



FCC RF Exposure

EUT Description: smart ring

Model No.: RN02

FCC ID: 2AKUO-RN02

1. Limits

According to KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06 The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

$$\left[\frac{\text{(max power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)}}{\text{(min. test separation distance, mm)}} \right] \cdot \sqrt{f(\text{GHz})} \leq 3.0 \text{ for 1-g SAR and } \leq 7.5 \text{ for 10-g extremity SAR,}$$

Where:

Result = $P/D \cdot \sqrt{F}$

F = the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz

P = Maximum turn-up power in mw

D = Min. test separation distance in mm

2. Test Result of RF Exposure Evaluation

Frequency (MHz)	Output power (dBm)	Tune Up Power (dBm)	Max Tune Up power (mW)	Min test separation distance mm	Result	Limit	SAR Test Exclusion
2402	4.27	4±1(5)	3.162	5	0.980	3.0	Pass
2402	4.30	4±1(5)	3.162	5	0.980	3.0	Pass

Note:

PK Output power = conducted power.

Conducted power see the test report HK2605060485-1E/2E, antenna gain = -11.7dBi

Per KDB 447498 D01, when the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion. The test exclusion threshold is 0.980 which is ≤ 3 , SAR testing is not required.

Note: Exclusion Thresholds Results = $\left[\frac{\text{(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)}}{\text{(min. test separation distance, mm)}} \right] \cdot \sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}$

f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz

Distance = 5mm