Adapters** to view the Device Manager window. See Enable, Disable, or Restart Your Wireless Adapter for more information. Verifies that the wireless driver is not corrupted. The test fails if the driver is corrupted. Click **Troubleshooting** for more information.
Radio Test	Verifies that the wireless adapter's radio is on. There are two methods to turn the radio on and off: • Use the wireless switch. • Click **Windows Mobility Center** (if available) or click **Network Adapters** to view the Device Manager window. See Enable, Disable, or Restart Your Wireless Adapter for more information. Verifies that your wireless adapter is not disabled through a group policy setting. Click **Troubleshooting** for more information.
Scan Test	Verifies that the wireless adapter can perform a scan for available networks. The test passes if the wireless adapter can perform a scan. Click **Troubleshooting** for more information.
Association Test	Verifies that the wireless adapter can associate to the network. The test passes if the wireless adapter can associate to the network. Click **Troubleshooting** for more information.
Authentication Test	Verifies that the wireless adapter can authenticate to the network. The test passes if the wireless adapter can authenticate to the network. Click **Troubleshooting** for more information.
Signal Test	Verifies that the wireless adapter's signal strength is sufficient. The test passes if the signal strength is sufficient. Click **Troubleshooting** for more information.
IPv4 Test	Verifies that the wireless adapter has received an IP address from the wireless access point or router. The test passes if the wireless adapter has received an IP address from the wireless access point or router. See Automatically Obtain an IP Address for more information. Verifies that the wireless adapter has received an IP address from the wireless access point or router. The test passes if the wireless adapter has received an IP address from the wireless access point or router. See Automatically Obtain an IP Address for more information.
IPv6 Test	Verifies that the wireless adapter has received an IP address from the wireless access point or router. The test passes if the wireless adapter has received an IP address from the wireless access point or router. See Automatically Obtain an IP Address for more information.

Windows Event Viewer

The Windows Event Viewer program displays a list of error log records. You can use all available log records or a filtered view. See Windows Event Viewer Overview for more information.

Windows Event Viewer Description

Tab	Description
File	To change the language location of the log file: 1. Click **File** > **Language Location Settings**. 2. Select the Install folder for language files check box. The default location is C:\Program Files\Intel\Wireless\Bin\Logs\Locale. 3. Click **Browse** to select a different location. 4. Click **OK**. To open a log file from another location: 1. Click **File** > **Open**. 2. Select the log file and click **Open**. To save the log file to another location: 1. Click **File** > **Save As**. 2. Select the location to save the log file, enter the **File name**, and click **Save**. To clear the log file: 1. Click **File** > **Clear**. 2. Select the log file and click **Yes** to save the log file before clearing it. Click **No** to clear the log file without saving it.
Action	Click **Refresh** to refresh the log file. Click **Reassociate** to run the Reassociation Tool application. See Manual Reassociation Tool for more information.
Event	Select whether you want to view current or past event logs: • **Current Event** - Displays the current event logs. • **Past Event** - Displays the Select Windows Reassociation Log File window. Select the log file and click **Open**. See Manual Reassociation Tool for more information.
Windows Event Viewer Icon/Locator	The severity levels are: • Information • Warning • Error Click on the description of the event(s) to view.
Open	Click **Open** to open the Windows Event Viewer application.
Help	Click **Help** to view the Windows Event Viewer Help.

Resolve Errors

Do not receive an IP address
The wireless adapter failed to get a valid IP address. The wireless security password or encryption key does not support the network. Contact your network administrator to verify the wireless security password or encryption key.
The ad hoc network is idle and no peers have joined the network
The wireless adapter is disabled by the network security settings. See the Manage Security
The wireless adapter is disabled by the Windows Connection Manager. The wireless adapter is disabled by the Windows Connection Manager. See Disable the Wireless Adapter.
You are connected to a network that is not configured with security and there are shared folders detected in your system
You are connected to a network that is not configured with security and there are shared folders detected in your system.
The wireless network adapter in the system is disabled
Enable the wireless adapter.
No wireless network adapter was detected in the system
No wireless network adapter was detected in the system. The adapter may be removed or not recognized.
Disconnection from an Access Point
Disconnection from an Access Point is caused by various issues.
Disconnection from access point due to band steering.
Disconnection from access point due to Intel proprietary protocol.
Disconnection from access point due to Cisco Compatible Extensions.
Disconnection from access point due to Wireless Network Management.
Disconnection from access point due to Cisco Compatible Extensions failures.
Disconnection from access point due to 802.11 standard.
The application failed to start
The application failed to start.
Connection failed to invalid user name: Reenter user name
Connection failed to invalid user credentials: Reenter user credentials
Connection failed due to an invalid user certificate: Select another certificate
Connection failed due to an invalid server certificate: Select another certificate
Connection failed due to an invalid server credentials: Reenter server credentials
Connection failed because the GSM adapter was unexpectedly removed
Authentication failed because client received invalid EAP packet
Authentication failed because the AAA server is unavailable
Incorrect PIN for retrieving certificate: Reenter PIN
Error occurred because the GSM adapter was unexpectedly removed
An administrator profile failed to authenticate
Administrator profile did not receive an IP address

Do not receive an IP address

The wireless adapter failed to get a valid IP address. The wireless security password or encryption key does not support the network. Contact your network administrator to verify the wireless security password or encryption key.

To view this message:

- Click **Start** > **Control Panel** > **Network Connections** > **Wireless Network Connection**. Click **Properties** > **Internet Protocol (TCP/IP)** > **Properties**. Select **Obtain an IP address automatically** and click **OK**.

The ad hoc network is idle and no peers have joined the network

The wireless adapter is disabled by the network security settings. See the Manage Security

To view this message:

- Click **Start** > **Control Panel** > **Network Connections** > **Wireless Network Connection**. Click **Properties** > **Internet Protocol (TCP/IP)** > **Properties**. Select **Obtain an IP address automatically** and click **OK**.

The wireless adapter is disabled by the Windows Connection Manager. The wireless adapter is disabled by the Windows Connection Manager. See Disable the Wireless Adapter.

To view this message:

- Click **Start** > **Control Panel** > **Network Connections** > **Wireless Network Connection**. Click **Properties** > **Internet Protocol (TCP/IP)** > **Properties**. Select **Obtain an IP address automatically** and click **OK**.

You are connected to a network that is not configured with security and there are shared folders detected in your system

You are connected to a network that is not configured with security and there are shared folders detected in your system.

To view this message:

- Click **Start** > **Control Panel** > **Network Connections** > **Wireless Network Connection**. Click **Properties** > **Internet Protocol (TCP/IP)** > **Properties**. Select **Obtain an IP address automatically** and click **OK**.

The wireless network adapter in the system is disabled

Enable the wireless adapter.

To view this message:

- Click **Start** > **Control Panel** > **Network Connections** > **Wireless Network Connection**. Click **Properties** > **Configure** > **Advanced**.
- Select **Wireless Mode** and change the value to **802.11b/g**.
- Click **OK** to save the settings.

No wireless network adapter was detected in the system

No wireless network adapter was detected in the system. The adapter may be removed or not recognized.

To view this message:

- Click **Start** > **Control Panel** > **Network Connections** > **Wireless Network Connection**. Click **Properties** > **Configure** > **Advanced**.
- Select **Wireless Mode** and change the value to **802.11b/g**.
- Click **OK** to save the settings.

A list of PCI Windows adapters is listed, update the driver from the Intel Customer Support Web site at http://www.intel.com/support/wireless/sb/CS-006408.htm for the latest driver for your wireless adapter.

No wireless network adapter driver was detected in the system

No wireless network adapter driver was detected in the system. You may have to update the wireless adapter driver.

To view this message:

- Click **Start** > **Control Panel** > **Network Connections** > **Wireless Network Connection**. Click **Properties** > **Configure** > **Advanced**.
- Select **Wireless Mode** and change the value to **802.11b/g**.
- Click **OK** to save the settings.

Disconnection from an Access Point

Disconnection from an Access Point is caused by various issues.

Disconnect from access point due to band steering.
Disconnect from access point due to Intel proprietary protocol.
Disconnect from access point due to Cisco Compatible Extensions.
Disconnect from access point due to Wireless Network Management.
Disconnect from access point due to Cisco Compatible Extensions failures.
Disconnect from access point due to 802.11 standard.

The application failed to start

The application failed to start because the wireless adapter was removed, not detected, found, the path was not found, or the system ran out of memory.

To verify the path is correct:

- From the Intel PROSet Wireless main window, click **Profiles**.
- Select the profile.
- Click **Edit** > **Network Settings**.
- Verify the path is correct in the **Application** box.
- Click **OK** to close the Network Settings.
- Click **OK** to close the Edit Profile window.

Authentication failed due to invalid user name: Reenter user name

The authentication error can be caused by an invalid user name.

Use the following steps to resolve the error:

1. Select the appropriate profile from the Profiles list.
2. Click **Edit** > **Security**.
3. Enter the correct user name in the **Username** box.
4. Click **OK** to save the settings.

Authentication failed due to invalid user credentials: Reenter user credentials

The authentication error can be caused by invalid user credentials.

Use the following steps to resolve the error:

1. Select the appropriate profile from the Profiles list.
2. Click **Edit** > **Security**.
3. Enter the correct user credentials in the **Password** box.
4. Click **OK** to save the settings.

Authentication failed due to an invalid user certificate: Select another certificate

The authentication error can be caused by invalid server credentials.

Use the following steps to resolve the error:

1. Select the appropriate profile from the Profiles list.
2. Click **Edit** > **Security** > **Advanced Security Settings**.
3. Select the appropriate certificate in the **Client certificate** box.
4. Click **OK** to save the settings.

Notes about Certificates: The specified identity should match with the certificate is issued to and should match with the certificate issued by. The selected certificate should be valid. The selected certificate should be trusted. The selected certificate should not be expired. The selected certificate should be configured for Client Authentication. The selected certificate should be issued with the same user name you used when you logged into the computer.

Learn more:

- Click **OK**.
- Click **OK** to save the settings.

Authentication failed due to invalid server identity: Reenter server name

The authentication error can be caused by invalid server identity information.

Use the following steps to resolve the error:

1. Select the appropriate profile from the Profiles list.
2. Click **Edit** > **Security** > **Advanced Security Settings**.
3. Select the appropriate certificate in the **Server name** box.
4. Click **OK** to save the settings.

Authentication failed due to invalid server credentials: Reenter server credentials

The authentication error can be caused by an invalid server (domain) credential.

Use the following steps to resolve the error:

1. Select the appropriate profile from the Profiles list.
2. Click **Edit** > **Security** > **Advanced Security Settings**.
3. Select the appropriate certificate in the **Server name** box.
4. Click **OK** to save the settings.

The AAA Server Rejected the EAP Method

This error occurs when the RADIUS server does not accept the configured authentication.

Use the following steps to resolve the error:

1. Double-click the Taskbar icon to open Intel PROSet/Wireless.
2. Select the appropriate profile from the Profiles list.
3. Click **Edit** > **Security** > **Advanced Security Settings**.
4. Select the **Server name** box.
5. Click **OK** to save the settings.
6. Click **OK** to close the Edit Profile window.
7. Click **Apply** to save the changes.

Note: Contact your network administrator whenever necessary to connect to the wireless network.

Incorrect PIN for retrieving certificate: Reenter PIN

The certificate retrieval failed because of an incorrect PIN.

Use the following steps to resolve the error:

1. Select the appropriate profile from the Profiles list.
2. Click **Edit** > **Security** > **Advanced Security Settings**.
3. Select the **Client certificate** box.
4. Click **OK** to save the settings.

Error occurred because the GSM adapter was unexpectedly removed

This error occurs when the GSM adapter is not fully inserted or is unexpectedly removed from the mobile station.

Use the following steps to resolve the error:

1. Remove and reinsert the **wireless hardware** pack on the back of the system.
2. Restart the Intel PROSet/Wireless Software application. If the Wireless Software attempts to connect to the wireless network, the connection is successful.

Smart Card was unexpectedly removed

This error occurs because the Smart Card was unexpectedly removed.

Use the following steps to resolve the error:

1. Insert the Smart Card.
2. Select the 802.11 GSM EAP authentication profile.
3. Click **Edit** > **Security** > **Advanced Security Settings**.
4. Select the **Smart Card** box.
5. Click **OK** to save the settings.

Authentication failed because timer expired

This error occurs when the authentication server is not responding to the client's request and authenticating. A Reject packet (or a packet with the Service-Unit attribute) is not received within the timeout period.

Use the following steps to resolve the error:

- Increase the value of the **Timeout** box in the Advanced Security Settings window. Click **OK** to save the settings.

An administrator profile failed to authenticate

This error occurs when the credentials in the profile are not accepted by the authentication (for example, an access point or RADIUS server) because the credentials are not configured correctly.

Administrator profile did not receive an IP address

This error occurs when the wireless adapter failed to get a valid IP address. The wireless security password or encryption key does not support the network. Contact your network administrator to verify the wireless security password or encryption key.

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Administrator Tasks

The Administrator Tool is used by the person who has administrator privileges on this computer. This tool is used to configure common (shared) profiles, Pre-logon/Common profiles, and persistent connection profiles. The Administrator Tool can also be used by an Information Technology department to configure user settings within the Intel(R) PROSet/Wireless software and to create custom install packages to export to other systems.

The Administrator Tool is located on the Tools menu. It must be selected during a Custom installation of the Intel PROSet/Wireless software or the feature is not displayed in the Tools
menu.

Set Administrator Password

Users cannot modify Administrator settings or profiles unless they have the password for this tool. When you first access the Administrator Tool, you are required to enter a password. The password must not exceed 100 characters. Null passwords are not allowed.

NOTE: If you do not know the original password, there is no process available to reset the password.

1. Password: Create a password (maximum 100 characters).
2. Confirm Password: Reenter the password.
3. Click OK. The Open Administrator Package displays.

To change the existing password:

1. Click Administrator Tool from the Tools menu.
2. Click Change Password on the password entry form.
3. Old Password: Enter the existing password.
4. New Password: Enter the new password.
5. Confirm Password: Reenter the new password again.
6. Click OK to save the new password and enter the Administrator Tool.

Administrator Tool Settings

An Administrator can determine which order Administrator profiles are placed in the Administrator Tool's Profiles list.

1. Click the Administrator Tool Tools menu.
2. Click Tools > Settings to open the Administrator Tool Settings.
❍ Select Insert on top to always place Administrator profiles at the top of the
Administrator Tool's Profiles list.
❍ Select Insert on bottom to always place Administrator profiles at the bottom the
Administrator Tool's Profiles list.
❍ Click OK to close and return to the Administrator Tool.

Administrator Packages

Administrator Packages are used to save administrative profiles and other settings. You can copy or send this self-extracting executable file to clients on your network. When the executable runs, the contents are installed and configured on the destination computer.

To create a new package:

1. On the Tools menu, click Administrator Tool.
2. Enter your password to access the Administrator Tool.
3. Open Administrator Package: Select one of the following operating system to create a new package or open an existing package.

Name Description
Create a Windows XP or
Windows 2000 package

Create a package that can be exported to a user's computer that has either Windows XP or Windows 2000 operating system. This package allows export of all 802.1x authentication EAP-type Pre-Logon/Common and Persistent profiles.
Create a Windows Vista
package

Create a package that can be exported to a
user's computer that has the Windows Vista
operating system. This package allows export
of EAP-TTLS and EAP-SIM Common profiles
only.

Open an existing package Select to browse for and open an existing package.

6. Click OK.
7. Configure the following options to be included in the package:

Name Description

Profiles Click Include Profiles in this package. Profiles can be
shared with other users.

Application Settings Click Include Application Settings in this package.
Specify application settings to be enabled.

Adapter Settings Click Include Adapter Settings in this package.
Specify initial values for adapter settings used on this
computer.

Software Click Include Software in this package. Define which
software components are installed on this computer.
EAP-FAST A-ID

Groups:

Click Include A-ID Groups. Add A-ID Group to support
multiple PACs from multiple A-IDs.

NOTE: This feature is not available when creating an
Administrator Package for Windows Vista clients.

Software Click Include Software in this package. Define which
software components are installed on this computer.

NOTE: Refer to Software for information to reduce the

size of the Administrator Package executable file.

7. Click Close.
8. You are notified: The current package is changed. Would you like to save the changes?
9. Click Yes. Save the executable file to a directory on the local disk drive.
10. Click Save. The file is created. NOTE: This may take several minutes.
11. Click Finished to view the package contents.
❍ Click Apply this package to this computer if you want to use the package
configuration on the Administrator's computer.
❍ Copy the executable file to any user's computer to install the configuration that has
been saved in the package. When you execute the package file, it is a silent install.

NOTE: Administrator profiles for Windows Vista are stored in an XML format.

NOTE: You can also select Save Package on the Administrator Tool File Menu to
save the package.

To edit a package:

1. Access the Administrator Tool.
2. On the Open Administrator Package page, click Open an existing package to edit an existing package.
3. Click Browse. Locate the package's executable file.
4. Click Open. Make your updates.
5. Click Close.
6. You are notified: The current package is changed. Would you like to save the changes?
7. Click Yes. Save the executable file to a directory on the local disk drive.

NOTE: You can also select Open Package on the Administrator Tool File menu to
edit an Administrator Package.

Administrator Profiles

Administrator Profiles are owned and managed by the network administrator or the administrator of this computer. These profiles are common or shared by all users on this computer. However, end users cannot modify these profiles. They can only be modified from the Administrator Tool, which is password protected.

There are two types of Administrator Profiles: Persistent or Pre-logon/Common. You can also configure Voice over IP (VoIP) settings for export to a soft-phone application.

NOTE: For Windows Vista packages, only EAP-SIM and TTLS Common profiles can
be created.

Persistent Connection

Persistent profiles are applied at boot time or whenever no one is logged on the computer. After a user logs off, a Persistent profile maintains a wireless connection either until the computer is turned off or a different user logs on.

Persistent Connect key points:

● The following types of profiles can be created as Persistent profiles:
❍ All profiles that do not require 802.1x authentication (for example, Open authentication with WEP encryption, Open authentication with no encryption).
❍ All profiles with 802.1x authentication that have the credentials saved: LEAP or EAP-FAST.

❍ Profiles with security settings that include the "Use the following user name and
password" option.
❍ Profiles that use the machine certificate to authenticate.
❍ WPA-Enterprise profiles that do not use a user certificate.
❍ WPA-Personal profiles.
● Persistent profiles are applied at system power up and after a user logs off.

To create a Persistent Profile:

1. Click Include Profiles in this package .
2. Click Persistent.
3. Click Add to open the General Settings.
4. Profile Name: Enter a descriptive profile name.
5. Wireless Network Name (SSID): Enter the name of your wireless network.
6. Operating Mode: Network (Infrastructure) is selected by default.
7. Administrator Profile Type: Persistent: Active when no users are logged on is selected.
8. Click Next.
9. Select Enterprise Security to open the Security Settings. See TLS, TTLS, PEAP, LEAP, or EAP-FAST for 802.1x security configuration information.
10. Click OK.

Pre-Logon/Common Connection

Pre-logon/Common profiles are applied prior to a user log on. If Single Sign On support is installed, the connection is made prior to the the Windows log on sequence (Pre-logon/Common).

If Single Sign On support is not installed, the profile is applied once the user session is active.

Pre-logon/Common profiles always appear at the top of a the Profiles list. Users can still prioritize profiles that they have created but they cannot reprioritize Pre-logon/Common profiles. Because these profiles appear at the top of the profiles list, Intel PROSet/Wireless automatically attempts to connect to the Administrator profiles first before any user created profiles.

NOTE: Only administrators can create or export Pre-logon/Common profiles.

Pre-logon/Common Connect key points are:

● Pre-logon/Common Connect is active only at the Windows log on.
● The following types of profiles can be created as Pre-logon/Common profiles:
❍ 802.1x MD5, PEAP, TTLS or EAP-FAST profiles that use either the "Use Windows
Logon user name and password" or "Use the following user name and password" credentials when configuring the profile's security settings.
❍ LEAP profiles that use the "Prompt for the user name and password." credentials
when configuring the profile's security settings.
❍ 802.1x PEAP or TTLS profiles with user or machine certificates (the user must have
administrative rights to use machine certificates).
❍ TLS profiles that use digital certificates to verify the identity of a client and a server.
❍ EAP-SIM profiles that use a Subscriber Identity Module (SIM) card to validate your
credentials with the network.
❍ All non-802.1x (Open and WEP) Common or User Based profiles.
● A Pre-logon/Common profile is applied at Windows user log-on time.

Pre-Logon/Common Connection Status

Pre-logon/Common Connect support is installed during a Custom install of the Intel PROSet/Wireless software. Refer to Install and Uninstall the Single Sign On Feature for more information.

NOTE: If the Single Sign On or Pre-logon/Common Connect features are not
installed, an administrator is still able to create Pre-logon/Common profiles for
export to a user's computer.

The following describes how the Pre-logon/Common Connect feature functions from system power-up. The assumption is that a saved profile exists. This saved profile has valid security settings marked with "Use Windows Logon user name and password" that is applied at the time of Windows log on.

1. After a system power-up, enter your Windows log on domain, user name, and password.
2. Click OK. The Pre-logon/Common profile Status page displays the progress of the
network connection. After the wireless adapter is connected to the network access point,
the Status page closes and the Windows user logs on.
■ If the corresponding access point rejects your credentials during the Pre-
logon/Common Connect, the profile credentials prompts you for your user
credentials.
■ Enter your credentials.
■ Click OK. The profile is applied and the Status page displays the progress of
the connection status until you are logged onto Windows.
■ Click Cancel on the Credentials page to select another profile.

NOTE: A user certificate can only be accessed by a user that has been
authenticated on the computer. Therefore, a user should log onto the computer
once (using either a wired connection, alternate profile or local log in) before using
a Pre-logon/Common profile that authenticates with a user certificate.

When you log off, any wireless connection is disconnected and a persistent profile (if one is available) is applied. Under certain circumstances it is desirable to maintain the current connection (for example, if user-specific data needs to be uploaded to the server post-log off or when roaming profiles are used).

Create a profile which is marked as both Pre-logon/Common and persistent to achieve this functionality. If such a profile is active when the user logs off, the connection is maintained.

To create a Pre-logon/Common Profile:

1. Click Include Profiles in this package.
2. Click Pre-logon/Common.
3. Click Add to open the General Settings.
4. Profile Name: Enter a descriptive profile name.
5. Wireless Network Name (SSID): Enter the network identifier.
6. Operating Mode: Network (Infrastructure) is selected by default.
7. Administrator Profile Type: Pre-logon/Common: Active when a user is logged on. This profile is shared by all users. This profile type is already selected.
8. Click Next.
9. Click Advanced to open the Advanced Settings. Use the Advanced Settings to set the following:

Name Description

Auto Connect Select to automatically or manually connect to a profile.

Mandatory Access Point Select to associate the wireless adapter with a specific access point.

Password Protection NOTE: Unavailable for Administrator Profiles.

Start Application: NOTE: Unavailable for Administrator Profiles.

User Name Format An administrator can select the user name format for the
authentication server.

The choices are:

● user (default)
● user@domain
● user@domain.com
● DOMAIN\user

NOTE: User Name Format is available only in the Advanced
Settings in the Administrator Tool. It is unavailable when creating a
user profile from the Intel PROSet/Wireless Create Wireless Profile
manager.

10. Click OK to close the Advanced Settings.
11. Select Enterprise Security to open the Security Settings. See EAP-SIM, TLS, TTLS, PEAP, LEAP, or EAP-FAST for 802.1x security configuration information.
12. Click OK to save the profile and add it to the Administrator profiles list.

NOTE: If a Persistent connection was already established, a Pre-Login/Common
profile is ignored unless the profile is configured with both Pre-logon/Common and
Persistent connection options.

Exclude Networks

Administrators can designate networks to be excluded from connection. Once a network is excluded, only an administrator can remove the network from the Exclude list. The excluded network is displayed in the Intel PROSet/Wireless Exclude List Management.

NOTE: Unavailable for Windows Vista packages.

To exclude a network:

1. Click Include Profiles in this package.
2. Click Exclude.
3. Click Add to open the Exclude Network (SSID).
4. Network Name: Enter the network name of the network that you want to exclude.
5. Click OK to add the network name to the list.

To remove a network from exclusion:

1. Select the network name in the Exclude list.
2. Click Remove. The network is deleted from the list.

Voice over IP (VoIP) Connection

Intel PROSet/Wireless software supports VoIP third-party soft-phone applications.

Third-party VoIP applications support Voice Codecs. Codecs generally provide a compression capability to save network bandwidth.

Intel PROSet/Wireless software supports the following International Telecommunications Union (ITU) codec standards:

Codec Algorithm

ITU G.711 PCM (Pulse Code Modulation)

ITU G.722 SBADPCM (Sub-Band Adaptive Differential Pulse Code Modulation)
ITU G.723 Multi-rate Coder

ITU G.726 ADPCM (Adaptive Differential Pulse Code Modulation)
ITU G.727 Variable-Rate ADPCM

ITU G.728 LD-CELP (Low-Delay Code Excited Linear Prediction)

ITU G.729 CS-ACELP (Conjugate Structure Algebraic-Code Excited Linear Prediction)

An administrator can export VoIP settings to configure various codec data rates and frame rates to improve voice quality in VoIP transmissions.

To configure VoIP settings:

NOTE: Ensure Voice over IP is not disabled in the Administrator Tool Application
Settings. It is enabled by default.

1. Click Include Profiles in this package.
2. Click VoIP.
3. Click Add to open the Create VoIP Profiles page.
4. Select the Codec bandwidth, application usage, and frame rate.

For Voice Data:

G711 has 10ms frame rate with 64kbps bit rate
G722 has 10ms frame rate with 64kbps bit rate
G723 has 30ms frame rate with either 5.3kbps or 6.4kbps bit rate
G726-32 has 10ms frame rate with 32kbps bit rate
G728 has 2.5ms frame rate with 16kbps bit rate
G729 has 10ms frame rate with 10kbps bit rate

Codec Usage Frame Rate

● G711_64kbps
● G722_64kbps
● G722_56kbps
● G722_48kbps
● G722_1_32kbps
● G722_1_24kbps
● G722_1_16kbps
● G726_16kbps
● G726_24kbps
● G726_32kbps
● G726_40kbps
● G728_16kbps
● G729a_8kbps
● G729e_11_8kbps
● GIPS_iPCM_VARIABLE
● G722_2_VARIABLE

● Interactive Voice
● Audio Conference
● Voice Data
● Video
● Streaming Audio

● 10
● 20
● 30

5. Click OK to return to the Profiles list.
6. Click Close to save the profile settings to a package.

Application Settings

An administrator can select which level of control that users have over their wireless network connections.

To configure Application Settings:

1. Click Include Application Settings in this package.
2. Enable or disable each setting listed in the table below.

Name Description

802.1x Authentication Enable a user to create or connect to profiles that
support different 802.1x authentication EAP types.

Select which 802.1x authentication EAP types you want
enabled on a user’s computer: EAP SIM, EAP LEAP, EAP
TLS, EAP TTLS, EAP PEAP, EAP FAST.

NOTE: This setting is unavailable for Windows Vista
packages.
Administrator Tool Disable access to the Administrator Tool on a user’s
computer.

Application Auto Launch Select to start a batch file, executable file, or script
automatically when a specific profile connects to the
network. For example, start a Virtual Private Network
(VPN) session automatically whenever a user connects
to a wireless network.

Application On Radio Toggle Enables a third-party application to disable the Intel
PROSet/Wireless Enable Radio or Disable Radio switch.

NOTE: This setting is unavailable for Windows Vista
packages.

CCXv4 Select Enable CCXx4 to Enable Cisco Compatible
Extensions, version 4 (CCXv4) features for EAP-FAST
profiles.

NOTE: The EAP-FAST A-ID (Authority Identifier) Groups
feature in the Administrator Tool is unavailable if CCXv4 is not enabled.

Select which of the following prompts to enable or disable on a user's computer for EAP-FAST PAC provisioning:

Turn off prompts and warnings for unauthenticated provisioning: Option to turn off prompts and warnings for PAC auto-provisioning if there is no PAC or there is no PAC that matches the A-ID sent by the server that it is connected to.

Turn off prompts when switching default server (A-ID): Option to turn off prompts when a client encounters a server that has provisioned a PAC before but is not currently selected as the default server.

Turn off unauthenticated provisioning after PAC is provisioned: Option to turn off auto-provisioning automatically after a PAC for that A-ID has been provisioned.

NOTE: This feature is not installed through an
Administrator Package when a user's computer has an
Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 2915ABG Network Connection or
an Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 2200BG Network Connection.

NOTE: This setting is unavailable for Windows Vista
packages.

Cache Credentials Select to save credentials after a user logs on. If the
wireless connection temporarily disconnects, the saved
credentials are used upon reconnection. The credentials
are cleared when the user logs off.

NOTE: If cleared, The Prompt each time I connect
option is unavailable when creating profiles

Device to Device (ad hoc) Enable or disable whether a user is able to either create
Device to Device (ad hoc) profiles or join Device to
Device (ad hoc) networks.

Select one of the following to enable or disable whether
the user can connect to device to device networks:

● Enable device to device networking.
● Enable secure device to device networking only.
● Disable device to device networking.

Select to either allow a user to configure profiles with device to device (ad hoc) settings or prevent configuration of device to device (ad hoc) profiles.

● Show device to device application settings
● Hide device to device application settings.

To remove the Device to Device (ad hoc) operating
mode from the Create Wireless Profile General Settings,
select both Disable device to device networking and
Hide device to device application settings. This
prevents a user from creating profiles that support
Device to Device (ad hoc) network.

Import and Export Select to import to or export profiles from a user’s
computer. Enable permits auto import of user profiles
when copied to an auto import folder.

Maintain Connection Select to hide the Maintain Connection option in the
Create Wireless Profile Advanced Settings. The Maintain
Connection option maintains the wireless connection
with a user profile after log off.

NOTE: The Maintain Connection option may be used
with Nortel VPN client when it is configured to Logoff
on Connect.

NOTE: This setting is unavailable for Windows Vista
packages.

Message On Radio Toggle Enables a third-party application to notify a user that
the Intel PROSet/Wireless radio is either on or off.

NOTE: This setting is unavailable for Windows Vista
packages.

Persistent Connection Select Ensure that persistent connection and
computer policies are updated prior to user log on.

NOTE:Updating policies may delay the log on screen for
up to 2 minutes.

NOTE: This setting is unavailable for Windows Vista
packages.
Microsoft Windows XP
Coexistence

Select Enable Microsoft Wireless Zero Configuration and Intel PROSet/Wireless to coexist on this system.

Enable this option to allow Microsoft Wireless Zero Configuration and Intel PROSet/Wireless to exist together on this system. When you select this option,
you prevent Microsoft Windows XP Wireless Zero
Configuration Service from being disabled when Intel
PROSet/Wireless is enabled.

NOTE: This setting is unavailable for Windows Vista
packages.

Pre-Logon/Common Cisco Mode Enable Cisco Mode during a Pre-logon/Common
Connection.

Cisco access points have the capability to support
multiple wireless network names (SSIDs) but only
broadcast one. In order to connect to such an access
point, an attempt is made to connect with each profile.
This is referred to as Cisco Mode.

NOTE: The Pre-logon/Common Connection may take
longer to connect.

NOTE: This setting is unavailable for Windows Vista
packages.

Profile Connectivity Select the profile connectivity level on a user’s
computer.

Disable Intel user-profile switching. Users are only able to connect with the first Pre-logon/Common profile or connect with Pre-logon/Common profiles only.

● Allow the user to connect to all administrator
profiles.
● Allow the user to only connect to the first
administrator profile.

NOTE: This setting is unavailable for Windows Vista
packages.

Security Level Select the security level on a user's computer?

Users are able to connect to profiles only with this
security level.

● Allow the user to connect to networks with
Personal Security only.
● Allow the user to connect to networks with
Enterprise Security only.

NOTE: This setting is unavailable for Windows Vista
packages.

Single Sign On Select which Administrator Profile types are enabled on
a user computer.

● Persistent Connection: Profiles are active
during start up and when no user is logged onto
the computer.
● Pre-Logon/Common Connection: Profiles are
active immediately once a user logs onto the computer.

Common profiles are enabled if Pre-logon/Common features are not installed on a
user’s computer. Common profiles are
active after a user has logged on and the
session becomes active.

Persistent and Pre-Logon/Common profiles
are placed at the top of the user’s profiles
list. They cannot be changed or deleted by
a user.

NOTE: This setting is unavailable for Windows Vista
packages.

Support Information Specify the support information displayed in the About
box of the Intel PROSet/Wireless Software.

● Support URL: Enter the support center web site
that you want your customers to access for
technical support.
● Support Phone Number: Enter the telephone
number that you want your customers to call for technical support.

Voice over IP Enables a third-party software to use the VoIP
application on a user's computer. The default setting
enables this feature.

NOTE: This feature is not installed through an
Administrator Package when a user's computer has an
Intel PRO/Wireless 2915ABG Network Connection or an
Intel PRO/Wireless 2200BG Network Connection.

Wi-Fi Manager Select which Wi-Fi manager controls a user’s wireless
connections. Use either the previous logged on user’s
Wi-Fi manager or allow each user to select their
preferred Wi-Fi manager.

● Allow all users to switch between Intel PROSet/
Wireless and Microsoft Windows XP Wireless Zero
Configuration after log on.
● Wi-Fi manager at log on is determined by the
active Wi-Fi manager when the last user logged
off.

NOTE: This setting is unavailable for Windows Vista
packages.

Wi-Fi(R) Protected Setup Enable registering other devices. Intel PROSet/Wireless
software can be configured to operate as a registrar for
a Wi-Fi Protected Setup supported access points. The
registrar securely transfers the access point key or
password automatically or manually with a USB flash
drive or other external device.

Click Hide Enable Device Registration Application
Setting to hide the Enable device registration
Application Settings

NOTE: This setting is unavailable for Windows Vista
packages.

Wireless Event Log Viewer Select where to save the Intel Wireless Troubleshooter
Wireless Event Viewer Log file.

1. In the Intel Wireless Troubleshooter, click File >
Settings to open the Wireless Event Viewer
Settings.
2. Specify the default folder for saved log files:
The default location is the desktop. Click Browse
to locate a new folder location.
3. File Name: The file name is set by default. it includes the computer name, domain name and user name of the person
4. Maximum Size: Enter the size of the file in kilobytes (KB).
5. Click OK to close and apply the new changes. Click Cancel to close without applying any
changes

If you want the log file copied to an archive site after a specific number of days:

1. Click Copy the log file to another location.
2. Destination Folder: Enter where to store the files or click Browse to select a folder location.
3. Frequency (days): Select how often you want the files moved to the destination folder.
4. Click OK to close and apply the new changes.
Click Cancel to close without applying any
changes.

NOTE: Enable registering other devices. Intel PROSet/Wireless software can be configured to operate as a registrar for a Wi-Fi Protected Setup supported access points. The registrar securely transfers the access point key or password automatically or manually with a USB flash drive or other external device.

Click Hide Enable Device Registration Application
Setting to hide the Enable device registration
Application Settings

NOTE: This setting is unavailable for Windows Vista
packages.

Wireless On/Off Select Disable Wireless On/Off selection to prevent
a user from accessing the Wireless On or Wireless
Off control on the Intel PROSet/Wireless main window
or Taskbar menu. A user is notified that The feature
is disabled by the administrator if they attempt to
turn on or off the radio control.

Select Add 802.11a Radio On/Off selection to add the 802.11a Wireless On/Off control to the Taskbar menu and the Intel PROSet/Wireless main window on a user's computer.

Select Disable 802.11a Radio On/Off selection to prevent a user from turning off the 802.11a radio. A user is notified that The feature is disabled by the administrator if they attempt to turn on or off the 802.11a radio control.

Once this feature is installed on a user's computer, follow the instructions below to turn on or off the 802.11a radio control.

To turn off the 802.11a radio:

1. On the Intel PROSet/Wireless Main window, click the Wireless On button. The list of radio options
is displayed.
2. Select 802.11a Radio Off. The 802.11a radio is now inactive.

To turn on the 802.11a radio:

1. On the Intel PROSet/Wireless Main window, click the 802.11a Radio Off button. The list of radio options is displayed.
2. Select Wireless On. The 802.11a radio is now active.

NOTE: This option is available only for wireless adapters that support 802.11a, 802.11b and 802.11g. This feature is not installed through an Administrator Package when a user's computer has an Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 2200BG Network Connection.

NOTE: This setting is unavailable for Windows Vista packages.
Close Closes the Administrator Tool.

Help? Provides help information for this page.

Adapter Settings

To configure Adapter Settings:

1. Click Include Adapter Settings in this package.
2. For each setting listed in the table below, select one of the following options:
❍ Use default value: Resets the setting on the user machine to the default value.
❍ No change: Maintains the user selected value. The administrator decides not to
enforce all the settings on a user's computer. The user can change the adapter setting values from the Intel PROSet/Wireless Advanced menu.
❍ Select the value: The administrator selects the value that is to be used on the
user's computer.

Name Description

802.11n Channel Width Set high throughput channel width to maximize performance.
Set the channel width to Auto or 20Mhz. Auto is the default
setting.

NOTE: This setting is available only if the adapter is an Intel
(R) Wireless WiFi Link 4965AGN or Intel(R) Wireless WiFi Link
4965AG_.

802.11n Mode The 802.11n standard builds upon previous 802.11x standards
by adding multiple-input multiple-output (MIMO). MIMO
increases data throughput to improve transfer rate. Select
Enabled or Disabled to set the 802.11n mode of the adapter.
Enabled is the default setting.

An administrator can enable or disable support for high
throughput mode to reduce power-consumption or conflicts
with other bands or compatibility issues.

NOTE: This setting is available only if the adapter is an Intel
(R) Wireless WiFi Link 4965AGN or Intel(R) Wireless WiFi Link
4965AG_.

Ad Hoc Channel There is no need to change the channel unless the other
computers in the ad hoc network use a different channel from
the default channel.

Value: Select the allowed operating channel from the list.

● 802.11b/g: Select this option when 802.11b and
802.11b (2.4 GHz) ad hoc band frequency is used.
● 802.11a: Select this option when 802.11a (5 GHz) ad
hoc band frequency is used.

NOTE: When an 802.11a channel is not displayed, ad hoc
networks are not supported for the channel.

Ad Hoc Power Management Set power saving features for Device to Device (ad hoc) networks.

● Disable: Select when connecting to ad hoc networks
that contain stations that do not support ad hoc power
management
● Maximum Power Savings: Select to optimize battery
life.
● Noisy Environment: Select to optimize performance or
connecting with multiple clients.

NOTE: This feature is not installed through an Administrator
Package when a user's computer has an Intel PRO/Wireless
2915ABG Network Connection or an Intel PRO/Wireless
2200BG Network Connection.

Ad Hoc QoS Mode Quality of Service (QoS) control in ad hoc networks. QoS
provides prioritization of traffic from the access point over a
wireless LAN based on traffic classification. WMM (Wi-Fi
MultiMedia) is the QoS certification of the Wi-Fi Alliance (WFA).
When WMM is enabled, the adapter uses WMM to support
priority tagging and queuing capabilities for Wi-Fi networks.

● WMM Enabled.(Default)
● WMM Disabled

NOTE: This feature is not installed through an Administrator
Package when a user's computer has an Intel PRO/Wireless
2915ABG Network Connection or an Intel PRO/Wireless
2200BG Network Connection.

Mixed Mode Protection Use to avoid data collisions in a mixed 802.11b and 802.11g
environment. Request to Send/Clear to Send (RTS/CTS)
should be used in an environment where clients may not hear
each other. CTS-to-self can be used to gain more throughput
in an environment where clients are in close proximity and can
hear each other.

Power Management Power Management: Allows you to select a balance between
power consumption and adapter performance. The wireless
adapter power settings slider sets a balance between the
computer's power source and the battery.

Select a balance between power consumption and adapter
performance.
PSP - Power Saving Mode
CAM - Constantly Awake Mode

Select one of the Power Saving Mode levels:

PSP CAM: The client adapter is powered up continuously.
PSP Level 1: PSP set at maximum power.
PSP Levels 2-4: PSP set to maximize power.
PSP Level 5: PSP set to maximize battery life.
PSP Auto: Default in PSP Level 6: Balances between power consumption and battery life.

NOTE: Power consumption savings vary based on infrastructure settings.

Preamble Mode Changes the preamble length setting received by the access
point during an initial connection. Always use a long preamble
length to connect to an access point. Auto Tx Preamble allows
automatic preamble detection. If supported, short preamble
should be used. If not, use long preamble (Long Tx Preamble).

NOTE: This feature is not installed through an Administrator
Package when a user's computer has an Intel PRO/Wireless
3965ABG Network Connection.

Roaming Aggressiveness Define how aggressively a wireless client roams to improve
connection to an access point

Click Use default value to balance between not roaming and
performance or select a value from the list.

Values:

0: No Roaming: Your wireless client does not
roam. Only significant link quality degradation
causes it to roam to another access point
1-3: Allow Roaming
2: Default: Balances between not roaming and performance. Click Use default value to select.
4: Maximum Roaming.

Throughput Enhancement Change the value of the Packet Burst Control.

● Enable: Select to enable throughput enhancement.
● Disable: (Default) - Select to disable throughput
enhancement.

Transmit Power If you decrease the transmit power, you reduce the radio
coverage.

Default Setting: Highest power setting

Values:

TX Minimum: Lowest Minimum Coverage: Set
the adapter to a lowest transmit power. Enable
you to expand the number of coverage areas or confine a coverage area. Reduce the coverage
area in high traffic areas to improve overall transmission quality and avoid congestion and interference with other devices.
TX Level 1, TX Level 2, TX Level 3: Set by country requirements.
TX Maximum: Highest Maximum Coverage:
Set the adapter to a maximum transmit power
level. Select for maximum performance and range
in environments with limited additional radio
devices.

NOTE: The optimal setting is for a user to always set the transmit power at the lowest possible level still compatible with the quality of their communication. This allows the
maximum number of wireless devices to operate in dense
areas and reduce interference with other devices that this
radio shares radio spectrum with.

NOTE:This setting takes effect when either Network (Infrastructure) or Device to Device (ad hoc) mode is used.
Wireless Mode Select which band to use for connection to a wireless network:

● 802.11a only: Connect the wireless adapter to 802.11a
networks only.
● 802.11b only: Connect the wireless adapter to 802.11b
networks only.
● 802.11g only: Connect the wireless adapter to 802.11g
networks only.
● 802.11a and 802.11g: Connect the wireless adapter
to 802.11a and 802.11g networks only.
● 802.11b and 802.11g: Connect the wireless adapter
to 802.11b and 802.11g networks only.
● 802.11a, 802.11b, and 802.11g: (Default) Connect to
either 802.11a, 802.11b or 802.11g wireless networks.

NOTE: These wireless modes (modulation types) determine the discovered access points displayed in the Wireless
Networks list.

NOTE: This setting is not applicable for Windows Vista(TM)
client.

OK Saves settings and return to the previous page.

Close Closes the page and cancels any changes.

Help? Provides help information for this page.

Software

Select which Intel PROSet/Wireless software components are installed on a user's computer.

1. Select Include Software in this package.
2. Place the Intel PROSet/Wireless installation CD in the CD drive.
3. Specify the Intel PROSet/Wireless Software Installation directory: Click Browse to locate the Autorun.exe file.
4. Click OK.
5. Specify which components you want to include in this package: Select which applications to install on a user's computer.

Name Description

Wireless LAN adapter
driver

Installs the NDIS driver for the wireless LAN adapter.

Intel PROSet/
Wireless

Select which features to install on a user's computer.

● Intel(R) Wireless Troubleshooter: Helps you resolve
wireless connection issues.
● Single Sign On: Matches your Windows log on user name
and password credentials for wireless network connections.
❍ Pre-logon/Common Connect: A Pre-logon/Common
profile is active once a user logs onto the computer.
● WMI Support: (Windows Management Instrumentation) Allows administrators who do not have Intel PROSet/Wireless installed to remotely manage clients that do have Intel PROSet/Wireless installed.
● Administrator Tool: Installs the Administrator Tool to the
Tools menu.

NOTE: Intel Wireless Troubleshooter and Single Sign On are not
applicable for Windows Vista Client.

To reduce the size of the software files in your Administrator Package:

1. Copy the installation folders from your Intel PROSet/Wireless software to a local directory.
2. Remove unused language folders from the \IA32\Docs\ and the \IA32\IProLang folders.
For example, if you only need the English folders, you can remove all the language
folders except ENU.

NOTE: If you create an Administrator Package on a Microsoft Windows XP
Professional x64 Edition system, the language files are located in the \Docs and the \IA32E\IProLang folders.

3. Use the files from your local directory to add the software files to the Administrator package.

NOTE: If you plan to use Novell(R) Client(TM) for Windows, it should be installed
prior to installation of the Intel PROSet/Wireless software. If Intel PROSet/Wireless
is already installed, you should remove it prior to installation of Novell Client for
Windows.

EAP-FAST A-ID Groups

NOTE: This feature is unavailable if CCXv4 is not selected in the Administrator
Tool Application Settings

An Authority Identifier (A-ID) is the radius server that provisions Protected Access Credential (PACs) A-ID groups. A-ID groups are shared by all users of the computer and allow EAP-FAST profiles to support multiple PACs from multiple A-IDs.

The A-ID groups can be pre-configured by the administrator and set up through an Administrator Package on a user's computer. When a wireless network profile encounters a server with an A-ID within the same group of the A-ID specified in the wireless network profile, it uses this PAC without a prompt to the user.

To add an A-ID Group:

1. Select Include A-ID Groups.
2. Click Add.
3. Enter a new A-ID group name.
4. Click OK. The A-ID group is added to the A-ID Group list.

If the A-ID group is locked, then additional A-IDs cannot be added to the group.

To add an A-ID to an A-ID group:

1. Select a group from the A-ID Groups list.
2. Click Add in the A-IDs section.
3. Select an A-ID.
4. Click OK. The A-ID is added to the list.

Once an A-ID group has been selected, the A-IDs are extracted from the PACs on the A-ID group server. The list of A-IDs is automatically populated.

NOTE: EAP-FAST AID Groups are not applicable for Windows Vista Client.

Administrator Tasks

How to Obtain a Client Certificate

If you do not have any certificates for EAP-TLS (TLS) or EAP-TTLS (TTLS) you must obtain a client certificate to allow authentication.

Certificates are managed from either Internet Explorer or the Microsoft Windows Control Panel.

Windows XP and Windows 2000: When a client certificate is obtained, do not enable strong private key protection. If you enable strong private key protection for a certificate, you need to enter an access password for the certificate every time this certificate is used. You must disable strong private key protection for the certificate if you configure the service for TLS or TTLS authentication. Otherwise, the 802.1x service fails authentication because there is no logged in user to provide the required password.

Notes about Smart Cards

After a Smart Card is installed, the certificate is automatically installed on your computer and is chosen from the personal certificate store and root certificate store.

Set up a Client with TLS Network Authentication

Step 1: Obtain a certificate

To allow TLS authentication, you need a valid client certificate in the local repository for the logged-in user's account. You also need a trusted CA certificate in the root store.

The following information provides two methods for obtaining a certificate:

● From a corporate certification authority (CA) implemented on a Windows 2000 server.
● Import a certificate from a file with Internet Explorer's certificate import wizard.

If you do not know how to obtain a user certificate from the CA, consult your administrator for the procedure.

To install the CA on the local machine:

1. Obtain the CA and store it on your local drive.
2. Click Import. The Certificate Import Wizard opens.
3. Click Next.
4. Click Browse to locate the certificate on your local drive.
5. Click the exported certificate.
6. Click Open.
7. Click Next.
8. Click Place all certificates in the following store.
9. Click Browse to open the Select Certificate Store.
10. Click Show physical stores.
11. Click OK.
12. From the list of stores, scroll up and expand Trusted Root Certificate Authorities.
13. Click Local Computer.
14. Click OK.
15. Click Next.
16. Click Finish to complete the process.
17. Reboot after a certificate is installed.

Use Microsoft Management Console (MMC) to verify that the CA is installed in the machine
store.

1. In the Start menu, click Run.
2. Enter MMC.

3. Click OK to open The Microsoft Management Console.
4. Click File.
5. Click Add/Remove Snap-in.
6. Click Add to open the Add Standalone Snap-in page.
7. Click Certificates.
8. Click Add.
9. Click Computer account.
10. Click Next.
11. Click Finish.
12. Click Close.
13. Click OK.
14. In the console, click Certificates (Local Computer).
15. Click Trusted Root Certificate Authorities.
16. Click Certificates.
17. Verify that the CA you just installed is listed.
18. Click File.
19. Click Exit to close the console.

Obtain a certificate from a Microsoft Windows 2000 CA:

1. Start Internet Explorer and browse to the Certificate Authority HTTP Service (use an URL such as http://yourdomainserver.yourdomain/certsrv with certsrv being the command
that brings you to the certificate authority. You can also use the IP address of the server machine. For example, "192.0.2.12/certsrv."
2. Logon to the CA with the name and password of the user account you created on the authentication server. The name and password do not have to be the same as the Windows log on name and password of the current user.
3. On the Welcome page of the CA, select Request a certificate task and submit the form.
4. Choose Request Type: Select Advanced request.
5. Click Next.
6. Advanced Certificate Requests: Select Submit a certificate request to this CA using a form.
7. Click Submit.
8. Advanced Certificate Request: Select User certificate template.
9. Click Mark keys as exportable.
10. Click Next. Use the provided defaults.
11. Certificate Issued: Click Install this certificate.

NOTE: If this is the first certificate you have obtained, the CA first asks you if it
should install a trusted CA certificate in the root store. This is not a trusted CA
certificate. The name on the certificate is that of the host of the CA. Click Yes. You
need this certificate for both TLS and TTLS.

12. If your certificate was successfully installed, you see the message, "Your new certificate has been successfully installed."
13. To verify the installation, click Internet Explorer Tools Internet Options Content Certificates. The new certificate should be installed in the Personal folder.

Import a Certificate from a File

1. Open Internet Properties (right-click on the Internet Explorer icon on the desktop.
2. Select Properties.
3. Content: Click Certificates. The list of installed certificates appears.
4. Click Import to open the Certificate Import Wizard.
5. Select the file.
6. Specify your access password for the file. Clear Enable strong private key protection.
7. Certificate store: Click Automatically select certificate store based on the type of certificate (the certificate must be in the user accounts personal store to be accessible).
8. Proceed to Completing the Certificate Import and click Finish.

To configure a profile with WPA authentication with WEP or TKIP encryption that uses TLS authentication:

NOTE: Obtain and install a client certificate, refer to Step 1 or consult your
administrator.

Specify the certificate used by Intel PROSet/Wireless

style="list-style-type: decimal"
1. On the Profile page, click Add to open General Settings.
2. Profile Name: Enter a profile name.
3. Wireless Network Name (SSID): Enter the network identifier.
4. Operating Mode: Click Network (Infrastructure).
5. Click Next to access the Security Settings.
6. Click Enterprise Security.
7. Network Authentication: Select Open (Recommended).
8. Data Encryption: Select WEP.
9. 802.1x Enabled: Selected.
10. Authentication Type: Select TLS.

Step 1 of 2: TLS User

1. Obtain and install a client certificate.
2. Select one of the following to obtain a certificate:

Name Description

Static Password On connection, enter the user credentials.

One-time password (OTP) Obtain the password from a hardware token device.

PIN (Soft Token) Obtain the password from a soft token program.

3. Click Next.

Step 2 of 2: TLS Server

1. Select one of the following credential retrieval methods: Validate Server Certificate or Specify Server or Certificate Name.
2. Click OK. The profile is added to the Profiles list.
3. Click the new profile at the end of the Profiles list. Use the up and down arrows to change the priority of the new profile.
4. Click Connect to connect to the selected wireless network.
5. Click OK to close Intel PROSet/Wireless.

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Glossary of Terms

Numerical A B C D E F G H I L M N O P R S T W

Term	Definition
802.11	The 802.11 standard refers to a family of specifications developed by the IEEE for wireless LAN technology. The 802.11 specifies an over-the-air interface between a wireless client and a base station or between two wireless clients operating in the 2.4 GHz band. 802.11 supports 1 or 2 Mbps transmission in the 2.4 GHz band using either frequency hopping spread spectrum (FHSS) or direct sequence spread spectrum (DSSS).
802.11a	The 802.11a standard specifies a maximum data transfer rate of 54 Mbps and an operating frequency of 5 GHz. The 802.11a standard uses the Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing (OFDM) transmission method. Additionally, the 802.11a standard supports 802.11 features such as WEP encryption for security.
802.11b	802.11b is an extension to 802.11 that applies to wireless LANs and provides 11 Mbps transmission (with a fallback to 5.5, 2 and 1 Mbps) in the 2.4 GHz band. 802.11b uses only DSSS. Throughput data rate 5+ Mbps in the 2.4 GHz band.
802.11g	The 802.11g standard specifies a maximum data transfer rate of 54 Mbps, an operating frequency of 2.4GHz, and WEP encryption for security. 802.11g networks are also referred to as Wi-Fi networks.
802.1x	802.1x is the IEEE Standard for Port-Based Network Access Control. This is used in conjunction with EAP methods to provide access control and secure wireless networks.
AAA Server	Authentication, Authorization and Accounting Server. A system to control access to computer resources and track user activity.
Access Point (AP)	A device that connects wireless devices to another network. For example, a wireless LAN, Internet modem or others.
Ad hoc network	A communication configuration in which one computer has the same capabilities, and any computer can initiate a communication session. Also known as a peer-to-peer network or a computer-to-computer network.
AES-CCMP	Advanced Encryption Standard - Counter CBC-MAC Protocol is the new method for privacy protection of wireless transmissions specified in the IEEE 802.11i standard. AES-CCMP provides a stronger encryption than WEP/TKIP.
Authentication	Verifies the identity of a user logging onto a network. Passwords, digital certificates, smart cards and biometrics are used to prove the identity of the client to the network. Passwords and digital certificates are used to verify the identity of the server to the client.
BER	Bit error rate. The ratio of errors to the total number of bits being sent in a data transmission from one location to another.
Bit Rate	The total number of bits (ones and zeros) per second that a network connection can support. Note that this bit rate will vary; under optimal conditions, with different signal path conditions.
Broadcast SSID	Used to allow an access point to respond to clients on a wireless network by sending beacons.
BSSID	A unique identifier for each wireless client on a wireless network. The Basic Service Set Identifier (BSSID) is the Ethernet MAC address of each station in the network.
Certificate	Cisco Key Integrity Protocol (CKIP) is a Cisco proprietary security protocol for encryption in 802.11 media. CKIP uses a key message integrity check and message sequence number to improve 802.11 security in infrastructure mode. CKIP is Cisco's version of TKIP.
Client computer	The computer that gets its Internet connection by sharing either the host computer's connection or the Access Point's connection.
CKIP	Cisco Key Integrity Protocol.
CSSS	Direct Sequence Spread Spectrum. Technology used in radio transmission. Incompatible with FHSS.
DSSS	Short for Extensible Authentication Protocol. EAP sits inside of Point-to-Point Protocol's (PPP) authentication protocol and provides a generalized framework for several different authentication methods. EAP is supposed to head off proprietary authentication systems and the ever-changing front passwords. EAP encapsulates tokens and public-key infrastructure certificates all work smoothly.
EAP	EAP-FAST, like EAP-TLS and PEAP, uses tunneling to protect traffic. The main difference is that EAP-FAST does not use certificates to authenticate.
EAP-FAST	The EAP-GTC (Generic Token) is similar to the EAP-OTP except with hardware token cards. The request contains a displayable message, and the response contains the string read from the hardware token card.
EAP-GTC	EAP-OTP (One-Time Password) is similar to MD5, except it uses the OTP as the response. The request contains a displayable message. The OTP method is defined in RFC 2289. The OTP mechanism is employed extensively in VPN and PPP scenarios but not in the wireless world.
EAP-MD5	Extensible Authentication Protocol-Subscriber Identity Module (EAP-SIM) authentication can be used with:
	• Network Authentication types: Open, Shared, and WPA-Enterprise, WPA2-Enterprise.
	• Data Encryption types: None, WEP and CKIP.
EAP-OTP	A SIM card is a special smart card that is used by GSM-based digital cellular networks. The SIM card is used to validate your credentials with the network
EAP-SIM	A type of authentication method using EAP and a secure connection called the Transport Layer Security (TLS). EAP-TLS uses certificates instead of just passwords. EAP-TLS authentication supports dynamic WEP key management.
EAP-TTLS	A type of authentication method using EAP and Tunneled Transport Layer Security (TTLS). EAP-TTLS uses a combination of certificates and another security method such as passwords.
Encryption	Scrambling data so that only the authorized recipient can read it. Usually a key is needed to interpret the data.
FHSS	Frequency-Hop Spread Spectrum. Technology used in radio transmission. Incompatible with DSSS.
File and printer sharing	A capability that allows a number of people to view, modify, and print the same files. Also called workgroup computing.
Fragmentation threshold	The threshold at which the wireless adapter breaks the packet into multiple frames. This determines the packet size and affects the throughput of the transmission.
GHz	Gigahertz. A unit of frequency equal to 1,000,000,000 cycles per second.
Host computer	The computer that is directly connected to the Internet via a modem or network adapter.
Infrastructure Network	A wireless network centered around an access point. In this environment, the access point not only provides communication with the wired network, but also mediates wireless network traffic in the immediate neighborhood.
IEEE	Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers (IEEE) is an organization involved in defining computing and communications standards.
Internet Protocol (IP) address	The address of a computer that is attached to a network. Part of the address designates which network the computer is on, and the other part represents the host identification.
LAN	Local area network. A high-speed, low-error data network covering a relatively small geographic area.
LEAP	Light Extensible Authentication Protocol. A version of Extensible Authentication Protocol (EAP). LEAP is a proprietary encryption authentication developed by Cisco, which provides a challenge-response authentication mechanism and dynamic WEP assignment.
MAC	A hardwired address applied at the factory. It uniquely identifies network hardware, such as a wireless adapter, on a LAN or WAN.
Mbps	Megabits-per-second. Transmission speed of 1,000,000 bits per second.
MHz	Megahertz. A unit of frequency equal to 1,000,000 cycles per second.
MIC (Michael)	Message integrity check (commonly called Michael).
MS-CHAP	An EAP mechanism used by the client. Microsoft Challenge Authentication Protocol (MSCHAP) Version 2, is used over an encrypted channel to enable server validation. The challenge and response packets are sent over a specific type of encrypted channel.
ns	Nanosecond. 1 billionth (1/1,000,000,000) of a second
OFDM	Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing.
Open Authentication	Allows any device network access. If encryption is not enabled on the network, any device that knows the Service Set Identifier (SSID) of the access point can gain access to the network.
PEAP	Protected Extensible Authentication Protocol is an Internet Engineering Task Force (IETF) draft protocol sponsored by Microsoft, Cisco, and RSA Security. PEAP creates an encrypted tunnel similar to the tunnel used in secure web pages (SSL). Inside the encrypted tunnel, a number of other EAP authentication methods can be used to perform client authentication. PEAP requires a TLS certificate on the RADIUS server, but each EAP-TLS there is no requirement to have a certificate on the client. PEAP has not been ratified by the IETF. PEAP is similar to comparing PEAP and TTLS (Tunneled TLS) to determine an authentication standard for 802.1X authentication in 802.11 wireless systems. PEAP is an authentication type designed to take advantage of server-side EAP-Transport Layer Security (EAP-TLS) and to support various authentication methods, including user's passwords, one-time passwords, and Generic Token Cards.
Peer-to-Peer Mode	A wireless network structure that allows wireless clients to communicate with each other without using an access point.
Power Save mode	The state in which the radio is periodically powered down to conserve power. When the notebook is in Power Save mode, receive packets are stored in the access point until the wireless adapter wakes up.
Preferred network	One of the networks that has been configured. Such networks are listed under Preferred networks on the Wireless Networks tab of the Wireless Configuration Utility (Windows 2000 environment) or Wireless Network Connection Properties (Windows XP environment).
RADIUS	Remote Authentication Dial-In User Service (RADIUS) is an authentication and accounting system that verifies users credentials and grants access to requested resources.
RF	Radio Frequency. The international unit for measuring frequency is Hertz (Hz), which is equivalent to the older unit of cycles per second. One Mega-Hertz (MHz) is one million Hertz. One Giga-Hertz (GHz) is one billion Hertz. For reference: the standard AC electrical power frequency is 60 Hz, the AM broadcast radio frequency band is 0.55 - 1.6 MHz, the FM broadcast radio frequency band is 88-108 MHz, and microwave ovens typically operate at 2.45 GHz.
Roaming	Movement of a wireless node between two micro cells. Roaming usually occurs in infrastructure networks built around multiple access points. Cross-subnet network roaming is only supported in the same subnet of a network.
RTS threshold	The number of frames in the data packet at or above which an RTS/CTS (request to send/clear to send) handshake is turned on before the packet is sent. The default value is 2347.
Shared Key	An encryption key known only to the receiver and sender of data.
SIM	Subscriber Identity Module card is used to validate credentials with the network. A SIM card is a special smart card that is used by GSM-based digital cellular networks.
Silent Mode	Silent Mode Access Points or Wireless Routers have been configured to not broadcast the SSID for the wireless network. Wireless clients need to know the SSID in order to configure the wireless profile to connect to the access point or wireless router.
Single Sign On	Single Sign On features allow the EAP authentication to match your Windows log on user name and password credentials for wireless network access.
SSID	Service Set Identifier. SSID or network name is a value that controls access to a wireless network. The SSID for your wireless network card must match the SSID for any access point that you want to connect with. If the value does not match, you are not granted access to the network. The SSID can be up to 32 alphanumeric characters long and is case-sensitive.
Stealth	A stealth access point is one that has the capability and is configured to not broadcast its SSID. This is the wireless network name that appears when a SMU (Shared Media Unit) searches for an Intel® PROSet/Wireless) scans for available wireless networks. It is commonly considered a weak security feature, in that it does not readily disclose the presence of the wireless network. To connect to a stealth access point, a user must already know the SSID and configure their SMU accordingly. The feature is not a part of the Wi-Fi specification, and is known by different names by various vendors: closed mode, private network, SSID broadcasting.
TKIP	Temporal Key Integrity protocol improves data encryption. Wi-Fi Protected Access uses its TKIP. TKIP provides important data encryption enhancements including a re-keying method. TKIP is part of the IEEE 802.11i encryption standard for wireless networks. TKIP is the next generation of WEP, the Wired Equivalency Protocol, which is used to secure 802.11 wireless networks. TKIP provides per-packet key mixing, a message integrity check and a re-keying mechanism, thus fixing the flaws of WEP.
TLS	Transport Layer Security. A type of authentication method using the Extensible Authentication Protocol (EAP) and a security protocol called the Transport Layer Security (TLS). EAP-TLS uses certificates which use passwords. EAP-TLS authentication supports dynamic WEP key management. The TLS protocol is intended to secure and authenticate communications across a public network through data encryption. The TLS Handshake Protocol allows the server and client to provide mutual authentication and to negotiate an encryption algorithm and cryptographic keys before data is transmitted.
TTLS	Tunneled Transport Layer Security. These settings define the protocol and the credentials used to authenticate a user. In TTLS, the client uses EAP-TLS to validate the server and create a TLS encrypted channel between the client and server. The client can use another authentication protocol, typically password-based protocols, such as MD5 Challenge over this encrypted channel to enable server validation. The challenge and response packets are sent over a non-exposed TLS encrypted channel. TTLS implementations today support all methods defined by EAP, as well as several older methods (CHAP, PAP, MS-CHAP and MS-CHAPv2). TTLS can easily be extended to work with new protocols by defining new attributes to support new protocols.
WEP	Wired Equivalent Privacy. Wired Equivalency Privacy, 64- and 128-bit (64-bit is sometimes referred to as 40-bit). This is a low-level encryption technique designed to give the user about the same amount of privacy that he would expect from a LAN. WEP is a security protocol for wireless local area networks (WLANs) defined in the 802.11b standard. WEP is designed to provide the same level of security as that of a wired LAN. WEP aims to provide security by data over radio waves so that it is protected as it is transmitted from one end point to another.
WEP Key	Either a pass phrase or hexadecimal key. The pass phrase must be 5 ASCII characters for 64-bit WEP or 13 ASCII characters for 128-bit WEP. For pass phrases, G.h.-.+.-.&.*.(.)~.[.].<.>.{.}@#$%^&*()_+|`~-={}[]|\:';<?,./ are all valid characters. The hex key must be 10 hexadecimal characters (0-9, A-F) for 64-bit WEP or 26 hexadecimal characters (0-9, A-F) for 128-bit WEP.
Wi-Fi	Wireless Fidelity. It is meant to be used generically when referring to any type to 802.11 network, whether 802.11b, 802.11a, or dual-band.
Wireless Router	A stand-alone wireless hub that allows any computer that has a wireless network adapter to communicate with another wireless device within the same network and to connect to the Internet.
WLAN	Wireless Local-Area Network. A type of local-area network that uses high-frequency radio waves rather than wires to communicate between nodes.
WPA	Wi-Fi Protected Access (WPA) is a security enhancement that strongly increase the level of data protection and access control for a wireless network. WPA is an interim standard that will be replaced with the 802.11i standard when ratification is complete. WPA consists of RC4 and TKIP and provides support for BSS (infrastructure) mode. WPA also supports IBSS (ad hoc) mode. (Not supported with WPA.)
WPA2	Wi-Fi Protected Access 2 (WPA2). This is the second generation of WPA that complies with the IEEE TGi specification. WPA2 consists of AES encryption, pre-authentication and PMKID caching. It provides support for BSS (infrastructure) mode and IBSS (ad hoc) mode. (Not supported with WPA.)
WPA-Enterprise	Wi-Fi Protected Access-Enterprise applies to corporate users. A new standards-based, high-security authentication technology for wireless LAN (subset of IEEE 802.11i draft standard) that encrypts data sent over radio waves. WPA is a Wi-Fi standard that was designed to improve upon the security features of WEP as follows: • Improved data encryption through the temporal key integrity protocol (TKIP). TKIP scrambles the keys using a hashing algorithm and, by adding an integrity-checking feature, ensures that the keys have not been tampered with. • User authentication, which is generally missing in WEP, through the extensible authentication protocol (EAP). WEP regulates access to a wireless network based on a computer's hardware-specific MAC address, which is relatively simple to be sniffed out and stolen. EAP is built on a more secure public-key encryption system to ensure that only authorized network users can access the network. WPA is an interim standard that will be replaced with the IEEE's 802.11i standard upon its completion.
WPA-Personal	Wi-Fi Protected Access-Personal provides a level of security in the small network or home environment.
WPA-PSK	Wi-Fi Protected Access-Pre-Shared Key (WPA-PSK) mode does not use an authentication server. It can be used with the data encryption types WEP or TKIP. WPA-PSK requires configuration of a pre-shared key (PSK). You must enter a pass phrase or 64 hex characters for a Pre-Shared Key of length 256-bits. The data encryption key is derived from the PSK.

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Wireless Network Overview

About Wireless Network Technology
What do I need to setup a Wireless Network?
Wireless Networking Basics

- What is a wireless network management utility?
- Network Name
- Profiles
- Security
- Configure a Wireless Network
- Identify a Wireless Network
- Select a Wireless Network Mode

How do I turn my radio on and off?

About Wireless Network Technology

A Wireless Local Area Network (WLAN) connects computers without network cables. Instead computers use radio communications to send data between each other. In a WLAN, a radio communications device called an access point or wireless router connects network computers and provides Internet or network access. You can communicate directly with other wireless computers, or connect to an existing network through a wireless access point. When you set up your wireless adapter, you select the operating mode for the kind of wireless network you want. You can use your Intel(R) PRO/Wireless Network Connection adapter to connect to other similar wireless devices that comply with the 802.11 standard for wireless networking.

What do I need to setup a Wireless Network?

To setup a wireless network, you need the following:

- Broadband internet service such as cable or DSL. This includes a broadband modem
- A wireless router
- A wireless network adapter (wireless card) for each computer that you want to connect to the wireless network.

Wireless Networking Basics

What is a wireless network manager or client utility?

The software application on your computer that is used to manage your wireless connections is commonly referred to as a wireless network manager or client utility. Your Dell portable computer ships with two client utilities installed: Intel PROSet/Wireless and Microsoft Windows Zero Configuration. Intel PROSet is set by default as the utility which controls the management of your wireless connections.

You can select which utility is the managing utility based on your preference. However, it is important to understand that the wireless network connection settings (profiles) created by each utility are only applied when that utility is managing. It is a common error for users to inadvertently switch between the two utilities. This is a problem because network settings created in one utility are not applied if the other utility is managing the wireless connections. It is recommended that you choose one client utility to manage your wireless connections, and stay with it.

Refer to Connect to a Network for more information.

Network Name

Each wireless network uses a unique Network Name to identify the network. This name is called the Service Set Identifier (SSID). When you set up your wireless adapter, you specify the SSID. If you want to connect to an existing network, you must use the name for that network. If you set up your own network, you can make up your own name and use it on each computer. The name can be up to 32 characters long and contain letters and numbers.

Profiles

A profile is a saved group of network settings. Profiles display in the Profiles list. Profiles are useful when moving from one wireless network to another. Different profiles can be configured for each wireless network. Profile settings can include the network name (SSID), operating mode, and security settings. From the Intel(R) PROSet/Wireless main window you can add, edit, and remove profiles.

Security

The 802.11 wireless networks use encryption to help protect your data. Wired equivalent privacy (WEP) uses a 64- or 128-bit shared encryption key to scramble data. Before a computer transmits data, it uses a secret encryption key to scramble the data. The receiving computer uses this same key to unscramble the data. If you connect to an existing network, use the encryption key provided by the administrator of the wireless network. If you set up your own network, you can make up your own key and use it on each computer.

The 802.1x authentication is independent of the 802.11 authentication process. The 802.1x standard provides a framework for various authentication and key-management protocols. There are different 802.1x authentication types, each providing a different approach to authentication, but all employing the same 802.1x protocol and framework for communication between a client and an access point. The 802.1x authentication methods include passwords, certificates and smart cards (plastic cards that hold data). 802.1x authentication option can only be used with Infrastructure operation mode.

Configure a Wireless Network

There are three basic components that must be configured for an 802.11 wireless network to operate properly:

- **Network Name:** Each wireless network uses a unique Network Name to identify the network. This name is called the Service Set Identifier (SSID). When you set up your wireless adapter, you specify the SSID. If you want to connect to an existing network, you must use the name for that network. If you are setting up your own network you can make up your own name and use it on each computer. The name can be up to 32 characters long and contain letters and numbers.
- **Profiles:** When you set up your computer to access a wireless network, Intel (R) PROSet/Wireless creates a profile for the wireless settings that you specify. If you want to connect to another network, you can scan for existing networks and make a temporary connection, or create a new profile for that network. After you create profiles, your computer will automatically connect when you change locations.
- **Security:** The 802.11 wireless networks use encryption to help protect your data. Wired equivalent privacy (WEP) uses a 64-bit- or 128-bit shared encryption key to scramble data. Before a computer transmits data, it uses a secret encryption key to scramble the data. The receiving computer uses this same key to unscramble the data. If you are connecting to an existing network, use the encryption key provided by the administrator of the wireless network. If you are setting up your own network you can make up your own key and use it on each computer.

  802.1x authentication is independent of the 802.11 authentication process. The 802.1x standard provides a framework for various authentication and key-management protocols. There are different 802.1x authentication types, each providing a different approach to authentication but all employing the same 802.1x protocol and framework for communication between a client and an access point

Refer to Get Connected

Identify a Wireless Network

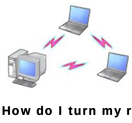
Depending on the size and components of a wireless network, there are many ways to identify a wireless network:

- **The Network Name or Service Set Identifier (SSID):** Identifies a wireless network. All wireless devices on the network must use the same SSID.
- **Extended Service Set Identifier (ESSID):** A special case of SSID used to identify a wireless network that includes access points.
- **Independent Basic Service Set Identifier (IBSSID):** A special case of SSID used to identify a network of wireless computers configured to communicate directly with one another without using an access point.
- **Basic Service Set Identifier (BSSID):** A unique identifier for each wireless device. The BSSID is the Ethernet MAC address of the device.
- **Broadcast SSID:** An access point can respond to computers sending probe packets with the broadcast SSID. If this feature is enabled on the access point, any wireless user can associate with the access point by using a blank (null) SSID.
- **Basic Service Set (BSS):** Consists of two or more wireless nodes, or stations, which have recognized each other and have established communications.
- **Independent Basic Service Set (IBSS):** A mode of operation in an 802.11 system that allows direct communication between 802.11 devices without the need to set up a communication session with an access point.

Select a Wireless Network Mode

Wireless networks can operate with or without access points, depending on the number of users in the network. Infrastructure mode uses access points to allow wireless computers to send and receive information. Wireless computers transmit to the access point, the access point receives the information and rebroadcasts it to other computers. The access point can also connect to a wired network or to the Internet. Multiple access points can work together to provide coverage over a wide area.

Device-to-Device mode, also called ad hoc mode, works without access points and allows wireless computers to send information directly to other wireless computers. You can use Device-to-Device mode to network computers in a home or small office or to set up a temporary wireless network for a meeting.



How do I turn my radio on and off?

You can want to turn your wireless adapter's radio on and off to:

- Conserve your computer's battery when not connected
- Meet the requirement to turn off radios on airplanes to prevent interference

There are two methods to turn the radio on and off:

- The hardware switch
- The Enable/Disable button in Intel PROSet/Wireless software

A common cause for users not being able to connect to a wireless network is due to the radio being turned off. If you are unable to connect to a wireless network, verify that your radio is turned on by both the hardware switch and the software Enable/Disable button. Verify that you have checked both methods.

Refer to Enable or Disable the Wireless Radio for more information.

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- Authentication Protocols

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- Cisco Rogue Access Point Security Feature
- Fast Roaming (CCKM)
- CKIP
- 802.11b and 802.11g Mixed Environment Protection Protocol
- EAP-FAST
- Mixed Cell Mode
- Radio Management

WEP Encryption

Use IEEE 802.11 Wired Equivalent Privacy (WEP) encryption to prevent unauthorized reception of wireless data. WEP encryption provides two levels of security that use a 64 bit key (sometimes referred to as 40-bit) or a 128-bit key (also known as 104-bit). For stronger security, use a 128-bit key. If you use encryption, all wireless devices on your wireless network must use the same encryption keys.

Wired Equivalent Privacy (WEP) encryption and shared authentication provide protection for your data on the network. WEP uses an encryption key to encrypt data before transmitting it. Only computers that use the same encryption key can access the network or decrypt the encrypted data transmitted by other computers. Authentication provides an additional level of security that controls access to the access point.

The WEP encryption algorithm is vulnerable to passive and active network attacks. TKIP and CKIP algorithms include enhancements to the WEP protocol that mitigate existing network attacks to address its shortcomings.

Open and Shared Key Authentication

IEEE 802.11 supports two types of network authentication methods: Open System and Shared Key.

- When **Open** authentication is used, any wireless station can request authentication. Typically the station that needs to authenticate with another wireless station sends a request for authentication to data-network request that contains the identity of the sending station. The receiving station or access point grants any request for authentication. Open authentication does not allow any secure network access. If no encryption is enabled on the network, any device that sends the correct Service Set Identifier (SSID) of the access point can gain access to the network.
- When **Shared Key** authentication is used, each wireless station is assumed to have received a secret key by way of a secure channel that is independent from the 802.11 wireless network communications channel. Shared key authentication requires that the client encrypt a static WEP key. The client access is granted only if it passes a challenge-based authentication.

802.1x Authentication

How 802.1x Authentication Works
802.1x Features

Overview

The 802.1x authentication is independent of the 802.11 authentication process. The 802.1x standard provides a framework for various authentication and key management protocols. There are different 802.1x authentication types, each provides a different way to authenticate the client and the server. With 802.1x the protocol and framework for communication between a client and an access point. In this framework, the access point acts as a proxy for the client device. The access point forwards requests from the client for data encryption. Refer to the authentication works for more information. With 802.1x authentication, an authentication server communicates the client and the access point using Extensible Dial-In User Service (RADIUS) server connected to the access point. The authentication process uses information such as a user's password that is not sent over the air in the wireless network. Most 802.1x types support dynamic per-user, per-session WEP encryption keys. The security 802.1x delivers depends on the use of an underlying authentication protocol known as the Extensible Authentication Protocol (EAP).

802.1x authentication for wireless networks has three main components:

- The authenticator (the access point)
- The supplicant (the client software)
- The authentication server (RADIUS)

The 802.1x authentication process initiates an authorization request from the wireless client to the access point, which authenticates the client to an Extensible Authentication Protocol over LAN (EAPOL)-enabled RADIUS server. The RADIUS server may authenticate either the user (via passwords or certificates) or the system (by MAC address). In theory, the wireless client is not allowed to join the network until the transaction is complete.

There are several authentication algorithms used for 802.1x. Some examples are: EAP-TLS, EAP-TTLS, and Protected EAP (PEAP). These are all methods for the wireless client to identify itself to the authentication server. With RADIUS servers, user identities are checked against databases. RADIUS constitutes a set of standards that define how Authentication, Authorization and Accounting (AAA) RADIUS includes a proxy process to validate clients in a multi-server environment. 802.1x RADIUS servers are the IEEE standard method for port-based network access. 802.11 wireless and Ethernet LANs are port-based network access. Ethernet LANs similar to a switched local area network (LAN) infrastructure that authenticates devices attached to a LAN port and prevent access to that port if the authentication process fails.

What is RADIUS?

RADIUS is the Remote Authentication Dial-In User Service, an Authorization, Authentication, and Accounting (AAA) client-server protocol, that is used when a dial-up user client tries to dial in a Network Access Server. Typically, a RADIUS server is used by Internet Service Providers (ISP) to perform AAA tasks. AAA phases are described as follows:

- **Authentication phase:** Verifies a user name and password against a local database. After credentials are verified, the authorization process begins.
- **Authorization phase:** Determines whether a request is allowed access to a resource. An IP address is assigned for the dial-up client.
- **Accounting phase:** Collects information on resource usage for the purpose of trend analysis, auditing, session time billing, or cost allocation.

How 802.1x Authentication Works

A simplified description of 802.1x authentication is:

1. A client sends a "request to access" message to an access point. The access point requests the identity of the client.
2. The client replies with its identity packet which is passed along to the authentication server.
3. The authentication server sends an "accept" packet to the access point.
4. The access point places the client port in the authorized state and data traffic is allowed to proceed.

802.1x Features

- 802.1x supports protocol support
- Extensible Authentication Protocol Authentication Protocol (EAP) - RFC 2284
- Supported authentication Methods
  - EAP TLS Authentication Protocol - RFC 2716 and RFC 2246
  - EAP Tunneled TLS (TTLS)
  - PEAP
- Supports Windows XP and Windows 2000

NOTE: Intel PROSet/Wireless security features on Windows Vista support TTLS and EAP-SIM authentication only.

WPA or WPA2

Wi-Fi Protected Access (WPA or WPA2) is a security enhancement that strongly increases the level of data protection and access control to a wireless network. WPA enforces 802.11 security standards and key exchange and only works with dynamic encryption keys. To strengthen data encryption, WPA utilizes its Temporal Key Integrity Protocol (TKIP). TKIP encrypts the keys using a 128-bit key sharing process. And include a per packet key mixing function, a message integrity check (MIC) called Michael an extended initialization vector (IV) with sequencing rules, and a delivering mechanism. With these enhancements, TKIP protects against WEP's known weaknesses.

The second generation of WPA that complies with the IEEE TGi specification is known as WPA2.

Enterprise Mode: Enterprise Mode verifies network users through a RADIUS or other authentication server. WPA utilizes 128-bit encryption keys and dynamic session keys to ensure your wireless network's privacy and enterprise security. Enterprise Mode is for your business corporation or governmental networks.

Personal Mode: Personal Mode requires manual configuration of a pre-shared key (PSK) on the access point and clients. PSK authenticates users via a password, or passphrase, that is manually entered on wireless devices. This authentication method is ideal for a home or small business environments.

WPA-Enterprise and WPA2-Enterprise: Provide this level of security on an enterprise network with 802.1x RADIUS server. An authentication key management type is selected to match the authentication protocol of the 802.1x server.

NOTE: WPA-Personal and WPA2-Enterprise are interoperable.

WPA-Personal and WPA2-Personal: Provide this level of security in the small network or home environment. It uses a password also called a pre-shared key (PSK). The longer the passphrase, the stronger the security of your wireless network. If your wireless access point or router supports WPA-Personal and WPA2-Personal then you should enable one of these options and provide a long, strong passphrase. The same password entered into access point needs to be used on this computer and all other wireless devices to access the wireless network.

NOTE: WPA-Personal and WPA2-Personal are not interoperable.

AES-CCMP - (Advanced Encryption Standard - Counter CBC-MAC Protocol) The new method for privacy protection of wireless transmissions specified in the IEEE 802.11i standard. AES-CCMP provides a stronger encryption method than TKIP. Choose AES-CCMP as the data encryption method whenever strong data protection is important.

NOTE: Some security solutions may not be supported by your computer's operating system and may require additional software or hardware as well as wireless LAN infrastructure support. Check with your computer manufacturer for details.

TKIP (Temporal Key Integrity Protocol) is an enhancement to WEP (Wired Equivalent Privacy) security. TKIP provides per-packet key mixing, a message integrity check and a rekeying mechanism, which fixes the flaws of WEP.

TLS

A type of authentication method using the Extensible Authentication Protocol (EAP) and a security protocol known as the Transport Layer Security (TLS). With TLS users and certificates which use passwords. EAP-TLS authentication supports dynamic WEP keys. EAP-TLS is one of the most widely supported EAP types. It is also the strongest EAP authentication type and network-based data encryption. The EAP Handshake Protocol allows the server and client to provide mutual authentication and to negotiate an encryption algorithm and cryptographic keys before data is transmitted.

TTLS

These settings define the protocol and the credentials used to authenticate a user. TTLS (Tunneled Transport Layer Security). Like EAP-TLS, uses EAP-TLS to validate the server and create a TLS-encrypted channel between the client and server. The client is not authenticated until after encryption is established. Unlike EAP-TLS, which uses TLS to authenticate the client, TTLS is designed to enable server validation. The challenge and response packets are sent over a non-exposed TLS encrypted channel. TTLS implementations support a variety of methods defined by EAP, as well as several older methods (PAP, CHAP, MS-CHAP and MS-CHAPv2). TTLS can easily be extended to work with new protocols, providing new attributes to support new protocols.

Authentication Protocols

- **MD5:** Message Digest 5 (MD5) is a one-way authentication method that uses user names and passwords. With PEAP this method does not support key management, but does require a pre-configured key if data encryption is used. It can be safely deployed for wireless authentication inside EAP tunnel methods.
- **PAP:** Password Authentication Protocol is a two way handshake protocol designed for use with PPP. The user name and password are sent to the server in plaintext (unencrypted) until the handshake is complete. It is not secure.
- **CHAP:** Challenge Handshake Authentication Protocol is a three-way handshake protocol that is considered more secure than PAP Authentication Protocol.
- **MS-CHAP (MD4):** Uses a Microsoft version of RSA Message Digest 4 challenge-and-reply protocol. This only works on Microsoft systems and Microsoft servers. It doesn't this automatically derive encryption keys across all data to be encrypted.
- **MS-CHAP-V2:** Introduces an additional feature not available with MSCHAPV1 or standard CHAP authentication, the client/server mutual feature. This feature allows the client to change the account password if the RADIUS server reports that the password has expired.

PEAP

PEAP is a new Extensible Authentication Protocol (EAP) IEEE 802.1x authentication type designed to take advantage of server-side EAP-Transport Layer Security (EAP-TLS) and support additional authentication methods, including users' passwords and one-time passwords, and Generic Token Cards.

Authentication Protocols

- **Generic Token Card (GTC):** Carries user specific token cards for the authentication. The main feature in GTC is Digital Certificate/Token Card based authentication. In addition, GTC includes the ability to link user name identities until the TLS encrypted tunnel is established, which provides additional confidentiality that user names are not being broadcasted during the authentication process.
- **MS-CHAP-V2:** Refer to MS-CHAP-V2 above.
- **TLS:** The TLS protocol is intended to secure and authenticate communications across a public network through data encryption. The TLS Handshake Protocol allows the server and client to mutually authenticate and negotiate and to negotiate an encryption algorithm and cryptographic keys before data is transmitted. Refer to TLS above.

Cisco Features

NOTE: Cisco features are not supported on a Windows Vista platform.

Cisco LEAP

Cisco LEAP (Cisco Light-EAP) is a server and client 802.1x authentication through a user-supplied login password. It provides a wireless access point communication with a Cisco LEAP-enabled RADIUS (Cisco Secure Access Control Server [ACS]). Cisco LEAP provides access control through mutual authentication between client wireless adapters and the wireless networks and provides dynamic, individual user encryption keys to help protect the privacy of transmitted data.

Cisco Rogue Access Point Security Feature

The Cisco Rogue Access Point feature provides security protection from an introduction of a rogue access point that could involve a legitimate access point on a network in order to extract information about user credentials and authentication exchanges to compromise network security. This feature only works with Cisco's LEAP authentication. Standard 802.11 technology does not protect a network from the introduction of a rogue access point. Refer to LEAP Authentication for more information.

Fast Roaming (CCKM)

When a wireless LAN is configured for fast reconnection, a LEAP-enabled client device can roam from one access point to another without involving the main server. Using Cisco Centralized Key Management (CCKM), an access point configured to provide Wireless Domain Services (WDS) takes the place of the RADIUS server, authenticates the client without perceptible delay in voice or other time-sensitive applications.

CKIP

Cisco Key Integrity Protocol (CKIP) is Cisco proprietary security protocol for encryption in 802.11 media. CKIP uses the following features to improve 802.11 security in infrastructure mode:

- Key Permutation (KP)
- Message Number

802.11b and 802.11g Mixed Environment Protection Protocol

Some access points, for example Cisco 350 or Cisco 1200, support environments in which not all client stations support WEP encryption; this is called Mixed-Cell-Mode. When these wireless networks operate in "optional encryption" mode, client stations that join in WEP mode, send all messages encrypted, and stations that use standard 802.11 without WEP encryption send all messages unencrypted. Mixed-Cell is a network does not use encryption, but allows clients that use WEP mode to join. When Mixed-Cell is enabled in a profile, it allows you to connect to access points that are configured for "optional encryption."

Radio Management

When this feature is enabled your wireless adapter provides radio management information to the Cisco infrastructure. If the Cisco Radio Management utility is used in the infrastructure, it configures radio parameters, detects interference and rogue access points.

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Specifications

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Intel PRO/Wireless 2915ABG Network Connection
Intel PRO/Wireless 2200BG Network Connection

Intel Wireless WiFi Link 4965AGN

Form Factor	PCI Express (TM) Mini Card
Dimensions	Height 2.00 in x 1.18 in x 0.18 in (50.95 mm x 30 mm x 4.5 mm)
Antenna Interface Connector	Hirose U.FL-R-SMT mates with cable connector U.FL-LP-066
Antenna Diversity	On board diversity
Connector Interface	53-pin Mini Card edge connector
Voltage	3.3 V
Operating Temperature	0 to +80 degrees Celsius
Humidity	50% to 95% non-condensing (at temperatures of 25 °C to 35 °C)
Frequency Modulation	**5 GHz (802.11a / n)** / **2.4 GHz (802.11b/g / n)**
Frequency band	5.15 GHz – 5.85 GHz (dependent on country)	2.400 - 2.4835 GHz (dependent on country)
Modulation	BPSK, QPSK, 16 QAM, 64 QAM	CCK, QQPSK, DBPSK
Wireless Medium	5 GHz:Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing (OFDM)	2.4 GHz ISM: Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing (OFDM)
Channels	4 to 12 (dependent on country)	Channel 1-11 (US only) Channel 1-13 (Japan, Europe)
IEEE 802.11n	300, 270, 240, 180, 150, 144, 135, 130, 120, 117, 115.5, 90, 86.667, 72.2, 65, 60, 57.8, 45, 43.3, 30, 28.9, 21.7, 15, 14.4, 7.2 Mbps
IEEE 802.11a Data Rates	54, 48, 36, 24, 18, 12, 9, 6 Mbps
IEEE 802.11g Data Rates	54, 48, 36, 24, 18, 12, 11, 9, 6 Mbps
IEEE 802.11b Data Rates	11, 5.5, 2, 1 Mbps
General	
Operating Systems	Microsoft Windows 2000: Microsoft Windows XP (32 and 64 bit): Windows Vista(TM) (32 and 64 bit)
Wi-Fi(R) Alliance certification	Wi-Fi(R) certification for 802.11b, 802.11g, 802.11a, WPA, WPA2, WMM, EAP-SIM, EAP-AKA
Cisco Compatible Extensions certification	Cisco Compatible Extensions, v4.0
WLAN Standard	IEEE 802.11g, 802.11b 802.11a, 802.11n
Architecture	Infrastructure or ad hoc (peer-to-peer) operating modes
Security	WPA Personal, WPA2 Personal, WPA Enterprise, WPA2-Enterprise, AES-CCMP 128-bit, WEP 128-bit and 64- bit; 802.1x - EAP-SIM, EAP-TKIP, EAP-FAST, EAP-TLS, EAP-TTLS, MD5
Product Safety	UL, C-UL, CB (IEC 60950)

Intel Wireless WiFi Link 4965AG_

(version with Draft N capabilities disabled. Draft N refers to: IEEE P802.11n(TM)/D1.0 Draft Amendment to STANDARD for Information Technology-Telecommunications and information exchange between systems-Local and Metropolitan networks-Specific requirements Part 11: Wireless LAN Medium Access Control (MAC) and Physical Layer (PHY) specifications: Enhancements for Higher Throughput)

Form Factor	PCI Express (TM) Mini Card
Dimensions	Height 2.00 in x 1.18 in x 0.18 in (50.95 mm x 30 mm x 4.5 mm)
Antenna Interface Connector	Hirose U.FL-R-SMT mates with cable connector U.FL-LP-066
Antenna Diversity	On-board diversity
Connector Interface	53-pin Mini Card edge connector
Voltage	3.3 V
Operating Temperature	0 to +80 degrees Celsius
Humidity	50% to 95% non-condensing (at temperatures of 25 °C to 35 °C)
Frequency Modulation	**5 GHz (802.11a / n)** / **2.4 GHz (802.11b/g / n)**
Frequency band	5.15 GHz – 5.85 GHz (dependent on country)	2.400 - 2.4835 GHz (dependent on country)
Modulation	BPSK, QPSK, 16 QAM, 64 QAM	CCK, QQPSK, DBPSK
Wireless Medium	5 GHz:OFDM	2.4 GHz ISM: Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing (OFDM)
Channels	4 to 12 (dependent on country)	Channel 1-11 (US only) Channel 1-13 (Japan, Europe)
IEEE 802.11n	300, 270, 240, 180, 150, 144, 135, 130, 120, 117, 115.5, 90, 86.667, 72.2, 65, 60, 57.8, 45, 43.3, 30, 28.9, 21.7, 15, 14.4, 7.2 Mbps
IEEE 802.11a Data Rates	54, 48, 36, 24, 18, 12, 9, 6 Mbps
IEEE 802.11g Data Rates	54, 48, 36, 24, 18, 12, 11, 9, 6 Mbps
IEEE 802.11b Data Rates	11, 5.5, 2, 1 Mbps
General	
Operating Systems	Microsoft Windows 2000: Microsoft Windows XP (32 and 64 bit): Windows Vista(TM) (32 and 64 bit)
Wi-Fi(R) Alliance certification	Wi-Fi(R) certification for 802.11b, 802.11g, 802.11a, WPA, WPA2, WMM, EAP-SIM
Cisco Compatible Extensions certification	Cisco Compatible Extensions, v4.0
WLAN Standard	IEEE 802.11g, 802.11b 802.11a, 802.11n
Architecture	Infrastructure or ad hoc (peer-to-peer) operating modes
Security	WPA Personal, WPA2 Personal, WPA-Enterprise, WPA2-Enterprise, AES-CCMP 128-bit, WEP 128-bit and 64-bit; 802.1x - EAP-SIM, EAP, PEAP, TKIP, EAP-FAST, EAP-TLS, EAP-TTLS, MD5
Product Safety	UL, C-UL, CB (IEC 60950)

Intel PRO/Wireless 3965ABG Network Connection

Form Factor	PCI Express (TM) X1
Dimensions	Height 2.59 in x 2.77 in x 0.18 in (65.8 mm x 70.3 mm x 4.5 mm)
Antenna Interface Connector	Tyco connector
Connector Interface	36-pin PCI Express edge connector
Voltage	3.3 V
Operating Temperature	0 to +80 degrees Celsius
Humidity	5% to 95% non-condensing at temperature of 25 °C to 85 °C
Frequency Modulation	**5 GHz (802.11a)** / **2.4 GHz (802.11b/g)**
Frequency band	5.15 GHz – 5.85 GHz	2.400 - 2.4835 GHz (dependent on country)
Modulation	BPSK, QPSK, 16 QAM, 64 QAM	CCK, QQPSK, DBPSK
Wireless Medium	5 GHz:OFDM	2.4 GHz ISM: Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing (OFDM)
Channels	4 to 12 non-overlapping, dependent on SKU	Channel 1-11 (NAW) Channel 1-13 (RoW)
Data Rates	54, 48, 36, 24, 18, 12, 9 Mbps	11, 5.5, 2, 1 Mbps
General	
Operating Systems	Microsoft Windows 2000: Microsoft Windows XP (32 and 64 bit): Microsoft Windows Vista (32 and 64 bit)
Wi-Fi(R) Alliance certification	WPA™ - Enterprise, WPA™ - Personal, WPA2™ - Enterprise, WPA2™ - Personal Enhanced EAP: TLS, EAP-TTLS/MSCHAP v2, PEAPv0/EAP-MSCHAPv2, PEAPv1/EAP-GTC, WMM™, WMM-UAPSD (WFD)
Cisco Compatible Extensions certification	Cisco Compatible Extensions, v4.0
WLAN Standard	IEEE 802.11a, IEEE 802.11b, IEEE 802.11g, IEEE 802.11d, IEEE 802.11h
Architecture	Infrastructure or ad hoc (peer-to-peer) operating modes
Security	WPA Personal, WPA2 Personal, WPA-Enterprise, WPA2-Enterprise, AES-CCMP 128-bit, WEP 128-bit and 64-bit; 802.1x - EAP-SIM, LEAP, PEAP, TKIP, EAP-FAST, EAP-TLS, EAP-TTLS, MD5
Product Safety	UL, C-UL, CB (IEC 60590)

Intel PRO/Wireless 3945ABG Network Connection

Form Factor	PCI Express (TM) Mini Card
Dimensions	Height 2.00 in x 1.18 in x 0.18 in (50.95 mm x 30 mm x 4.5 mm)
Antenna Interface Connector	Hirose U.FL-R-SMT mates with cable connector U.FL-LP-066
Dual Diversity Antenna	On-board dual diversity switching
Connector Interface	53-pin Mini Card edge connector
Voltage	3.3 V
Operating Temperature	0 to +80 degrees Celsius
Humidity	50 to 92% non-condensing (at temperatures of 25 °C to 55 °C)
Frequency Modulation	**5 GHz (802.11a)** / **2.4 GHz (802.11b/g)**
Frequency band	5.15 GHz – 5.85 GHz	2.400 - 2.4835 GHz (dependent on country)
Modulation	BPSK, QPSK, 16 QAM, 64 QAM	CCK, DQPSK, DBPSK
Wireless Medium	5 GHz:OFDM	2.4 GHz ISM: Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing (OFDM)
Channels	4 to 12 non-overlapping, dependent on country	Channel 1-11 (US only) Channel 1-13 (Japan, Europe)
Data Rates	54, 48, 36, 24, 18, 12, 9, 6 Mbps	11, 5.5, 2, 1 Mbps
General	
Operating Systems	Microsoft Windows XP, Microsoft Windows 2000
Wi-Fi(R) Alliance certification	Wi-Fi(R) certification for 802.11b, 802.11g, 802.11a, WPA, WPA2, WMM, EAP-SIM, LEAP, PEAP, TKIP, EAP-FAST, EAP-TLS, EAP-TTLS, MD5
Cisco Compatible Extensions certification	Cisco Compatible Extensions, v4.0
WLAN Standard	IEEE 802.11g, 802.11b, 802.11a
Architecture	Infrastructure or ad hoc (peer-to-peer) operating modes
Security	WPA Personal, WPA2 Personal, WPA-Enterprise, WPA2-Enterprise, AES-CCMP 128-bit, WEP 128-bit and 64-bit; 802.1x - EAP-SIM, LEAP, PEAP, TKIP, EAP-FAST, EAP-TLS, EAP-TTLS, MD5
Product Safety	UL, C-UL, CB (IEC 60590)

Intel PRO/Wireless 3945BG Network Connection

Form Factor	PCI Express (TM) Mini Card
Dimensions	Height 2.00 in x 1.18 in x 0.18 in (50.95 mm x 30 mm x 4.5 mm)
Antenna Interface Connector	Hirose U.FL-R-SMT mates with cable connector U.FL-LP-066
Dual Diversity Antenna	On-board dual diversity switching
Connector Interface	53-pin Mini Card edge connector
Voltage	3.3 V
Operating Temperature	0 to +80 degrees Celsius
Humidity	50 to 92% non-condensing (at temperatures of 25 °C to 55 °C)
Frequency Modulation	**2.4 GHz (802.11b/g)**
Frequency band	2.400 - 2.4835 GHz (dependent on country)
Modulation	CCK, DQPSK, DBPSK
Wireless Medium	2.4 GHz ISM: Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing (OFDM)
Channels	Channel 1-11 (US only) Channel 1-13 (Japan, Europe)
Data Rates	11, 5.5, 2, 1 Mbps
General	
Operating Systems	Microsoft Windows XP, Microsoft Windows 2000
Wi-Fi(R) Alliance certification	Wi-Fi(R) certification for 802.11b, 802.11g, WPA, WPA2, WMM, EAP-SIM, LEAP, PEAP, TKIP, EAP-FAST, EAP-TLS, EAP-TTLS, MD5
Cisco Compatible Extensions certification	Cisco Compatible Extensions, v4.0
WLAN Standard	IEEE 802.11g, 802.11b, 802.11n
Architecture	Infrastructure or ad hoc (peer-to-peer) operating modes
Security	WPA Personal, WPA2 Personal, WPA-Enterprise, WPA2-Enterprise, AES-CCMP 128-bit, WEP 128-bit and 64-bit; 802.1x - EAP-SIM, LEAP, PEAP, TKIP, EAP-FAST, EAP-TLS, EAP-TTLS, MD5
Product Safety	UL, C-UL, CB (IEC 60590)

Intel PRO/Wireless 2915ABG Network Connection

Form Factor	Mini PCI Type 3A
Dimensions	Width 2.85 in x Length 1.75 in x Height 0.20 in (59.75 mm x 50.95 mm x 5 mm)
Weight	0.7 oz. (12.90 g)
Antenna Interface Connector	Hirose U.FL-R-SMT mates with cable connector U.FL-LP-066
Dual Diversity Antenna	On board dual diversity switching
Connector Interface	124-pin SO-DIMM edge connector
Voltage	3.3 Volt
Operating Temperature	0 to +70 degrees Celsius
Humidity	50 to 95% non-condensing
Frequency Modulation	**5 GHz (802.11a)** / **2.4 GHz (802.11b/g)**
Frequency band	5.15 GHz – 5.85 GHz	2.400 – 2.472 GHz (dependent on country)
Modulation	BPSK, QPSK, 16 QAM, 64 QAM	CCK, DQPSK, DBPSK
Wireless Medium	5 GHz:OFDM	2.4 GHz ISM: Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing (OFDM)
Channels	4 to 12 non-overlapping, dependent on country	Channel 1-11 (US only) Channel 1-13 (Japan, Europe)
Data Rates	54, 48, 36, 24, 18, 12, 9, 6 Mbps	11, 5.5, 2, 1 Mbps
General	
Operating Systems	Microsoft Windows XP, Microsoft Windows 2000
Wi-Fi(R) Alliance certification	Wi-Fi(R) certification for 802.11b, 802.11g, 802.11a, WPA, WPA2, WMM, EAP-SIM, LEAP, PEAP, TKIP, EAP-FAST, EAP-TLS, EAP-TTLS, MD5
Cisco Compatible Extensions certification	Cisco Compatible Extensions, v3.0
WLAN Standard	IEEE 802.11g, 802.11b, 802.11a
Architecture	Infrastructure or ad hoc (peer-to-peer) operating modes
Security	WPA Personal, WPA2 Personal, WPA-Enterprise, WPA2-Enterprise, AES-CCMP 128-bit, WEP 128-bit and 64-bit; 802.1x - EAP-SIM, LEAP, PEAP, TKIP, EAP-FAST, EAP-TLS, EAP-TTLS, MD5
Product Safety	UL, C-UL, CB (IEC 60590)

Intel PRO/Wireless 2200BG Network Connection

Form Factor	Mini PCI Type 3B
Dimensions	Width 2.34 in x Length 1.75 in x Height 0.20 in (59.45 mm x 44.45 mm x 5 mm)
Weight	0.7 oz. (12.90 g)
Antenna Interface Connector	Hirose U.FL-R-SMT mates with cable connector U.FL-LP-066
Dual Diversity Antenna	On board dual diversity switching
Connector Interface	124-pin mini PCI edge connector
Voltage	3.3 V
Operating Temperature	0 to +70 degrees Celsius
Humidity	50 to 85% non-condensing
Frequency Modulation	OFDM with BPSK, QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM, DBPSK, DQPSK, CCK
Frequency band	2.400 - 2.472 GHz (US) 2.400 - 2.4835 GHz (Japan) 2.400 - 2.4835 GHz (Europe ETSI)
Modulation	OFDM with BPSK, QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM, DBPSK, DQPSK, CCK
Channels	Full 14 channel support
Data Rates	1, 2, 5.5, 6, 9, 11, 12, 24, 36, 48 and 54 Mbps
General	
Operating Systems	Microsoft Windows XP, Microsoft Windows 2000
Wi-Fi(R) Alliance certification	Wi-Fi(R) certification for 802.11b, 802.11g, 802.11a, WPA, WPA2, WMM, EAP-SIM, LEAP, PEAP, TKIP, EAP-FAST, EAP-TLS, EAP-TTLS, MD5
Cisco Compatible Extensions certification	Cisco Compatible Extensions, v2.0
WLAN Standard	IEEE 802.11g and 802.11b
Architecture	Infrastructure or ad hoc (peer-to-peer) operating modes
Security	WPA, LEAP, PEAP, TKIP, EAP-TLS, EAP-TTLS, AES (128-bit), WEP 128-bit and 64-bit.
Product Safety	UL, C-UL, CB (IEC 60950)

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Customer Support

Intel support is available online or by telephone. Available services include the most up-to-date product information, installation instructions about specific products, and troubleshooting tips.

Online Support

Technical Support: http://support.intel.com

Network Product Support: http://www.intel.com/network

Corporate Web Site: http://www.intel.com

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Intel(R) Wireless WiFi Link 4965AGN and Intel(R) Wireless WiFi Link 4965AG_

The information in this document applies to the following products:

Quad-mode wireless LAN adapters (802.11a/802.11b/802.11g/802.11n)
Intel(R) Wireless WiFi Link 4965AGN (model WM4965AGN)

Tri-mode wireless LAN adapters (802.11a/802.11b/802.11g)
Intel(R) Wireless WiFi Link 4965AG_ (model WM4965AG_)

NOTE: Due to the evolving state of regulations and standards in the wireless LAN field (IEEE 802.11
and similar standards), the information provided herein is subject to change. Intel Corporation
assumes no responsibility for errors or omissions in this document. Nor does Intel make any
commitment to update the information contained herein.

Information for the user

Safety Notices

The FCC with its action in ET Docket 96-8 has adopted a safety standard for human exposure to radio frequency (RF) electromagnetic energy emitted by FCC certified equipment. The Intel(R) Wireless WiFi Link 4965AGN or Intel(R) Wireless WiFi Link 4965AG_ adapter meet the Human Exposure limits found in OET Bulletin 65, supplement C, 2001, and ANSI/IEEE C95.1, 1992. Proper operation of this radio according to the instructions found in this manual will result in exposure substantially below the FCC’s recommended limits.

The following safety precautions should be observed:

● Do not touch or move antenna while the unit is transmitting or receiving.
● Do not hold any component containing the radio such that the antenna is very close or touching any
exposed parts of the body, especially the face or eyes, while transmitting.
● Do not operate the radio or attempt to transmit data unless the antenna is connected; if not, the radio
may be damaged.
● Use in specific environments:
❍ The use of wireless devices in hazardous locations is limited by the constraints posed by the safety
directors of such environments.
❍ The use of wireless devices on airplanes is governed by the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA).
❍ The use of wireless devices in hospitals is restricted to the limits set forth by each hospital.
● Antenna use:

❍ In order to comply with FCC RF exposure limits, low gain integrated antennas should be located at a
minimum distance of 20 cm (8 inches) or more from the body of all persons.
❍ High-gain, wall-mount, or mast-mount antennas are designed to be professionally installed and
should be located at a minimum distance of 30 cm (12 inches) or more from the body of all persons. Please contact your professional installer, VAR, or antenna manufacturer for proper installation requirements.
● Explosive Device Proximity Warning (see below)
● Antenna Warning (see below)
● Use on Aircraft Caution (see below)
● Other Wireless Devices (see below)
● Power Supply (Access Point) (see below)

Explosive Device Proximity Warning

Warning: Do not operate a portable transmitter (such as a wireless network device) near unshielded
blasting caps or in an explosive environment unless the device has been modified to be qualified for such use.

Antenna Warnings

Warning: To comply with the FCC and ANSI C95.1 RF exposure limits, it is recommended for the Intel(R) Wireless WiFi Link 4965AGN or Intel(R) Wireless WiFi Link 4965AG_ adapter installed in a desktop or portable computer, that the antenna for this device be installed so as to provide a separation distance of al least 20 cm (8 inches) from all persons and that the antenna must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or radio transmitter. It is recommended that the user limit exposure time if the antenna is positioned closer than 20 cm (8 inches).

Warning: Intel(R) PRO/Wireless LAN products are not designed for use with high-gain directional antennas. Use of such antennas with these products is illegal.

Use On Aircraft Caution

Caution: Regulations of the FCC and FAA prohibit airborne operation of radio-frequency wireless devices because their signals could interfere with critical aircraft instruments.

Other Wireless Devices

Safety Notices for Other Devices in the Wireless Network: Refer to the documentation supplied with wireless Ethernet adapters or other devices in the wireless network.

Local Restrictions on 802.11a, 802.11b, 802.11g and 802.11n Radio Usage

Caution: Due to the fact that the frequencies used by 802.11a, 802.11b, 802.11g and 802.11n wireless LAN devices may not yet be harmonized in all countries, 802.11a, 802.11b, 802.11g and 802.11n products are designed for use only in specific countries, and are not allowed to be operated in countries other than those of designated use. As a user of these products, you are responsible for ensuring that the products are used only in the countries for which they were intended and for verifying that they are configured with the correct selection of frequency and channel for the country of use. The device transmit power control (TPC) interface is part of the Intel(R) PROSet/Wireless software. Operational restrictions for Equivalent Isotropic Radiated Power (EIRP) are provided by the system manufacturer. Any deviation from the permissible power and frequency settings for the country of use is an infringement of national law and may be punished as such.

For country-specific information, see the additional compliance information supplied with the product.

Wireless interoperability

The Intel(R) Wireless WiFi Link 4965AGN or Intel(R) Wireless WiFi Link 4965AG_ is designed to be interoperable with other wireless LAN products that are based on direct sequence spread spectrum (DSSS) radio technology and to comply with the following standards:

● IEEE Std. 802.11b compliant Standard on Wireless LAN
● IEEE Std. 802.11g compliant Standard on Wireless LAN
● IEEE Std. 802.11a compliant Standard on Wireless LAN
● IEEE Std. 802.11n compliant Standard on Wireless LAN
● Wireless Fidelity (WiFi) certification, as defined by the Wi-Fi Alliance

The Intel(R) Wireless WiFi Link 4965AGN adapter

The Intel(R) Wireless WiFi Link 4965AGN or Intel(R) Wireless WiFi Link 4965AG_ adapter, like other radio devices, emits radio frequency electromagnetic energy. The level of energy emitted by this device, however, is less than the electromagnetic energy emitted by other wireless devices such as mobile phones. The Intel(R) Wireless WiFi Link 4965AGN or Intel(R) Wireless WiFi Link 4965AG_ adapter wireless device operates within the guidelines found in radio frequency safety standards and recommendations. These standards and recommendations reflect the consensus of the scientific community and result from deliberations of panels and committees of scientists who continually review and interpret the extensive research literature. In some situations or environments, the use of the Intel(R) Wireless WiFi Link 4965AGN or Intel(R) Wireless WiFi Link 4965AG_ adapter may be restricted to:

● Using the Intel(R) Wireless WiFi Link 4965AGN or Intel(R) Wireless WiFi Link 4965AG_ adapter equipment
on board airplanes, or
● Using the adapter equipment in any other environment where the risk of interference with other devices or
services is perceived or identified as being harmful.

If you are uncertain of the policy that applies to the use of wireless devices in a specific organization or environment (an airport, for example), you are encouraged to ask for authorization to use the Intel(R) Wireless WiFi Link 4965AGN or Intel(R) Wireless WiFi Link 4965AG_ wireless devices before you turn it on.

Regulatory information

Information for the OEMs and Integrators:

The following statement must be included with all versions of this document supplied to an OEM or integrator, but should not be distributed to the end user.

● This device is intended for OEM integrators only.
● This device cannot be co-located with any other transmitter.
● Please refer to the full Grant of Equipment document for other restrictions.
● This device must be operated and used with a locally approved access point.

Information To Be Supplied to the End User by the OEM or Integrator

The following regulatory and safety notices must be published in documentation supplied to the end user of the product or system incorporating an Intel(R) Wireless WiFi Link 4965AGN or Intel(R) Wireless WiFi Link 4965AG_ in compliance with local regulations. Host system must be labeled with "Contains FCC ID: XXXXXXXX", FCC ID displayed on label.

The Intel(R) Wireless WiFi Link 4965AGN or Intel(R) Wireless WiFi Link 4965AG_ wireless network device must be installed and used in strict accordance with the manufacturer's instructions as described in the user documentation that comes with the product. For country-specific approvals, see Radio approvals. Intel Corporation is not responsible for any radio or television interference caused by unauthorized modification of the devices included with the Intel(R) Wireless WiFi Link 4965AGN or Intel(R) Wireless WiFi Link 4965AG_ adapter kit, or the substitution or attachment of connecting cables and equipment other than that specified by Intel Corporation. The correction of interference caused by such unauthorized modification, substitution or attachment is the responsibility of the user. Intel Corporation and its authorized resellers or distributors are not liable for any damage or violation of government regulations that may arise from the user failing to comply with these guidelines.

Local Restriction of 802.11a, 802.11b, 802.11g, and 802.11n Radio Usage

The following statement on local restrictions must be published as part of the compliance documentation for all 802.11a, 802.11b, 802.11g and 802.11n products.

Caution: Due to the fact that the frequencies used by 802.11a, 802.11b, 802.11g and 802.11n wireless LAN devices may not yet be harmonized in all countries, 802.11a, 802.11b, 802.11g and 802.11n products are designed for use only in specific countries, and are not allowed to be operated in countries other than those of designated use. As a user of these products, you are responsible for ensuring that the products are used only in the countries for which they were intended and for verifying that they are configured with the correct selection of frequency and channel for the country of use. Any deviation from permissible settings and restrictions in the country of use could be an infringement of national law and may be punished as such.

FCC Radio Frequency Interference Requirements

This device is restricted to indoor use due to its operation in the 5.15 to 5.25 GHz frequency range. FCC requires this product to be used indoors for the frequency range 5.15 to 5.25 GHz to reduce the potential for harmful interference to co-channel Mobile Satellite systems. High power radars are allocated as primary users of the 5.25 to 5.35 GHz and 5.65 to 5.85 GHz bands. These radar stations can cause interference with and /or damage this device.

● This device is intended for OEM integrators only.
● This device cannot be co-located with any other transmitter.

USA—Federal Communications Commission (FCC)

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation of the device is subject to the following two conditions:

● This device may not cause harmful interference.
● This device must accept any interference that may cause undesired operation.

NOTE: The radiated output power of the Intel(R) Wireless WiFi Link 4965AGN or Intel(R) Wireless
WiFi Link 4965AG_ adapter wireless network device is far below the FCC radio frequency exposure limits. Nevertheless, the Intel(R) Wireless WiFi Link 4965AGN or Intel(R) Wireless WiFi Link
4965AG_ adapter wireless device should be used in such a manner that the potential for human
contact during normal operation is minimized. To avoid the possibility of exceeding the FCC radio
frequency exposure limits, you should keep a distance of at least 20 cm between you (or any other
person in the vicinity) and the antenna that is built into the computer.

Interference statement

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy. If the equipment is not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, the equipment may cause harmful interference to radio communications. There is no guarantee, however, that such interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception (which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on), the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by taking one or more of the following measures:

● Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
● Increase the distance between the equipment and the receiver.
● Connect the equipment to an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
● Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

NOTE:The Intel(R) Wireless WiFi Link 4965AGN or Intel(R) Wireless WiFi Link 4965AG_ adapter
wireless network device must be installed and used in strict accordance with the manufacturer's instructions as described in the user documentation that comes with the product. Any other
installation or use will violate FCC Part 15 regulations.

Underwriters Laboratories Inc. (UL) Regulatory Warning

For use in (or with) UL Listed personal computers or compatible.

Brazil

Este equipamento opera em caráter secundário, isto é, não tem direito a proteção contra interferência prejudicial, mesmo de estações do mesmo tipo, e não pode causar interferência a sistemas operando em caráter primário.

Canada—Industry Canada (IC)

This device complies with RSS210 of Industry Canada.

Caution: When using IEEE 802.11a wireless LAN, this product is restricted to indoor use due to its operation
in the 5.15- to 5.25-GHz frequency range. Industry Canada requires this product to be used indoors for the frequency range of 5.15 GHz to 5.25 GHz to reduce the potential for harmful interference to co-channel mobile satellite systems. High power radar is allocated as the primary user of the 5.25- to 5.35-GHz and 5.65 to 5.85-GHz bands. These radar stations can cause interference with and/or damage to this device.

The maximum allowed antenna gain for use with this device is 6dBi in order to comply with the E.I.R.P limit for the 5.25- to 5.35 and 5.725 to 5.85GHz frequency range in point-to-point operation.

This Class B digital apparatus complies with Canadian ICES-003, Issue 4, and RSS-210, No 4 (Dec 2000) and No 5 (Nov 2001).

Cet appariel numérique de la classe B est conforme à la norme NMB-003, No. 4, et CNR-210, No 4 (Dec 2000) et No 5 (Nov 2001)..

"To prevent radio interference to the licensed service, this device is intended to be operated indoors and away from windows to provide maximum shielding. Equipment (or its transmit antenna) that is installed outdoors is subject to licensing."

« Pour empêcher que cet appareil cause du brouillage au service faisant l'objet d'une licence, il doit être utilisé a l'intérieur et devrait être placé loin des fenêtres afinde fournir un écran de blindage maximal. Si le matériel (ou son antenne d'émission) est installé à l'extérieur, il doit faire l'objet d'une licence. »

Europe Frequency Bands

2.400 - 2.4835 GHz (Europe ETSI)

5.15 - 5.35 GHz and 5.47-5.725 GHz (Europe ETSI)
Low band 5.25 - 5.35 GHz is for indoor use only

5.47 - 5.725 GHz is current not allowed in Czech Republic and France.

Declaration of Conformity

This equipment complies with the essential requirements of the European Union directive 1999/5/EC.

•esky
[Czech]

Intel(R) Corporation tímto prohlašuje, že tento Intel(R) Wireless WiFi Link 4965AGN or Intel(R) Wireless WiFi Link 4965AG_ je ve shodě se základními požadavky a dalšími p•íslušnými
ustanoveními směrnice 1999/5/ES.

Dansk
[Danish]

Undertegnede Intel(R) Corporation erklærer herved, at følgende udstyr Intel(R) Wireless WiFi Link 4965AGN or Intel(R) Wireless WiFi Link 4965AG_ overholder de væsentlige krav og øvrige relevante krav i direktiv 1999/5/EF.

Deutsch
[German]

Hiermit erklärt Intel(R) Corporation, dass sich das Gerät Intel(R) Wireless WiFi Link 4965AGN or Intel(R) Wireless WiFi Link 4965AG_ in Übereinstimmung mit den grundlegenden Anforderungen und den übrigen einschlägigen Bestimmungen der Richtlinie 1999/5/EG befindet.
Esti
[Estonian]

Käesolevaga kinnitab Intel(R) Corporation seadme Intel(R) Wireless WiFi Link 4965AGN or Intel
(R) Wireless WiFi Link 4965AG_ vastavust direktiivi 1999/5/EÜ põhinõuetele ja nimetatud
direktiivist tulenevatele teistele asjakohastele sätetele.

English Hereby, Intel(R) Corporation, declares that this Intel(R) Wireless WiFi Link 4965AGN or Intel(R) Wireless WiFi Link 4965AG_ is in compliance with the essential requirements and other relevant
provisions of Directive 1999/5/EC.

Español
[Spanish]

Por medio de la presente Intel(R) Corporation declara que el Intel(R) Wireless WiFi Link 4965AGN or Intel(R) Wireless WiFi Link 4965AG_ cumple con los requisitos esenciales y cualesquiera otras disposiciones aplicables o exigibles de la Directiva 1999/5/CE.

Ελληνικ•
[Greek]

ΜΕ ΤΗΝ ΠΑΡΟΥΣΑ Intel(R) Corporation ∆ΗΛΩΝΕΙ ΟΤΙ Intel(R) Wireless WiFi Link 4965AGN or Intel (R) Wireless WiFi Link 4965AG_ ΣΥΜΜΟΡΦΩΝΕΤΑΙ ΠΡΟΣ ΤΙΣ ΟΥΣΙΩ∆ΕΙΣ ΑΠΑΙΤΗΣΕΙΣ ΚΑΙ ΤΙΣ ΛΟΙΠΕΣ ΣΧΕΤΙΚΕΣ ∆ΙΑΤΑΞΕΙΣ ΤΗΣ Ο∆ΗΓΙΑΣ 1999/5/ΕΚ.

Français
[French]

Par la présente Intel(R) Corporation déclare que l'appareil Intel(R) Wireless WiFi Link 4965AGN or Intel(R) Wireless WiFi Link 4965AG_ est conforme aux exigences essentielles et aux autres dispositions pertinentes de la directive 1999/5/CE.
Italiano
[Italian]

Con la presente Intel(R) Corporation dichiara che questo Intel(R) Wireless WiFi Link 4965AGN or Intel(R) Wireless WiFi Link 4965AG_ è conforme ai requisiti essenziali ed alle altre disposizioni pertinenti stabilite dalla direttiva 1999/5/CE.
Latviski
[Latvian]

Ar šo Intel(R) Corporation deklarē, ka Intel(R) Wireless WiFi Link 4965AGN or Intel(R) Wireless WiFi Link 4965AG_ atbilst Direktīvas 1999/5/EK būtiskajām prasībām un citiem ar to saistītajiem noteikumiem.

Lietuvi•
[Lithuanian]

Šiuo Intel(R) Corporation deklaruoja, kad šis Intel(R) Wireless WiFi Link 4965AGN or Intel(R) Wireless WiFi Link 4965AG_ atitinka esminius reikalavimus ir kitas 1999/5/EB Direktyvos nuostatas.

Nederlands
[Dutch]

Hierbij verklaart Intel(R) Corporation dat het toestel Intel(R) Wireless WiFi Link 4965AGN or Intel (R) Wireless WiFi Link 4965AG_ in overeenstemming is met de essentiële eisen en de andere relevante bepalingen van richtlijn 1999/5/EG.
Malti
[Maltese]

Hawnhekk, Intel(R) Corporation, jiddikjara li dan Intel(R) Wireless WiFi Link 4965AGN or Intel(R) Wireless WiFi Link 4965AG_ jikkonforma mal-ħti•ijiet essenzjali u ma provvedimenti oħrajn relevanti li hemm fid-Dirrettiva 1999/5/EC.

Magyar
[Hungary]

Alulírott, Intel(R) Corporation nyilatkozom, hogy a Intel(R) Wireless WiFi Link 4965AGN or Intel (R) Wireless WiFi Link 4965AG_ megfelel a vonatkozó alapvetõ követelményeknek és az 1999/5/EC irányelv egyéb elõírásainak.
Polski
[Polish]

Niniejszym, Intel(R) Corporation, o•wiadcza, •e Intel(R) Wireless WiFi Link 4965AGN or Intel(R) Wireless WiFi Link 4965AG_ jest zgodne z zasadniczymi wymaganiami oraz innymi stosownymi postanowieniami Dyrektywy 1999/5/WE.

Português
[Portuguese]

Intel(R) Corporation declara que este Intel(R) Wireless WiFi Link 4965AGN or Intel(R) Wireless WiFi Link 4965AG_ está conforme com os requisitos essenciais e outras disposições da Directiva 1999/5/CE.

Slovensko
[Slovenian]

Šiuo Intel(R) Corporation izjavlja, da je ta Intel(R) Wireless WiFi Link 4965AGN or Intel(R) Wireless WiFi Link 4965AG_ v skladu z bistvenimi zahtevami in ostalimi relevantnimi dolo•ili direktive 1999/5/ES.

Slovensky
[Slovak]

Intel(R) Corporation týmto vyhlasuje, že Intel(R) Wireless WiFi Link 4965AGN or Intel(R) Wireless WiFi Link 4965AG_ sp••a základné požiadavky a všetky príslušné ustanovenia Smernice 1999/5/ES.

Suomi
[Finnish]

Intel(R) Corporation vakuuttaa täten että Intel (R) Wireless WiFi Link 4965AGN or Intel(R) Wireless WiFi Link 4965AG_ tyyppinen laite on direktiivin 1999/5/EY oleellisten vaatimusten ja sitä koskevien direktiivin muiden ehtojen mukainen.
Svenska
[Swedish]

Härmed intygar Intel(R) Corporation att denna Intel(R) Wireless WiFi Link 4965AGN or Intel(R) Wireless WiFi Link 4965AG_ står I överensstämmelse med de väsentliga egenskapskrav och övriga relevanta bestämmelser som framgår av direktiv 1999/5/EG.
Íslenska
[Icelandic]

Hér með lýsir Intel(R) Corporation yfir því að Intel(R) Wireless WiFi Link 4965AGN or Intel(R) Wireless WiFi Link 4965AG_ er í samræmi við grunnkröfur og aðrar kröfur, sem gerðar eru í tilskipun 1999/5/EC.
Norsk
[Norwegian]:

Intel(R) Corporation erklærer herved at utstyret Intel(R) Wireless WiFi Link 4965AGN or Intel(R) Wireless WiFi Link 4965AG_ er i samsvar med de grunnleggende krav og øvrige relevante krav i direktiv 1999/5/EF.

France

Pour la France métropolitaine
2.400 - 2.4835 GHz (Canaux 1à 13) autorisé en usage intérieur 2.400 -2.454 GHz (canaux 1 à 7) autorisé en usage extérieur

Pour la Guyane et la Réunion
2.400 - 2.4835 GHz (Canaux 1à 13) autorisé en usage intérieur .
2.420 - 2.4835 GHz (canaux 5 à 13) autorisé en usage extérieur

Italy

A general authorization is requested for outdoor use in Italy

The use of these equipments is regulated by:

1. D.L.gs 1.8.2003, n. 259, article 104 (activity subject to general authorization) for outdoor use and article 105 (free use) for indoor use, in both cases for private use.
2. D.M. 28.5.03, for supply to public of RLAN access to networks and telecom services.

L’uso degli apparati è regolamentato da:

1. D.L.gs 1.8.2003, n. 259, articoli 104 (attività soggette ad autorizzazione generale) se utilizzati al di fuori del proprio fondo e 105 (libero uso) se utilizzati entro il proprio fondo, in entrambi i casi per uso private.
2. D.M. 28.5.03, per la fornitura al pubblico dell’accesso R-LAN alle reti e ai servizi di telecomunicazioni.

Latvia

A license is required for outdoor use for operation in 2.4 GHz band.

Japan

Indoor use only.

Korea

Taiwan

Radio approvals

To determine whether you are allowed to use your wireless network device in a specific country, please check to see if the radio type number that is printed on the identification label of your device is listed in the manufacture OEM Regulatory Guidance document.

Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 3965ABG Network Connection, Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 3945ABG Network Connection and the Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 3945BG Network Connection

The information in this document applies to the following products:

Tri-mode wireless LAN adapters (802.11a/802.11b/802.11g)
Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 3965ABG Network Connection (model WM3965ABG)
Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 3945ABG Network Connection (model WM3945ABG)
Dual-mode wireless LAN adapters (802.11b/802.11g)
Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 3945BG Network Connection (model WM3945BG)

NOTE: Due to the evolving state of regulations and standards in the wireless LAN field (IEEE 802.11
and similar standards), the information provided herein is subject to change. Intel Corporation
assumes no responsibility for errors or omissions in this document. Nor does Intel make any
commitment to update the information contained herein.

Information for the user

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The FCC with its action in ET Docket 96-8 has adopted a safety standard for human exposure to radio frequency (RF) electromagnetic energy emitted by FCC certified equipment. The Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 3965ABG Network Connection adapter, Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 3945ABG Network Connection adapter, or the Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 3945BG Network Connection adapter meet the Human Exposure limits found in OET Bulletin 65, supplement C, 2001, and ANSI/IEEE C95.1, 1992. Proper operation of this radio according to the instructions found in this manual will result in exposure substantially below the FCC’s recommended limits.

The following safety precautions should be observed:

● Do not touch or move antenna while the unit is transmitting or receiving.
● Do not hold any component containing the radio such that the antenna is very close or touching any
exposed parts of the body, especially the face or eyes, while transmitting.
● Do not operate the radio or attempt to transmit data unless the antenna is connected; if not, the radio
may be damaged.
● Use in specific environments:
❍ The use of wireless devices in hazardous locations is limited by the constraints posed by the safety
directors of such environments.
❍ The use of wireless devices on airplanes is governed by the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA).
❍ The use of wireless devices in hospitals is restricted to the limits set forth by each hospital.
● Antenna use:

❍ In order to comply with FCC RF exposure limits, low gain integrated antennas should be located at a
minimum distance of 20 cm (8 inches) or more from the body of all persons.
❍ High-gain, wall-mount, or mast-mount antennas are designed to be professionally installed and
should be located at a minimum distance of 30 cm (12 inches) or more from the body of all persons. Please contact your professional installer, VAR, or antenna manufacturer for proper installation requirements.
● Explosive Device Proximity Warning (see below)
● Antenna Warning (see below)
● Use on Aircraft Caution (see below)
● Other Wireless Devices (see below)
● Power Supply (Access Point) (see below)

Explosive Device Proximity Warning

Warning: Do not operate a portable transmitter (such as a wireless network device) near unshielded
blasting caps or in an explosive environment unless the device has been modified to be qualified for such use.

Antenna Warnings

Warning: To comply with the FCC and ANSI C95.1 RF exposure limits, it is recommended for the Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 3965ABG Network Connection adapter, Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 3945ABG Network Connection adapter, or the Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 3945BG Network Connection adapter installed in a desktop or portable computer, that the antenna for this device be installed so as to provide a separation distance of al least 20 cm (8 inches) from all persons and that the antenna must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or radio transmitter. It is recommended that the user limit exposure time if the antenna is positioned closer than 20 cm (8 inches).

Warning: Intel(R) PRO/Wireless LAN products are not designed for use with high-gain directional antennas. Use of such antennas with these products is illegal.

Use On Aircraft Caution

Caution: Regulations of the FCC and FAA prohibit airborne operation of radio-frequency wireless devices because their signals could interfere with critical aircraft instruments.

Other Wireless Devices

Safety Notices for Other Devices in the Wireless Network: Refer to the documentation supplied with wireless Ethernet adapters or other devices in the wireless network.

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Caution: Due to the fact that the frequencies used by 802.11a, 802.11b and 802.11g wireless LAN devices may not yet be harmonized in all countries, 802.11a, 802.11b, and 802.11g products are designed for use only in specific countries, and are not allowed to be operated in countries other than those of designated use. As a user of these products, you are responsible for ensuring that the products are used only in the countries for which they were intended and for verifying that they are configured with the correct selection of frequency and channel for the country of use. The device transmit power control (TPC) interface is part of the Intel(R) PROSet/Wireless software. Operational restrictions for Equivalent Isotropic Radiated Power (EIRP) are provided by the system manufacturer. Any deviation from the permissible power and frequency settings for the country of use is an infringement of national law and may be punished as such.

For country-specific information, see the additional compliance information supplied with the product.

Wireless interoperability

The Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 3965ABG Network Connection adapter or the Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 3945BG Network Connection are designed to be interoperable with other wireless LAN products that are based on direct sequence spread spectrum (DSSS) radio technology and to comply with the following standards:

● IEEE Std. 802.11b compliant Standard on Wireless LAN
● IEEE Std. 802.11g compliant Standard on Wireless LAN
● IEEE Std. 802.11a compliant Standard on Wireless LAN
● Wireless Fidelity (WiFi) certification, as defined by the Wi-Fi Alliance

The Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 3965ABG Network Connection adapter, Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 3945ABG Network Connection adapter or the Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 3945BG Network Connection adapter

The Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 3965ABG Network Connection adapter, Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 3945ABG Network Connection adapter or the Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 3945BG Network Connection adapter, like other radio devices, emits radio frequency electromagnetic energy. The level of energy emitted by this device, however, is less than the electromagnetic energy emitted by other wireless devices such as mobile phones. The Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 3965ABG Network Connection adapter, Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 3945ABG Network Connection adapter, or the Intel (R) PRO/Wireless 3945BG Network Connection adapter wireless device operates within the guidelines found in radio frequency safety standards and recommendations. These standards and recommendations reflect the consensus of the scientific community and result from deliberations of panels and committees of scientists who continually review and interpret the extensive research literature. In some situations or environments, the use of the Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 3965ABG Network Connection adapter, Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 3945ABG Network Connection adapter, or the Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 3945BG Network Connection adapter may be restricted to:

● Using the Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 3965ABG Network Connection adapter, Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 3945ABG
Network Connection adapter, or the Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 3945BG Network Connection adapter
equipment on board airplanes, or
● Using the Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 3965ABG Network Connection, Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 3945ABG Network
Connection adapter or the Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 3945BG Network Connection adapter equipment in any
other environment where the risk of interference with other devices or services is perceived or identified
as being harmful.

If you are uncertain of the policy that applies to the use of wireless devices in a specific organization or environment (an airport, for example), you are encouraged to ask for authorization to use the Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 3965ABG Network Connection adapter, Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 3945ABG Network Connection adapter, or the Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 3945BG Network Connection wireless devices before you turn it on.

Regulatory information

Information for the OEMs and Integrators:

The following statement must be included with all versions of this document supplied to an OEM or integrator, but should not be distributed to the end user.

● This device is intended for OEM integrators only.
● This device cannot be co-located with any other transmitter.
● Please refer to the full Grant of Equipment document for other restrictions.
● This device must be operated and used with a locally approved access point.

Information To Be Supplied to the End User by the OEM or Integrator

The following regulatory and safety notices must be published in documentation supplied to the end user of the product or system incorporating an Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 3965ABG Network Connection, Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 3945ABG Network Connection or an Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 3945BG Network Connection in compliance with local regulations. Host system must be labeled with "Contains FCC ID: XXXXXXXX", FCC ID displayed on label.

The Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 3965ABG Network Connection adapter, Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 3945ABG Network Connection adapter, or the Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 3945BG Network Connection wireless network device must be installed and used in strict accordance with the manufacturer's instructions as described in the user documentation that comes with the product. For country-specific approvals, see Radio approvals. Intel Corporation is not responsible for any radio or television interference caused by unauthorized modification of the devices included with the Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 3965ABG Network Connection, Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 3945ABG Network Connection or the Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 3945BG Network Connection adapter kit, or the substitution or attachment of connecting cables and equipment other than that specified by Intel Corporation. The correction of interference caused by such unauthorized modification, substitution or attachment is the responsibility of the user. Intel Corporation and its authorized resellers or distributors are not liable for any damage or violation of government regulations that may arise from the user failing to comply with these guidelines.

Local Restriction of 802.11a, 802.11b, and 802.11g Radio Usage

The following statement on local restrictions must be published as part of the compliance documentation for all 802.11a, 802.11b, and 802.11g products.

Caution: Due to the fact that the frequencies used by 802.11a, 802.11b, and 802.11g wireless LAN devices may not yet be harmonized in all countries, 802.11a, 802.11b, and 802.11g products are designed for use only in specific countries, and are not allowed to be operated in countries other than those of designated use. As a user of these products, you are responsible for ensuring that the products are used only in the countries for which they were intended and for verifying that they are configured with the correct selection of frequency and channel for the country of use. Any deviation from permissible settings and restrictions in the country of use could be an infringement of national law and may be punished as such.

FCC Radio Frequency Interference Requirements

This device is restricted to indoor use due to its operation in the 5.15 to 5.25 GHz frequency range. FCC requires this product to be used indoors for the frequency range 5.15 to 5.25 GHz to reduce the potential for harmful interference to co-channel Mobile Satellite systems. High power radars are allocated as primary users of the 5.25 to 5.35 GHz and 5.65 to 5.85 GHz bands. These radar stations can cause interference with and /or damage this device.

● This device is intended for OEM integrators only.
● This device cannot be co-located with any other transmitter.

USA—Federal Communications Commission (FCC)

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation of the device is subject to the following two conditions:

● This device may not cause harmful interference.
● This device must accept any interference that may cause undesired operation.

NOTE: The radiated output power of the Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 3965ABG Network Connection
adapter, Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 3945ABG Network Connection adapter, or the Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 3945BG Network Connection adapter wireless network device is far below the FCC radio frequency exposure limits. Nevertheless, the Intel(R) PRO/Wireless LAN wireless network device should be
used in such a manner that the potential for human contact during normal operation is minimized.
To avoid the possibility of exceeding the FCC radio frequency exposure limits, you should keep a
distance of at least 20 cm between you (or any other person in the vicinity) and the antenna that is
built into the computer.

Interference statement

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy. If the equipment is not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, the equipment may cause harmful interference to radio communications. There is no guarantee, however, that such interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception (which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on), the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by taking one or more of the following measures:

● Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
● Increase the distance between the equipment and the receiver.
● Connect the equipment to an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
● Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

NOTE:The Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 3965ABG Network Connection adapter, Intel(R) PRO/Wireless
3945ABG Network Connection adapter, or the Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 3945BG Network Connection
adapter wireless network device must be installed and used in strict accordance with the
manufacturer's instructions as described in the user documentation that comes with the product.
Any other installation or use will violate FCC Part 15 regulations.

Underwriters Laboratories Inc. (UL) Regulatory Warning

For use in (or with) UL Listed personal computers or compatible.

Brazil

Este equipamento opera em caráter secundário, isto é, não tem direito a proteção contra interferência prejudicial, mesmo de estações do mesmo tipo, e não pode causar interferência a sistemas operando em caráter primário.

Canada—Industry Canada (IC)

This device complies with RSS210 of Industry Canada.

Caution: When using IEEE 802.11a wireless LAN, this product is restricted to indoor use due to its operation
in the 5.15- to 5.25-GHz frequency range. Industry Canada requires this product to be used indoors for the frequency range of 5.15 GHz to 5.25 GHz to reduce the potential for harmful interference to co-channel mobile satellite systems. High power radar is allocated as the primary user of the 5.25- to 5.35-GHz and 5.65 to 5.85-GHz bands. These radar stations can cause interference with and/or damage to this device.

The maximum allowed antenna gain for use with this device is 6dBi in order to comply with the E.I.R.P limit for the 5.25- to 5.35 and 5.725 to 5.85GHz frequency range in point-to-point operation.

This Class B digital apparatus complies with Canadian ICES-003, Issue 4, and RSS-210, No 4 (Dec 2000) and No 5 (Nov 2001).

Cet appariel numérique de la classe B est conforme à la norme NMB-003, No. 4, et CNR-210, No 4 (Dec 2000) et No 5 (Nov 2001)..

"To prevent radio interference to the licensed service, this device is intended to be operated indoors and away from windows to provide maximum shielding. Equipment (or its transmit antenna) that is installed outdoors is subject to licensing."

« Pour empêcher que cet appareil cause du brouillage au service faisant l'objet d'une licence, il doit être utilisé a l'intérieur et devrait être placé loin des fenêtres afinde fournir un écran de blindage maximal. Si le matériel (ou son antenne d'émission) est installé à l'extérieur, il doit faire l'objet d'une licence. »

Europe Frequency Bands

2.400 - 2.4835 GHz (Europe ETSI)

5.15 - 5.35 GHz and 5.47-5.725 GHz (Europe ETSI)
Low band 5.25 - 5.35 GHz is for indoor use only

5.47 - 5.725 GHz is current not allowed in Czech Republic and France.

Declaration of Conformity

This equipment complies with the essential requirements of the European Union directive 1999/5/EC.

•esky
[Czech]

Intel(R) Corporation tímto prohlašuje, že tento Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 3965ABG Network
Connection (Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 3945ABG Network Connection, Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 3945BG Network Connection) je ve shodě se základními požadavky a dalšími p•íslušnými ustanoveními směrnice 1999/5/ES.

Dansk
[Danish]

Undertegnede Intel(R) Corporation erklærer herved, at følgende udstyr Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 3965ABG Network Connection (Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 3945ABG Network Connection, Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 3945BG Network Connection) overholder de væsentlige krav og øvrige relevante krav i direktiv 1999/5/EF.

Deutsch
[German]

Hiermit erklärt Intel(R) Corporation, dass sich das Gerät Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 3965ABG Network Connection (Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 3945ABG Network Connection, Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 3945BG Network Connection in Übereinstimmung mit den grundlegenden Anforderungen und den übrigen einschlägigen Bestimmungen der Richtlinie 1999/5/EG befindet.

Esti
[Estonian]

Käesolevaga kinnitab Intel(R) Corporation seadme Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 3965ABG Network
Connection (Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 3945ABG Network Connection, Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 3945BG Network Connection) vastavust direktiivi 1999/5/EÜ põhinõuetele ja nimetatud direktiivist
tulenevatele teistele asjakohastele sätetele.

English Hereby, Intel(R) Corporation, declares that this Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 3965ABG Network Connection (Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 3945ABG Network Connection, Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 3945BG Network Connection) is in compliance with the essential requirements and other relevant
provisions of Directive 1999/5/EC.

Español
[Spanish]

Por medio de la presente Intel(R) Corporation declara que el Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 3965ABG Network Connection (Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 3945ABG Network Connection, Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 3945BG Network Connection) cumple con los requisitos esenciales y cualesquiera otras disposiciones aplicables o exigibles de la Directiva 1999/5/CE.

Ελληνικ•
[Greek]

ΜΕ ΤΗΝ ΠΑΡΟΥΣΑ Intel(R) Corporation ∆ΗΛΩΝΕΙ ΟΤΙ Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 3965ABG Network Connection (Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 3945ABG Network Connection, Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 3945BG Network Connection)ΣΥΜΜΟΡΦΩΝΕΤΑΙ ΠΡΟΣ ΤΙΣ ΟΥΣΙΩ∆ΕΙΣ ΑΠΑΙΤΗΣΕΙΣ ΚΑΙ ΤΙΣ ΛΟΙΠΕΣ ΣΧΕΤΙΚΕΣ ∆ΙΑΤΑΞΕΙΣ ΤΗΣ Ο∆ΗΓΙΑΣ 1999/5/ΕΚ.

Français
[French]

Par la présente Intel(R) Corporation déclare que l'appareil Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 3965ABG Network Connection (Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 3945ABG Network Connection, Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 3945BG Network Connection) est conforme aux exigences essentielles et aux autres dispositions pertinentes de la directive 1999/5/CE.
Italiano
[Italian]

Con la presente Intel(R) Corporation dichiara che questo Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 3965ABG Network Connection (Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 3945ABG Network Connection, Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 3945BG Network Connection) è conforme ai requisiti essenziali ed alle altre disposizioni pertinenti stabilite dalla direttiva 1999/5/CE.
Latviski
[Latvian]

Ar šo Intel(R) Corporation deklarē, ka Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 3965ABG Network Connection (Intel (R) PRO/Wireless 3945ABG Network Connection, Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 3945BG Network Connection) atbilst Direktīvas 1999/5/EK būtiskajām prasībām un citiem ar to saistītajiem noteikumiem.

Lietuvi•
[Lithuanian]

Šiuo Intel(R) Corporation deklaruoja, kad šis Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 3965ABG Network Connection (Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 3945ABG Network Connection, Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 3945BG Network Connection) atitinka esminius reikalavimus ir kitas 1999/5/EB Direktyvos nuostatas. Nederlands
[Dutch]

Hierbij verklaart Intel(R) Corporation dat het toestel Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 3965ABG Network Connection (Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 3945ABG Network Connection, Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 3945BG Network Connection) in overeenstemming is met de essentiële eisen en de andere relevante bepalingen van richtlijn 1999/5/EG.
Malti
[Maltese]

Hawnhekk, Intel(R) Corporation, jiddikjara li dan Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 3965ABG Network Connection (Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 3945ABG Network Connection, Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 3945BG Network Connection) jikkonforma mal-ħti•ijiet essenzjali u ma provvedimenti oħrajn relevanti li hemm fid-Dirrettiva 1999/5/EC.

Magyar
[Hungary]

Alulírott, Intel(R) Corporation nyilatkozom, hogy a Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 3965ABG Network Connection (Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 3945ABG Network Connection, Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 3945BG Network Connection) megfelel a vonatkozó alapvetõ követelményeknek és az 1999/5/EC irányelv egyéb elõírásainak.
Polski
[Polish]

Niniejszym, Intel(R) Corporation, o•wiadcza, •e Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 3965ABG Network Connection (Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 3945ABG Network Connection, Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 3945BG Network Connection) jest zgodne z zasadniczymi wymaganiami oraz innymi stosownymi postanowieniami Dyrektywy 1999/5/WE.

Português
[Portuguese]

Intel(R) Corporation declara que este Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 3965ABG Network Connection (Intel (R) PRO/Wireless 3945ABG Network Connection, Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 3945BG Network Connection) está conforme com os requisitos essenciais e outras disposições da Directiva 1999/5/CE.

Slovensko
[Slovenian]

Šiuo Intel(R) Corporation izjavlja, da je ta Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 3965ABG Network Connection (Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 3945ABG Network Connection, Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 3945BG Network Connection) v skladu z bistvenimi zahtevami in ostalimi relevantnimi dolo•ili direktive 1999/5/ES.

Slovensky
[Slovak]

Intel(R) Corporation týmto vyhlasuje, že Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 3965ABG Network Connection (Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 3945ABG Network Connection, Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 3945BG Network Connection) sp••a základné požiadavky a všetky príslušné ustanovenia Smernice 1999/5/ES. Suomi
[Finnish]

Intel(R) Corporation vakuuttaa täten että Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 3965ABG Network Connection (Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 3945ABG Network Connection, Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 3945BG Network Connection) tyyppinen laite on direktiivin 1999/5/EY oleellisten vaatimusten ja sitä koskevien direktiivin muiden ehtojen mukainen.
Svenska
[Swedish]

Härmed intygar Intel(R) Corporation att denna Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 3965ABG Network Connection (Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 3945ABG Network Connection, Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 3945BG Network Connection) står I överensstämmelse med de väsentliga egenskapskrav och övriga relevanta bestämmelser som framgår av direktiv 1999/5/EG.
Íslenska
[Icelandic]

Hér með lýsir Intel(R) Corporation yfir því að Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 3965ABG Network Connection (Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 3945ABG Network Connection, Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 3945BG Network Connection) er í samræmi við grunnkröfur og aðrar kröfur, sem gerðar eru í tilskipun 1999/5/EC.

Norsk
[Norwegian]:

Intel(R) Corporation erklærer herved at utstyret Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 3965ABG Network Connection (Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 3945ABG Network Connection, Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 3945BG Network Connection) er i samsvar med de grunnleggende krav og øvrige relevante krav i direktiv 1999/5/EF.

France

Pour la France métropolitaine
2.400 - 2.4835 GHz (Canaux 1à 13) autorisé en usage intérieur
2.400 -2.454 GHz (canaux 1 à 7) autorisé en usage extérieur

Pour la Guyane et la Réunion
2.400 - 2.4835 GHz (Canaux 1à 13) autorisé en usage intérieur .
2.420 - 2.4835 GHz (canaux 5 à 13) autorisé en usage extérieur

Italy

A general authorization is requested for outdoor use in Italy

The use of these equipments is regulated by:

1. D.L.gs 1.8.2003, n. 259, article 104 (activity subject to general authorization) for outdoor use and article 105 (free use) for indoor use, in both cases for private use.
2. D.M. 28.5.03, for supply to public of RLAN access to networks and telecom services.

L’uso degli apparati è regolamentato da:

1. D.L.gs 1.8.2003, n. 259, articoli 104 (attività soggette ad autorizzazione generale) se utilizzati al di fuori del proprio fondo e 105 (libero uso) se utilizzati entro il proprio fondo, in entrambi i casi per uso private.
2. D.M. 28.5.03, per la fornitura al pubblico dell’accesso R-LAN alle reti e ai servizi di telecomunicazioni.

Latvia

A license is required for outdoor use for operation in 2.4 GHz band.

Japan

Indoor use only.

Korea

Taiwan

Radio approvals

To determine whether you are allowed to use your wireless network device in a specific country, please check to see if the radio type number that is printed on the identification label of your device is listed in the manufacture OEM Regulatory Guidance document.

Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 2915ABG Network Connection

The information in this document applies to the following products:

Tri-mode wireless LAN adapters (802.11a/802.11b/802.11g)
Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 2915ABG Network Connection (model WM3B2915ABG)
Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 2915ABG Network Connection (model WM3A2915ABG)

NOTE: Due to the evolving state of regulations and standards in the wireless LAN field (IEEE 802.11
and similar standards), the information provided herein is subject to change. Intel Corporation
assumes no responsibility for errors or omissions in this document. Nor does Intel make any
commitment to update the information contained herein.

Information for the user

Safety Notices

The FCC with its action in ET Docket 96-8 has adopted a safety standard for human exposure to radio frequency (RF) electromagnetic energy emitted by FCC certified equipment. The Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 2915ABG Network Connection adapter meets the Human Exposure limits found in OET Bulletin 65, supplement C, 2001, and ANSI/IEEE C95.1, 1992. Proper operation of this radio according to the instructions found in this manual will result in exposure substantially below the FCC’s recommended limits.

The following safety precautions should be observed:

● Do not touch or move antenna while the unit is transmitting or receiving.
● Do not hold any component containing the radio such that the antenna is very close or touching any
exposed parts of the body, especially the face or eyes, while transmitting.
● Do not operate the radio or attempt to transmit data unless the antenna is connected; if not, the radio
may be damaged.
● Use in specific environments:
❍ The use of wireless devices in hazardous locations is limited by the constraints posed by the safety
directors of such environments.
❍ The use of wireless devices on airplanes is governed by the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA).
❍ The use of wireless devices in hospitals is restricted to the limits set forth by each hospital.
● Antenna use:

❍ In order to comply with FCC RF exposure limits, low gain integrated antennas should be located at a
minimum distance of 20 cm (8 inches) or more from the body of all persons.
❍ High-gain, wall-mount, or mast-mount antennas are designed to be professionally installed and
should be located at a minimum distance of 30 cm (12 inches) or more from the body of all persons. Please contact your professional installer, VAR, or antenna manufacturer for proper installation requirements.
● Explosive Device Proximity Warning (see below)
● Antenna Warning (see below)
● Use on Aircraft Caution (see below)
● Other Wireless Devices (see below)
● Power Supply (Access Point) (see below)

Explosive Device Proximity Warning

Warning: Do not operate a portable transmitter (such as a wireless network device) near unshielded
blasting caps or in an explosive environment unless the device has been modified to be qualified for such use.

Antenna Warnings

Warning: To comply with the FCC and ANSI C95.1 RF exposure limits, it is recommended for the Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 2915ABG Network Connection adapter installed in a desktop or portable computer, that the antenna for this device be installed so as to provide a separation distance of al least 20 cm (8 inches) from all persons and that the antenna must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or radio transmitter. It is recommended that the user limit exposure time if the antenna is positioned closer than 20 cm (8 inches).

Warning: Intel(R) PRO/Wireless LAN products are not designed for use with high-gain directional antennas. Use of such antennas with these products is illegal.

Use On Aircraft Caution

Caution: Regulations of the FCC and FAA prohibit airborne operation of radio-frequency wireless devices because their signals could interfere with critical aircraft instruments.

Other Wireless Devices

Safety Notices for Other Devices in the Wireless Network: Refer to the documentation supplied with wireless Ethernet adapters or other devices in the wireless network.

Local Restrictions on 802.11a, 802.11b, and 802.11g Radio Usage

Caution: Due to the fact that the frequencies used by 802.11a, 802.11b, and 802.11g wireless LAN devices may not yet be harmonized in all countries, 802.11a, 802.11b, and 802.11g products are designed for use only in specific countries, and are not allowed to be operated in countries other than those of designated use. As a user of these products, you are responsible for ensuring that the products are used only in the countries for which they were intended and for verifying that they are configured with the correct selection of frequency and channel for the country of use. The device transmit power control (TPC) interface is part of the Intel(R) PROSet/Wireless software. Operational restrictions for Equivalent Isotropic Radiated Power (EIRP) are provided by the system manufacturer. Any deviation from the permissible power and frequency settings for the country of use is an infringement of national law and may be punished as such.

For country-specific information, see the additional compliance information supplied with the product.

Wireless interoperability

The Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 2915ABG Network Connection adapter is designed to be interoperable with other wireless LAN products that are based on direct sequence spread spectrum (DSSS) radio technology and to comply with the following standards:

● IEEE Std. 802.11b compliant Standard on Wireless LAN.
● IEEE Std. 802.11g compliant Standard on Wireless LAN.
● IEEE Std. 802.11a compliant Standard on Wireless LAN.
● Wireless Fidelity (WiFi) certification, as defined by the Wi-Fi Alliance

The Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 2915ABG Network Connection adapter and your health

The Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 2915ABG Network Connection adapter, like other radio devices, emits radio frequency electromagnetic energy. The level of energy emitted by this device, however, is less than the electromagnetic energy emitted by other wireless devices such as mobile phones. The Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 2915ABG Network Connection adapter wireless device operates within the guidelines found in radio frequency safety standards and recommendations. These standards and recommendations reflect the consensus of the scientific community and result from deliberations of panels and committees of scientists who continually review and interpret the extensive research literature. In some situations or environments, the use of the Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 2915ABG Network Connection adapter wireless device may be restricted by the proprietor of the building or responsible representatives of the applicable organization. Examples of such situations include the following:

● Using the Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 2915ABG Network Connection adapter equipment on board airplanes, or
● Using the Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 2915ABG Network Connection adapter equipment in any other
environment where the risk of interference with other devices or services is perceived or identified as
being harmful

If you are uncertain of the policy that applies to the use of wireless devices in a specific organization or environment (an airport, for example), you are encouraged to ask for authorization to use the Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 2915ABG Network Connection adapter wireless device before you turn it on.

Regulatory information

Information for the OEMs and Integrators:

The following statement must be included with all versions of this document supplied to an OEM or integrator, but should not be distributed to the end user.

● This device is intended for OEM integrators only.
● This device cannot be co-located with any other transmitter.
● Please refer to the full Grant of Equipment document for other restrictions.
● This device must be operated and used with a locally approved access point.

Information To Be Supplied to the End User by the OEM or Integrator

The following regulatory and safety notices must be published in documentation supplied to the end user of the product or system incorporating an Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 2915ABG Network Connection in compliance with local regulations. Host system must be labeled with "Contains FCC ID: XXXXXXXX", FCC ID displayed on label.

The Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 2915ABG Network Connection adapter wireless network device must be installed and used in strict accordance with the manufacturer's instructions as described in the user documentation that comes with the product. For country-specific approvals, see Radio approvals. Intel Corporation is not responsible for any radio or television interference caused by unauthorized modification of the devices included with the Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 2915ABG Network Connection adapter kit, or the substitution or attachment of connecting cables and equipment other than that specified by Intel Corporation. The correction of interference caused by such unauthorized modification, substitution or attachment is the responsibility of the user. Intel Corporation and its authorized resellers or distributors are not liable for any damage or violation of government regulations that may arise from the user failing to comply with these guidelines.

Local Restriction of 802.11a, 802.11b, and 802.11g Radio Usage

The following statement on local restrictions must be published as part of the compliance documentation for all 802.11a, 802.11b, and 802.11g products.

Caution: Due to the fact that the frequencies used by 802.11a, 802.11b, and 802.11g wireless LAN devices may not yet be harmonized in all countries, 802.11a, 802.11b, and 802.11g products are designed for use only in specific countries, and are not allowed to be operated in countries other than those of designated use. As a user of these products, you are responsible for ensuring that the products are used only in the countries for which they were intended and for verifying that they are configured with the correct selection of frequency and channel for the country of use. Any deviation from permissible settings and restrictions in the country of use could be an infringement of national law and may be punished as such.

FCC Radio Frequency Interference Requirements

This device is restricted to indoor use due to its operation in the 5.15 to 5.25 GHz frequency range. FCC requires this product to be used indoors for the frequency range 5.15 to 5.25 GHz to reduce the potential for harmful interference to co-channel Mobile Satellite systems. High power radars are allocated as primary users of the 5.25 to 5.35 GHz and 5.65 to 5.85 GHz bands. These radar stations can cause interference with and /or damage this device.

● This device is intended for OEM integrators only.
● This device cannot be co-located with any other transmitter.

USA—Federal Communications Commission (FCC)

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation of the device is subject to the following two conditions:

● This device may not cause harmful interference.
● This device must accept any interference that may cause undesired operation.

NOTE: The radiated output power of the Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 2915ABG Network Connection
adapter wireless network device is far below the FCC radio frequency exposure limits. Nevertheless,
the Intel(R) PRO/Wireless LAN wireless network device should be used in such a manner that the
potential for human contact during normal operation is minimized. To avoid the possibility of
exceeding the FCC radio frequency exposure limits, you should keep a distance of at least 20 cm
between you (or any other person in the vicinity) and the antenna that is built into the computer.

Interference statement

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy. If the equipment is not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, the equipment may cause harmful interference to radio communications. There is no guarantee, however, that such interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception (which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on), the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by taking one or more of the following measures:

● Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
● Increase the distance between the equipment and the receiver.
● Connect the equipment to an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
● Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

NOTE: The Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 2915ABG Network Connection adapter wireless network device
must be installed and used in strict accordance with the manufacturer's instructions as described in
the user documentation that comes with the product. Any other installation or use will violate FCC
Part 15 regulations.

Canada—Industry Canada (IC)

This device complies with RSS210 of Industry Canada.

This Class B digital apparatus complies with Canadian ICES-003, Issue 4, and RSS-210, No 4 (Dec 2000) and No 5 (Nov 2001).

Cet appariel numérique de la classe B est conforme à la norme NMB-003, No. 4, et CNR-210, No 4 (Dec 2000) et No 5 (Nov 2001)..

"To prevent radio interference to the licensed service, this device is intended to be operated indoors and away from windows to provide maximum shielding. Equipment (or its transmit antenna) that is installed outdoors is subject to licensing."

« Pour empêcher que cet appareil cause du brouillage au service faisant l'objet d'une licence, il doit être utilisé a l'intérieur et devrait être placé loin des fenêtres afinde fournir un écran de blindage maximal. Si le matériel (ou son antenne d'émission) est installé à l'extérieur, il doit faire l'objet d'une licence. »

Europe Frequency Bands

2.400 - 2.4835 GHz (Europe ETSI)

5.15 - 5.35 GHz and 5.47-5.725 GHz (Europe ETSI)
Low band 5.25 - 5.35 GHz is for indoor use only

5.47 - 5.725 GHz is current not allowed in Czech Republic and France.

Declaration of Conformity

Declaration of Conformity

This equipment complies with the essential requirements of the European Union directive 1999/5/EC.

Czech Intel(R) Corporation tímto prohlašuje, že tento Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 2915ABG Network
Connection je ve shodě se základními požadavky a dalšími p•íslušnými ustanoveními směrnice
1999/5/ES."

Danish Undertegnede Intel(R) Corporation erklærer herved, at følgende udstyr Intel(R) PRO/Wireless
2915ABG Network Connection overholder de væsentlige krav og øvrige relevante krav i direktiv
1999/5/EF

Dutch Hierbij verklaart Intel(R) Corporation dat het toestel Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 2915ABG Network
Connection in overeenstemming is met de essentiële eisen en de andere relevante bepalingen van
richtlijn 1999/5/EG

Bij deze verklaart Intel(R) Corporation dat deze Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 2915ABG Network
Connection voldoet aan de essentiële eisen en aan de overige relevante bepalingen van Richtlijn
1999/5/EC.

English Hereby, Intel(R) Corporation, declares that this Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 2915ABG Network
Connection is in compliance with the essential requirements and other relevant provisions of
Directive 1999/5/EC.

Estonian Käesolevaga kinnitab Intel(R) Corporation seadme Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 2915ABG Network
Connection vastavust direktiivi 1999/5/EÜ põhinõuetele ja nimetatud direktiivist tulenevatele
teistele asjakohastele sätetele.

Finnish Intel(R) Corporation vakuuttaa täten että Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 2915ABG Network
Connection tyyppinen laite on direktiivin 1999/5/EY oleellisten vaatimusten ja sitä koskevien
direktiivin muiden ehtojen mukainen.

French Par la présente Intel(R) Corporation déclare que l'appareil Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 2915ABG Network
Connection est conforme aux exigences essentielles et aux autres dispositions pertinentes de la
directive 1999/5/CE.

Par la présente, Intel(R) Corporation déclare que ce Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 2915ABG Network
Connection est conforme aux exigences essentielles et aux autres dispositions de la directive
1999/5/CE qui lui sont applicables.

German Hiermit erklärt Intel(R) Corporation, dass sich dieser/diese/dieses Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 2915ABG
Network Connection in Übereinstimmung mit den grundlegenden Anforderungen und den anderen
relevanten Vorschriften der Richtlinie 1999/5/EG befindet". (BMWi)

Hiermit erklärt Intel(R) Corporation die Übereinstimmung des Gerätes Intel(R) PRO/Wireless
2915ABG Network Connection mit den grundlegenden Anforderungen und den anderen relevanten Festlegungen der Richtlinie 1999/5/EG. (Wien).=

Greek ΜΕ ΤΗΝ ΠΑΡΟΥΣΑ Intel(R) Corporation ∆ΗΛΩΝΕΙ ΟΤΙ Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 2915ABG Network
Connection ΣΥΜΜΟΡΦΩΝΕΤΑΙ ΠΡΟΣ ΤΙΣ ΟΥΣΙΩ∆ΕΙΣ ΑΠΑΙΤΗΣΕΙΣ ΚΑΙ ΤΙΣ ΛΟΙΠΕΣ ΣΧΕΤΙΚΕΣ
∆ΙΑΤΑΞΕΙΣ ΤΗΣ Ο∆ΗΓΙΑΣ 1999/5/ΕΚ.

Hungary Alulírott, Intel(R) Corporation nyilatkozom, hogy a Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 2915ABG Network
Connection megfelel a vonatkozó alapvetõ követelményeknek és az 1999/5/EC irányelv egyéb
elõírásainak.

Icelandic Intel lysir her med yfir að thessi bunadur, Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 2915ABG Network Connection ,
uppfyllir allar grunnkrofur, sem gerdar eru i R&TTE tilskipun ESB nr 1999/5/EC

Italian Con la presente Intel(R) Corporation dichiara che questo Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 2915ABG Network
Connection è conforme ai requisiti essenziali ed alle altre disposizioni pertinenti stabilite dalla
direttiva 1999/5/CE.

Latvian Ar šo Intel(R) Corporation deklarē, ka Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 2915ABG Network Connection atbilst
Direktīvas 1999/5/EK būtiskajām prasībām un citiem ar to saistītajiem noteikumiem.

Lithuanian Intel(R) Corporation deklaruoja, kad Intel(R) Pro/Wireless 2915ABG Network Connectionatitinka
1999/5/EC Direktyvos esminius reikalavimus ir kitas nuostatas".

Malti Hawnhekk, Intel(R) Corporation, jiddikjara li dan Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 2915ABG Network
Connection jikkonforma mal-ħti•ijiet essenzjali u ma provvedimenti oħrajn relevanti li hemm fid-
Dirrettiva 1999/5/EC.

Polish Niniejszym, Intel(R) Corporation, deklaruj•, •e Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 2915ABG Network
Connection spe nia wymagania zasadnicze oraz stosowne postanowienia zawarte
Dyrektywie 1999/5/EC.

Portuguese Intel(R) Corporation declara que este Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 2915ABG Network Connection está conforme com os requisitos essenciais e outras disposições da Directiva 1999/5/CE.

Slovak Intel(R) Corporation týmto vyhlasuje, že Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 2915ABG Network Connection
sp••a základné požiadavky a všetky príslušné ustanovenia Smernice 1999/5/ES.

Slovenia Šiuo Intel(R) Corporation deklaruoja, kad šis Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 2915ABG Network
Connection atitinka esminius reikalavimus ir kitas 1999/5/EB Direktyvos nuostatas.

Spanish Por medio de la presente Intel(R) Corporation declara que el Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 2915ABG
Network Connection cumple con los requisitos esenciales y cualesquiera otras disposiciones
aplicables o exigibles de la Directiva 1999/5/CE.

Swedish Härmed intygar Intel(R) Corporation att denna Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 2915ABG Network
Connection står I överensstämmelse med de väsentliga egenskapskrav och övriga relevanta bestämmelser som framgår av direktiv 1999/5/EG.

France

Pour la France métropolitaine
2.400 - 2.4835 GHz (Canaux 1à 13) autorisé en usage intérieur
2.400 -2.454 GHz (canaux 1 à 7) autorisé en usage extérieur

Pour la Guyane et la Réunion
2.400 - 2.4835 GHz (Canaux 1à 13) autorisé en usage intérieur .
2.420 - 2.4835 GHz (canaux 5 à 13) autorisé en usage extérieur

Pour tout le territoire Français:

Seulement 5.15 -5.35 GHz autorisé pour le 802.11a

Belgium

Dans le cas d'une utilisation privée, à l'extérieur d'un bâtiment, au-dessus d'un espace public, aucun enregistrement n'est nécessaire pour une distance de moins de 300m. Pour une distance supérieure à 300m un enregistrement auprès de l'IBPT est requise. Pour les enregistrements et licences, veuillez contacter l'IBPT.

In geval van privé-gebruik, buiten een gebouw, op een openbare plaats, is geen registratie nodig, wanneer de afstand minder dan 300m is. Voor een afstand groter dan 300m is een registratie bij BIPT vereist. Voor registraties en licenties, gelieve BIPT te contacteren.

Japan

Latvia

A license is required for outdoor use for operation in 2.4 GHz band. (Translation?)

Italy

A general authorization is requested for outdoor use in Italy

The use of these equipments is regulated by:

- D.L.gs 1.8.2003, n. 259, article 104 (activity subject to general authorization) for outdoor use and article 105 (free use) for indoor use, in both cases for private use.

- D.M. 28.5.03, for supply to public of RLAN access to networks and telecom services.

L’uso degli apparati è regolamentato da:

- D.L.gs 1.8.2003, n. 259, articoli 104 (attività soggette ad autorizzazione generale) se utilizzati al di fuori del proprio fondo e 105 (libero uso) se utilizzati entro il proprio fondo, in entrambi i casi per uso privato ;

- D.M. 28.5.03, per la fornitura al pubblico dell’accesso R-LAN alle reti e ai servizi di telecomunicazioni.

Greece

A license is required for the outdoor use of band 5.470 – 5.725 GHz.

Belarus

2.4 GHz OFDM (802.11g) is not allowed at this time.

Indonesia

5 GHz interface is not allowed at this time.

Kuwait

5 GHz interface is not allowed at this time.

Oman

If the modules are less than 100 milliwatts they are unlicensed but if they are more than 100 milliwatts, the user is responsible for getting a license to operate from Telecommunications Regulatory Authority (TRA) in Sultanate of Oman.

Taiwan

Pakistan

Pakistan Telecommunication Authority (PTA) Approved

UAE

5 GHz interface is not allowed at this time.

Ukraine

5 GHz interface is not allowed at this time.

Radio approvals

To determine whether you are allowed to use your wireless network device in a specific country, please check to see if the radio type number that is printed on the identification label of your device is listed in the manufacture OEM Regulatory Guidance document.

Underwriters Laboratories Inc. (UL) Regulatory Warning

For use in (or with) UL Listed personal computers or compatible.

Regulatory Information: Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 2200BG Network Connection

Information for the User

Regulatory Information

Information for the user

Safety Notices

The FCC with its action in ET Docket 96-8 has adopted a safety standard for human exposure to radio frequency (RF) electromagnetic energy emitted by FCC certified equipment. The Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 2200BG Network Connection meets the Human Exposure limits found in OET Bulletin 65, 2001, and ANSI/IEEE C95.1, 1992. Proper operation of this radio according to the instructions found in this manual will result in exposure substantially below the FCC’s recommended limits.

The following safety precautions should be observed:

● Do not touch or move antenna while the unit is transmitting or receiving.
● Do not hold any component containing the radio such that the antenna is very close or touching any
exposed parts of the body, especially the face or eyes, while transmitting.
● Do not operate the radio or attempt to transmit data unless the antenna is connected; if not, the radio
may be damaged.
● Use in specific environments:
❍ The use of wireless devices in hazardous locations is limited by the constraints posed by the safety
directors of such environments.
❍ The use of wireless devices on airplanes is governed by the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA).
❍ The use of wireless devices in hospitals is restricted to the limits set forth by each hospital.
● Explosive Device Proximity Warning (see below)
● Antenna Warning (see below)
● Use on Aircraft Caution (see below)
● Other Wireless Devices (see below)
● Power Supply (Access Point) (see below)

Explosive Device Proximity Warning

Warning: Do not operate a portable transmitter (such as a wireless network device) near unshielded
blasting caps or in an explosive environment unless the device has been modified to be qualified for such use.

Antenna Warnings

Warning: To comply with the FCC and ANSI C95.1 RF exposure limits, it is recommended for the Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 2200BG Network Connection installed in a desktop or portable computer, that the antenna for this device be installed so as to provide a separation distance of al least 20 cm (8 inches) from all persons and that the antenna must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or radio transmitter. It is recommended that the user limit exposure time if the antenna is positioned closer than 20 cm (8 inches).

Warning: The Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 2200BG Network Connection product is not designed for use with high-gain directional antennas. Use of such antennas with these products is illegal.

Use On Aircraft Caution

Caution: Regulations of the FCC and FAA prohibit airborne operation of radio-frequency wireless devices because their signals could interfere with critical aircraft instruments.

Local Restrictions on 802.11b and 802.11g Radio Usage

All frequencies used by 802.11b and 802.11g are harmonized. Some countries though may not allow 802.11g.

Wireless interoperability

The Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 2200BG Network Connection adapter is designed to be interoperable with any wireless LAN product that is based on direct sequence spread spectrum (DSSS) radio technology and to comply with the following standards:

● IEEE Std. 802.11b-1999. Standard on Wireless LAN.
● IEEE Std. 802.11g compliant. Standard on Wireless LAN.
● Wireless Fidelity (WiFi) certification, as defined by the Wi-Fi Alliance

The Intel(R) PRO/Wireless LAN 2200BG Mini PCI adapter and your health

The Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 2200BG Network Connection adapter, like other radio devices, emits radio frequency electromagnetic energy. The level of energy emitted by this device, however, is less than the electromagnetic energy emitted by other wireless devices such as mobile phones. The Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 2200BG Network Connection adapter wireless device operates within the guidelines found in radio frequency safety standards and recommendations. These standards and recommendations reflect the consensus of the scientific community and result from deliberations of panels and committees of scientists who continually review and interpret the extensive research literature. In some situations or environments, the use of the Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 2200BG Network Connection adapter wireless device may be restricted by the proprietor of the building or responsible representatives of the applicable organization. Examples of such situations include the following:

● Using the Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 2200BG Network Connection adapter equipment on board airplanes, or
● Using the Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 2200BG Network Connection adapter equipment in any other environment
where the risk of interference with other devices or services is perceived or identified as being harmful.

If you are uncertain of the policy that applies to the use of wireless devices in a specific organization or environment (an airport, for example), you are encouraged to ask for authorization to use the Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 2200BG Network Connection adapter wireless device before you turn it on.

Regulatory information

The Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 2200BG Network Connection adapter wireless network device must be installed and used in strict accordance with the manufacturer's instructions as described in the user documentation that comes with the product. For country-specific approvals, see Radio approvals. Intel Corporation is not responsible for any radio or television interference caused by unauthorized modification of the devices included with the Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 2200BG Network Connection adapter kit, or the substitution or attachment of connecting cables and equipment other than that specified by Intel Corporation. The correction of interference caused by such unauthorized modification, substitution or attachment is the responsibility of the user. Intel Corporation and its authorized resellers or distributors are not liable for any damage or violation of government regulations that may arise from the user failing to comply with these guidelines.

USA—Federal Communications Commission (FCC)

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation of the device is subject to the following two conditions:

● This device may not cause harmful interference.
● This device must accept any interference that may cause undesired operation.

NOTE: The radiated output power of the Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 2200BG Network Connection adapter wireless network device is far below the FCC radio frequency exposure limits. Nevertheless, the Intel PROSet/Wireless LAN wireless network device should be used in such a manner that the potential
for human contact during normal operation is minimized. To avoid the possibility of exceeding the
FCC radio frequency exposure limits, you should keep a distance of at least 2 cm between you (or
any other person in the vicinity) and the antenna that is built into the computer.

Interference statement

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy. If the equipment is not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, the equipment may cause harmful interference to radio communications. There is no guarantee, however, that such interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception (which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on), the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by taking one or more of the following measures:

● Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
● Increase the distance between the equipment and the receiver.
● Connect the equipment to an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
● Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

NOTE: The Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 2200BG Network Connection adapter wireless network device
must be installed and used in strict accordance with the manufacturer's instructions as described in
the user documentation that comes with the product. Any other installation or use will violate FCC
Part 15 regulations.

U.S. Frequency Bands

2.400 - 2.462 GHz

Canada—Industry Canada (IC)

This Class B digital apparatus complies with Canadian ICES-003, Issue 2, and RSS-210, Issue 4 (Dec. 2000).

Cet appariel numérique de la classe B est conforme à la norme NMB-003, No. 2, et CNR-210, No 4 (Dec 2000).

To prevent radio interference to the licensed service, this device is intended to be operated indoors and away from windows to provide maximum shielding. Equipment (or its transmit antenna) that is installed outdoors is subject to licensing."

« Pour empêcher que cet appareil cause du brouillage au service faisant l'objet d'une licence, il doit être utilisé a l'intérieur et devrait être placé loin des fenêtres afinde fournir un écran de blindage maximal. Si le matériel (ou son antenne d'émission) est installé à l'extérieur, il doit faire l'objet d'une licence. »

Europe—EU Declaration of Conformity

Europe Frequency Bands

2.400 - 2.4835 GHz (Europe ETSI)

Declaration of Conformity

This equipment complies with the essential requirements of the European Union directive 1999/5/EC.

English Hereby, Intel(R) Corporation, declares that this Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 2200BG Network
Connection is in compliance with the essential requirements and other relevant provisions of
Directive 1999/5/EC.

Finnish Intel(R) Corporation vakuuttaa täten että Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 2200BG Network
Connection tyyppinen laite on direktiivin 1999/5/EY oleellisten vaatimusten ja sitä koskevien
direktiivin muiden ehtojen mukainen.

Dutch Hierbij verklaart Intel(R) Corporation dat het toestel Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 2200BG Network
Connection in overeenstemming is met de essentiële eisen en de andere relevante bepalingen van
richtlijn 1999/5/EG.

Bij deze verklaart Intel(R) Corporation dat deze Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 2200BG Network Connection
voldoet aan de essentiële eisen en aan de overige relevante bepalingen van Richtlijn 1999/5/EC.

French Par la présente Intel(R) Corporation déclare que l'appareil Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 2915ABG Network
Connection est conforme aux exigences essentielles et aux autres dispositions pertinentes de la
directive 1999/5/CE.

Par la présente, Intel(R) Corporation déclare que ce Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 2200BG Network
Connection est conforme aux exigences essentielles et aux autres dispositions de la directive
1999/5/CE qui lui sont applicables.

Swedish Härmed intygar Intel(R) Corporation att denna Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 2200BG Network Connection
står I överensstämmelse med de väsentliga egenskapskrav och övriga relevanta bestämmelser
som framgår av direktiv 1999/5/EG.

Danish Undertegnede Intel(R) Corporation erklærer herved, at følgende udstyr Intel(R) PRO/Wireless
2200BG Network Connection overholder de væsentlige krav og øvrige relevante krav i direktiv
1999/5/EF.

German Hiermit erklärt Intel(R) Corporation, dass sich dieser/diese/dieses Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 2200BG
Network Connection in Übereinstimmung mit den grundlegenden Anforderungen und den anderen relevanten Vorschriften der Richtlinie 1999/5/EG befindet". (BMWi)

Hiermit erklärt Intel(R) Corporation die Übereinstimmung des Gerätes Intel(R) PRO/Wireless
2200BG Network Connection mit den grundlegenden Anforderungen und den anderen relevanten Festlegungen der Richtlinie 1999/5/EG. (Wien)

Greek ΜΕ ΤΗΝ ΠΑΡΟΥΣΑ Intel(R) Corporation ∆ΗΛΩΝΕΙ ΟΤΙ Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 2200BG Network
Connection ΣΥΜΜΟΡΦΩΝΕΤΑΙ ΠΡΟΣ ΤΙΣ ΟΥΣΙΩ∆ΕΙΣ ΑΠΑΙΤΗΣΕΙΣ ΚΑΙ ΤΙΣ ΛΟΙΠΕΣ ΣΧΕΤΙΚΕΣ
∆ΙΑΤΑΞΕΙΣ ΤΗΣ Ο∆ΗΓΙΑΣ 1999/5/ΕΚ.

Icelandic Intel lysir her med yfir að thessi bunadur, Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 2200BG Network Connection ,
uppfyllir allar grunnkrofur, sem gerdar eru i R&TTE tilskipun ESB nr 1999/5/EC.

Italian Con la presente Intel(R) Corporation dichiara che questo Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 2200BG Network
Connection è conforme ai requisiti essenziali ed alle altre disposizioni pertinenti stabilite dalla
direttiva 1999/5/CE.

Spanish Por medio de la presente Intel(R) Corporation declara que el Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 2200BG
Network Connection cumple con los requisitos esenciales y cualesquiera otras disposiciones
aplicables o exigibles de la Directiva 1999/5/CE.

Portuguese Intel(R) Corporation declara que este Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 2200BG Network Connection está conforme com os requisitos essenciais e outras disposições da Directiva 1999/5/CE.

Malti Hawnhekk, Intel(R) Corporation, jiddikjara li dan Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 2200BG Network
Connection jikkonforma mal-ħti•ijiet essenzjali u ma provvedimenti oħrajn relevanti li hemm fid-
Dirrettiva 1999/5/EC

New Member States requirements of Declaration of Conformity

Estonian Käesolevaga kinnitab Intel(R) Corporation seadme Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 2200BG Network
Connection vastavust direktiivi 1999/5/EÜ põhinõuetele ja nimetatud direktiivist tulenevatele
teistele asjakohastele sätetele.

Hungary Alulírott, Intel(R) Corporation nyilatkozom, hogy a Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 2200BG Network
Connection megfelel a vonatkozó alapvetõ követelményeknek és az 1999/5/EC irányelv egyéb
elõírásainak

Slovak Intel(R) Corporation týmto vyhlasuje, že Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 2200BG Network Connection sp••a
základné požiadavky a všetky príslušné ustanovenia Smernice 1999/5/ES.

Czech Intel(R) Corporation tímto prohlašuje, že tento Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 2200BG Network Connection
je ve shodě se základními požadavky a dalšími p•íslušnými ustanoveními směrnice 1999/5/ES."

Slovenia Šiuo Intel(R) Corporation deklaruoja, kad šis Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 2200BG Network
Connection atitinka esminius reikalavimus ir kitas 1999/5/EB Direktyvos nuostatas.

Latvian Ar šo Intel(R) Corporation deklarē, ka Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 2200BG Network Connection atbilst
Direktīvas 1999/5/EK būtiskajām prasībām un citiem ar to saistītajiem noteikumiem

Lithuanian Intel(R) Corporation deklaruoja, kad Intel(R) Pro/Wireless 2200BG Network Connectionatitinka 1999/5/EC Direktyvos esminius reikalavimus ir kitas nuostatas".

Polish Niniejszym, Intel(R) Corporation, deklaruj•, •e Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 2200BG Network Connection
spe nia wymagania zasadnicze oraz stosowne postanowienia zawarte
Dyrektywie 1999/5/EC.

France

Pour la France métropolitaine
2.400 - 2.4835 GHz (Canaux 1à 13) autorisé en usage intérieur
2.400 -2.454 GHz (canaux 1 à 7) autorisé en usage extérieur

Pour la Guyane et la Réunion
2.400 - 2.4835 GHz (Canaux 1à 13) autorisé en usage intérieur
2.420 - 2.4835 GHz (canaux 5 à 13) autorisé en usage extérieur

Pour tout le territoire Français:

Seulement 5.15 -5.35 GHz autorisé pour le 802.1

Belgique

Dans le cas d'une utilisation privée, à l'extérieur d'un bâtiment, au-dessus d'un espace public, aucun enregistrement n'est nécessaire pour une distance de moins de 300m. Pour une distance supérieure à 300m un enregistrement auprès de l'IBPT est requise. Pour les enregistrements et licences, veuillez contacter l'IBPT.

In geval van privé-gebruik, buiten een gebouw, op een openbare plaats, is geen registratie nodig, wanneer de afstand minder dan 300m is. Voor een afstand groter dan 300m is een registratie bij BIPT vereist. Voor registraties en licenties, gelieve BIPT te contacteren.

Latvia

A license is required for outdoor use for operation in 2.4 GHz band.

Italy

The use of these equipments is regulated by:

- D.L.gs 1.8.2003, n. 259, article 104 (activity subject to general authorization) for outdoor use and article 105 (free use) for indoor use, in both cases for private use.

- D.M. 28.5.03, for supply to public of RLAN access to networks and telecom services.

L’uso degli apparati è regolamentato da:

- D.L.gs 1.8.2003, n. 259, articoli 104 (attività soggette ad autorizzazione generale) se utilizzati al di fuori del proprio fondo e 105 (libero uso) se utilizzati entro il proprio fondo, in entrambi i casi per uso privato;

- D.M. 28.5.03, per la fornitura al pubblico dell’accesso R-LAN alle reti e ai servizi di telecomunicazioni.

Belarus

2.4 GHz OFDM (802.11g) is not allowed at this time.

Taiwan

Pakistan

Pakistan Telecommunication Authority (PTA) Approved

Radio approvals

To determine whether you are allowed to use your wireless network device in a specific country, please check to see if the radio type number that is printed on the identification label of your device is listed in the manufacture OEM Regulatory Guidance document.

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Warranty

Product Warranty Information

One-Year Limited Hardware Warranty

Limited Warranty

Intel warrants to the purchaser of the Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 3965ABG Network Connection PCI Card (the “Product”), that the Product, if properly used and installed, will be free from defects in material and workmanship and will substantially conform to Intel’s publicly available specifications for the Product for a period of one (1) year beginning on the date the Product was purchased in its original sealed packaging.

SOFTWARE OF ANY KIND DELIVERED WITH OR AS PART OF THE PRODUCT IS EXPRESSLY PROVIDED "AS IS", SPECIFICALLY EXCLUDING ALL OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESS, IMPLIED (INCLUDING WITHOUT LIMITATION, WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY, NON-INFRINGEMENT OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE), provided however, that Intel warrants that the media on which the software is furnished will be free from defects for a period of ninety (90) days from the date of delivery. If such a defect appears within the warranty period, you may return the defective media to Intel for replacement or alternative delivery of the software at Intel's discretion and without charge. Intel does not warrant or assume responsibility for the accuracy or completeness of any information, text, graphics, links or other items contained within the software.

If the Product which is the subject of this Limited Warranty fails during the warranty period for reasons covered by this Limited Warranty, Intel, at its option, will:

- **REPAIR** the Product by means of hardware and/or software; OR
- **REPLACE** the Product with another product, OR, if Intel is unable to repair or replace the Product,
- **REFUND** the then-current Intel price for the Product at the time a claim for warranty service is made to Intel under this Limited Warranty.

THIS LIMITED WARRANTY, AND ANY IMPLIED WARRANTIES THAT MAY EXIST UNDER APPLICABLE STATE, NATIONAL, PROVINCIAL OR LOCAL LAW, APPLY ONLY TO YOU AS THE ORIGINAL PURCHASER OF THE PRODUCT.

Extent of Limited Warranty

Intel does not warrant that the Product, whether purchased stand-alone or integrated with other products, including without limitation, semi-conductor components, will be free from design defects or errors known as "errata." Current characterized errata are available upon request. Further, this Limited Warranty does NOT cover: (i) any costs associated with the replacement or repair of the Product, including labor, installation or other costs incurred by you, and in particular, any costs relating to the removal or replacement of any Product soldered or otherwise permanently affixed to any printed circuit board or integrated with other products; (ii) damage to the Product due to external causes, including accident, problems with electrical power, abnormal, mechanical or environmental conditions, usage not in accordance with product instructions, misuse, neglect, accident, abuse, alteration, repair, improper or unauthorized installation or improper testing, or (iii) any Product which has been modified or operated outside of Intel’s publicly available specifications or where the original product identification markings (trademark or serial number) have been removed, altered or obliterated from the Product; or (iv) issues resulting from modification (other than by Intel) of software products provided or included in the Product, (v) incorporation of software products, other than those software products provided or included in the Product by Intel, or (vi) failure to apply Intel-supplied modifications or corrections to any software provided with or included in the Product.

How to Obtain Warranty Service

To obtain warranty service for the Product, you may contact your original place of purchase in accordance with its instructions or you may contact Intel. To request warranty service from Intel, you must contact the Intel Customer Support ("ICS") center in your region (http://support.intel.com/support/notebook/centrino/sb/CS-009883.htm) within the warranty period during normal business hours (local time), excluding holidays and return the Product to the designated ICS center. Please be prepared to provide: (1) your name, mailing address, email address, telephone numbers and, in the USA, valid credit card information; (2) proof of purchase; (3) model name and product identification number found on the Product; and (4) an explanation of the problem. The Customer Service Representative may need additional information from you depending on the nature of the problem. Upon ICS’s verification that the Product is eligible for warranty service, you will be issued a Return Material Authorization ("RMA") number and provided with instructions for returning the Product to the designated ICS center. When you return the Product to the ICS center, you must include the RMA number on the outside of the package. Intel will not accept any returned Product without an RMA number, or that has an invalid RMA number, on the package. You must deliver the returned Product to the designated ICS center in the original or equivalent packaging, with shipping charges pre-paid (within the USA), and assume the risk of damage or loss during shipment. Intel may elect to repair or replace the Product with either a new or reconditioned Product or components, as Intel deems appropriate. The repaired or replaced product will be shipped to you at the expense of Intel within a reasonable period of time after receipt of the returned Product by ICS. The returned Product shall become Intel’s property on receipt by ICS. The replacement product is warranted under this written warranty and is subject to the same limitations of liability and exclusions for ninety (90) days or the remainder of the original warranty period, whichever is longer. If Intel replaces the Product, the Limited Warranty period for the replacement Product is not extended.

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