



Shenzhen HTT Technology Co., Ltd.

FCC PART 15 SUBPART C TEST REPORT

FCC PART 15.247

Report Reference No.: HTT202606079F01

FCC ID.: 2BVX6-COEUSC38

Compiled by

(position+printed name+signature): File administrators Heber He

Supervised by

(position+printed name+signature): Project Engineer Bruce Zhu

Approved by

(position+printed name+signature): RF Manager Kevin Yang

Date of issue: Jun. 12, 2026

Heber He

Bruce Zhu

Kevin Yang



Testing Laboratory Name: Shenzhen HTT Technology Co.,Ltd.

Address: 1F, Building B, Huafeng International Robotics Industrial Park,
Hangcheng Road,Nanchang Community, Xixiang Street, Bao'an
District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China

Applicant's name: ASK TEC Co., Ltd.

Address: 2 F., No. 173, Sec. 4, New Taipei Blvd., Xinzhuang Dist., New Taipei
City 242032, Taiwan

Test specification..... :

Standard: FCC Part 15.247

TRF Originator: Shenzhen HTT Technology Co.,Ltd.

Shenzhen HTT Technology Co.,Ltd. All rights reserved.

This publication may be reproduced in whole or in part for non-commercial purposes as long as the Shenzhen HTT Technology Co.,Ltd. is acknowledged as copyright owner and source of the material. Shenzhen HTT Technology Co.,Ltd. takes no responsibility for and will not assume liability for damages resulting from the reader's interpretation of the reproduced material due to its placement and context.

Test item description..... : Coeus 3D holographic fan

Trade Mark.....: N/A

Manufacturer.....: GUANGZHOU COEUS DIGITAL TECHNOLOGY CO.,LTD.

Model/Type reference.....: COEUS/C38

Listed Models.....: N/A

Modulation Type: CCK/DSSS/OFDM

Operation Frequency: From 2412 - 2462MHz

Rating.....: DC 12V

Result.....: PASS

TEST REPORT

Equipment under Test : Coeus 3D holographic fan

Model /Type : COEUS/C38

Listed Models : N/A

Applicant : **ASK TEC Co., Ltd.**

Address : 2 F., No. 173, Sec. 4, New Taipei Blvd., Xinzhuang Dist., New Taipei City 242032, Taiwan

Manufacturer : **GUANGZHOU COEUS DIGITAL TECHNOLOGY CO.,LTD.**

Address : ROOM 1707 AND ROOM 1708 OF THE INTERNATIONAL TALENT PORT, NO. 167 HAIBIN ROAD, NANSHA DISTRICT, GUANGZHOU

Test Result:	PASS
---------------------	-------------

The test report merely corresponds to the test sample.

It is not permitted to copy extracts of these test result without the written permission of the test laboratory.

Contents

1 TEST STANDARDS	4
2 SUMMARY	5
2.1 General Remarks	5
2.2 Product Description	5
2.3 Equipment Under Test	5
2.4 Short description of the Equipment under Test (EUT)	5
2.5 EUT configuration.....	5
2.6 EUT operation mode	6
2.7 Block Diagram of Test Setup	6
2.8 Related Submittal(s) / Grant (s)	6
2.9 Modifications	6
3 TEST ENVIRONMENT.....	7
3.1 Address of the test laboratory	7
3.2 Test Facility	7
3.3 Environmental conditions	7
3.4 Test Description	8
3.5 Statement of the measurement uncertainty	8
3.6 Equipments Used during the Test.....	10
4 TEST CONDITIONS AND RESULTS	11
4.1 AC Power Conducted Emission	11
4.2 Radiated Emission	14
4.3 Maximum Peak Conducted Output Power	31
4.4 On Time and Duty Cycle	32
4.5 Power Spectral Density	33
4.6 6dB Bandwidth	34
4.7 Out-of-band Emissions.....	35
4.8 Antenna Requirement	36
4.9 Emissions at Restricted Band	37
5 Test Setup Photos of the EUT	39
6 Photos of the EUT	41

1 TEST STANDARDS

The tests were performed according to following standards:

[FCC Rules Part 15.247](#): Frequency Hopping, Direct Spread Spectrum and Hybrid Systems that are in operation within the bands of 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz.

[ANSI C63.10-2020 +Cor. 1-2023+ C63.10a-2024+ Errata to C63.10a-2024](#): American National Standard for Testing Unlicensed Wireless Devices

[KDB558074 D01 v05r02](#): Guidance for Compliance Measurements on Digital Transmission Systems (DTS) ,Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum System(HFSS), and Hybrid System Devices Operating Under §15.247 of The FCC rules.

2 SUMMARY

2.1 General Remarks

Date of receipt of test sample	:	May. 28, 2026
Testing commenced on	:	May. 28, 2026
Testing concluded on	:	Jun. 12, 2026

2.2 Product Description

Product description:	Coeus 3D holographic fan
Model/Type reference:	COEUS/C38
Power supply:	DC 12V
Testing sample ID:	HTT202606079-1# (Engineer sample) HTT202606079-2# (Normal sample)
Hardware version:	/
Software version:	/
WIFI :	
Supported type:	802.11b/802.11g/802.11n(HT20)/ 802.11n(HT40)
Modulation:	802.11b: DSSS 802.11g/802.11n(HT20)/ 802.11n(HT40): OFDM
Operation frequency:	802.11b/802.11g/802.11n(H20): 2412MHz~2462MHz 802.11n(H40): 2422MHz~2452MHz
Channel number:	802.11b/802.11g/802.11n(HT20): 11 802.11n(HT40):7
Channel separation:	5MHz
Antenna type:	Ceramic Antenna
Antenna gain:	2.66 dBi

2.3 Equipment Under Test

Power supply system utilised

Refer to section 2.2

2.4 Short description of the Equipment under Test (EUT)

This is a Coeus 3D holographic fan.

For more details, refer to the user's manual of the EUT.

Test Software Version	serial-com8 (20)		
Frequency	2412 MHz	2437MHz	2462 MHz
802.11b	Default	Default	Default
802.11g	Default	Default	Default
802.11n20	Default	Default	Default
Frequency	2422 MHz	2437MHz	2452 MHz
802.11n40	Default	Default	Default

2.5 EUT configuration

The following peripheral devices and interface cables were connected during the measurement:

Shenzhen HTT Technology Co.,Ltd.

Tel: 0755-23595200 Fax: 0755-23595201

1F, Building B, Huafeng International Robotics Industrial Park, Hangcheng Road, Nanchang Community, Xixiang Street, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China

○ - supplied by the manufacturer

● - supplied by the lab

--	--	--	--

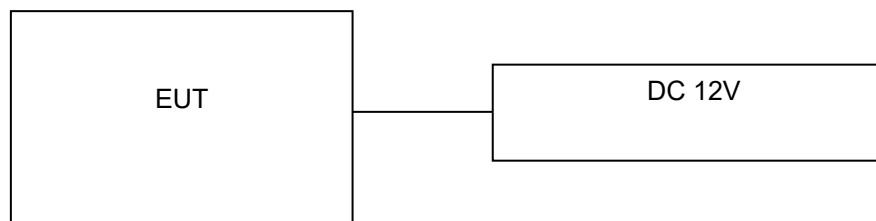
2.6 EUT operation mode

The application provider specific test software to control sample in continuous TX and RX for testing meet KDB558074 test requirement.

IEEE 802.11b/g/n: Eleven channels are provided to the EUT.

Channel	Frequency(MHz)	Channel	Frequency(MHz)
1	2412	8	2447
2	2417	9	2452
3	2422	10	2457
4	2427	11	2462
5	2432		
6	2437		
7	2442		

2.7 Block Diagram of Test Setup



2.8 Related Submittal(s) / Grant (s)

This submittal(s) (test report) is intended for filing to comply with Section 15.247 of the FCC Part 15, Subpart C Rules.

2.9 Modifications

No modifications were implemented to meet testing criteria.

3 TEST ENVIRONMENT

3.1 Address of the test laboratory

Shenzhen HTT Technology Co.,Ltd.

1F, Building B, Huafeng International Robotics Industrial Park, Hangcheng Road, Nanchang Community, Xixiang Street, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China

3.2 Test Facility

The test facility is recognized, certified, or accredited by the following organizations:

FCC-Registration No.: 779513 Designation Number: CN1319

Shenzhen HTT Technology Co.,Ltd. has been listed on the US Federal Communications Commission list of test facilities recognized to perform electromagnetic emissions measurements.

A2LA-Lab Cert. No.: 6435.01

Shenzhen HTT Technology Co.,Ltd. has been listed by American Association for Laboratory Accreditation to perform electromagnetic emission measurement.

ISED#: 27952 CAB identifier: CN0128

Shenzhen HTT Technology Co.,Ltd. has been listed by Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada to perform electromagnetic emission measurement.

The 3m-Semi anechoic test site fulfils CISPR 16-1-4 according to ANSI C63.10 and CISPR 16-1-4:2010.

3.3 Environmental conditions

During the measurement the environmental conditions were within the listed ranges:

Radiated Emission:

Temperature:	23 ° C
Humidity:	48 %
Atmospheric pressure:	950-1050mbar

AC Main Conducted testing:

Temperature:	24 ° C
Humidity:	45 %
Atmospheric pressure:	950-1050mbar

Conducted testing:

Temperature:	24 ° C
Humidity:	45 %
Atmospheric pressure:	950-1050mbar

3.4 Test Description

FCC PART 15.247		
FCC Part 15.207	AC Power Conducted Emission	PASS
FCC Part 15.247(a)(2)	6dB Bandwidth	PASS
FCC Part 15.247(d)	Spurious RF Conducted Emission	PASS
FCC Part 15.247(b)	Maximum Peak Conducted Output Power	PASS
FCC Part 15.247(e)	Power Spectral Density	PASS
FCC Part 15.109/ 15.205/ 15.209	Radiated Emissions	PASS
FCC Part 15.247(d)	Band Edge	PASS
FCC Part 15.203/15.247 (b)	Antenna Requirement	PASS

Remark:

1. The measurement uncertainty is not included in the test result.
2. We tested all test mode and recorded worst case in report
3. RF Conducted test Offset= cable loss, For conducted spurious emission test, cable loss is the maximum value in the range of test.

Data Rate Used:

Preliminary tests were performed in different data rate to find the worst radiated emission. The data rate shown in the table below is the worst-case rate with respect to the specific test item. Investigation has been done on all the possible configurations for searching the worst cases. The following table is a list of the test modes shown in this test report.

Test Items	Mode	Data Rate	Channel
Maximum Peak Conducted Output Power Power Spectral Density 6dB Bandwidth Spurious RF conducted emission Radiated Emission 9KHz~1GHz& Radiated Emission 1GHz~10 th Harmonic	11b/DSSS	1 Mbps	1/6/11
	11g/OFDM	6 Mbps	1/6/11
	11n(20MHz)/OFDM	MCS0	1/6/11
	11n(40MHz)/OFDM	MCS0	3/6/9
Band Edge	11b/DSSS	1 Mbps	1/11
	11g/OFDM	6 Mbps	1/11
	11n(20MHz)/OFDM	MCS0	1/11
	11n(40MHz)/OFDM	MCS0	3/9

3.5 Statement of the measurement uncertainty

The data and results referenced in this document are true and accurate. The reader is cautioned that there may be errors within the calibration limits of the equipment and facilities. The measurement uncertainty was calculated for all measurements listed in this test report acc. to TR-100028-01 "Electromagnetic compatibility and Radio spectrum Matters (ERM);Uncertainties in the measurement of mobile radio equipment characteristics; Part 1" and TR-100028-02 "Electromagnetic compatibility and Radio spectrum Matters (ERM);Uncertainties in the measurement of mobile radio equipment characteristics; Part 2 " and is documented in the Shenzhen HTT Technology Co.,Ltd. quality system acc. to DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025. Furthermore, component and process variability of devices similar to that tested may result in additional deviation. The manufacturer has the sole responsibility of continued compliance of the device.

Hereafter the best measurement capability for Shenzhen HTT Technology Co.,Ltd. :

Test Item	Frequency Range	Measurement Uncertainty	Notes
Radiated Emission	9KHz~30MHz	3.12 dB	(1)
Radiated Emission	30~1000MHz	4.37 dB	(1)

Radiated Emission	1~18GHz	5.40 dB	(1)
Radiated Emission	18-40GHz	5.45 dB	(1)
Conducted Disturbance	0.15~30MHz	2.68 dB	(1)
Spectrum bandwidth	/	1.2%	(1)
Output Peak power	30MHz~18GHz	0.57dB	(1)
Time	/	$\pm 10\%$	(1)

Note (1): The measurement uncertainty is for coverage factor of k=2 and a level of confidence of 95%.

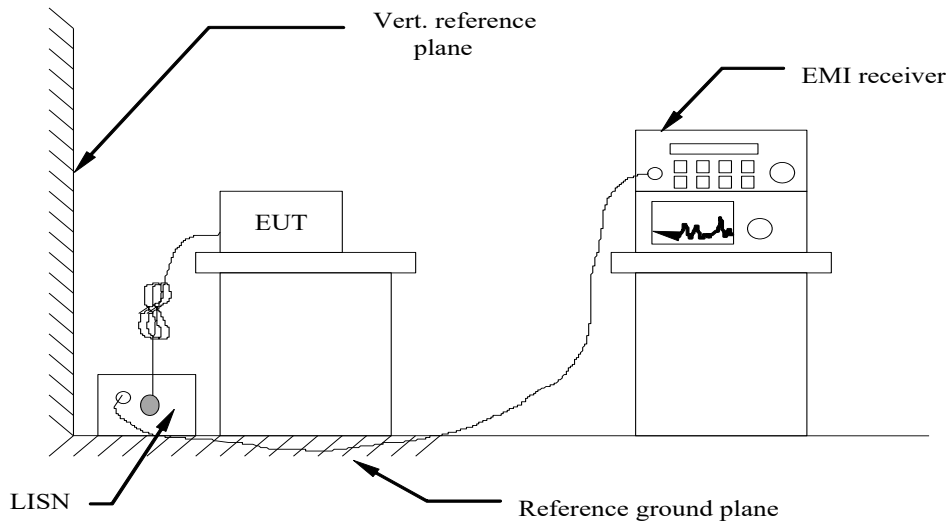
3.6 Equipments Used during the Test

Item	Test Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Inventory No.	Cal.Date (mm-dd-yy)	Cal.Due date (mm-dd-yy)
1	3m Semi- Anechoic Chamber	Shenzhen C.R.T technology co., LTD	9*6*6	HTT-E028	Aug. 10 2024	Aug. 09 2027
2	Control Room	Shenzhen C.R.T technology co., LTD	4.8*3.5*3.0	HTT-E030	Aug. 10 2024	Aug. 09 2027
3	EMI Test Receiver	Rohde&Schwarz	ESCI7	HTT-E022	Apr. 20 2026	Apr. 19 2027
4	Spectrum Analyzer	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	FSV40-N	HTT-E050	Apr. 20 2026	Apr. 19 2027
5	Coaxial Cable	ZDecl	ZT26-NJ-NJ-0.6M	HTT-E018	Apr. 20 2026	Apr. 19 2027
6	Coaxial Cable	ZDecl	ZT26-NJ-SMAJ-2M	HTT-E019	Apr. 20 2026	Apr. 19 2027
7	Coaxial Cable	ZDecl	ZT26-NJ-SMAJ-0.6M	HTT-E020	Apr. 20 2026	Apr. 19 2027
8	Coaxial Cable	ZDecl	ZT26-NJ-SMAJ-8.5M	HTT-E021	Apr. 20 2026	Apr. 19 2027
9	Composite logarithmic antenna	Schwarzbeck	VULB 9168	HTT-E017	Apr. 18 2026	Apr. 17 2027
10	Horn Antenna	Schwarzbeck	BBHA9120D	HTT-E016	Apr. 18 2026	Apr. 17 2027
11	Loop Antenna	Zhinan	ZN30900C	HTT-E039	Apr. 21 2026	Apr. 20 2027
12	Horn Antenna	A.H. Systems, inc.	SAS-574	HTT-E040	Apr. 18 2026	Apr. 17 2027
13	low frequency Amplifier	Sonoma Instrument	310	HTT-E015	Apr. 20 2026	Apr. 19 2027
14	high-frequency Amplifier	HP	8449B	HTT-E014	Apr. 22 2026	Apr. 21 2027
15	Variable frequency power supply	Shenzhen Anbiao Instrument Co., Ltd	ANB-10VA	HTT-082	Apr. 20 2026	Apr. 19 2027
16	EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESCI3	HTT-E043	Apr. 20 2026	Apr. 19 2027
17	Artificial Mains	Rohde & Schwarz	ESH3-Z5	HTT-E006	Apr. 20 2026	Apr. 19 2027
18	Artificial Mains	Rohde & Schwarz	ENV-216	HTT-E038	Apr. 20 2026	Apr. 19 2027
19	Cable Line	Robinson	Z302S-NJ-BNCJ-1.5M	HTT-E001	Apr. 20 2026	Apr. 19 2027
20	Filter	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	ESH3-Z2	HTT-E045	Apr. 20 2026	Apr. 19 2027
21	Variable frequency power supply	Shenzhen Yanghong Electric Co., Ltd	YF-650 (5KVA)	HTT-E032	Apr. 20 2026	Apr. 19 2027
22	Control Room	Shenzhen C.R.T technology co., LTD	8*4*3.5	HTT-E029	Aug. 10 2024	Aug. 09 2027
23	DC power supply	DLX	DLX-40V20AHP	HTT-114	Apr. 20 2026	Apr. 19 2027
24	EMI Test Receiver	Agilent	N9020A	HTT-E024	Apr. 20 2026	Apr. 19 2027
25	Analog signal generator	Agilent	N5181A	HTT-E025	Apr. 20 2026	Apr. 19 2027
26	Vector signal generator	Agilent	N5182A	HTT-E026	Apr. 20 2026	Apr. 19 2027
27	RF Switch box	Keysight	Switchbox	HTT-E047	Apr. 20 2026	Apr. 19 2027
28	Temperature and humidity meter	Shenzhen Anbiao Instrument Co., Ltd	TH10R	HTT-090	Apr. 22 2026	Apr. 21 2027
29	Radiated Emission Test Software	Farad	EZ-EMC	N/A	N/A	N/A
30	Conducted Emission Test Software	Farad	EZ-EMC	N/A	N/A	N/A
31	RF Test Software	panshanrf	TST	N/A	N/A	N/A

4 TEST CONDITIONS AND RESULTS

4.1 AC Power Conducted Emission

TEST CONFIGURATION



TEST PROCEDURE

- 1 The equipment was set up as per the test configuration to simulate typical actual usage per the user's manual. The EUT is a tabletop system, a wooden table with a height of 0.8 meters is used and is placed on the ground plane as per ANSI C63.10-2020.
- 2 Support equipment, if needed, was placed as per ANSI C63.10-2020
- 3 All I/O cables were positioned to simulate typical actual usage as per ANSI C63.10-2020
- 4 The EUT received power from adapter, the adapter received AC120V/60Hz and AC 240V/60Hz power through a Line Impedance Stabilization Network (LISN) which supplied power source and was grounded to the ground plane.
- 5 All support equipments received AC power from a second LISN, if any.
- 6 The EUT test program was started. Emissions were measured on each current carrying line of the EUT using a spectrum Analyzer / Receiver connected to the LISN powering the EUT. The LISN has two monitoring points: Line 1 (Hot Side) and Line 2 (Neutral Side). Two scans were taken: one with Line 1 connected to Analyzer / Receiver and Line 2 connected to a 50 ohm load; the second scan had Line 1 connected to a 50 ohm load and Line 2 connected to the Analyzer / Receiver.
- 7 Analyzer / Receiver scanned from 150 KHz to 30MHz for emissions in each of the test modes.
- 8 During the above scans, the emissions were maximized by cable manipulation.

AC Power Conducted Emission Limit

For intentional device, according to § 15.207(a) AC Power Conducted Emission Limits is as following :

Frequency range (MHz)	Limit (dBuV)	
	Quasi-peak	Average
0.15-0.5	66 to 56*	56 to 46*
0.5-5	56	46
5-30	60	50

* Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.

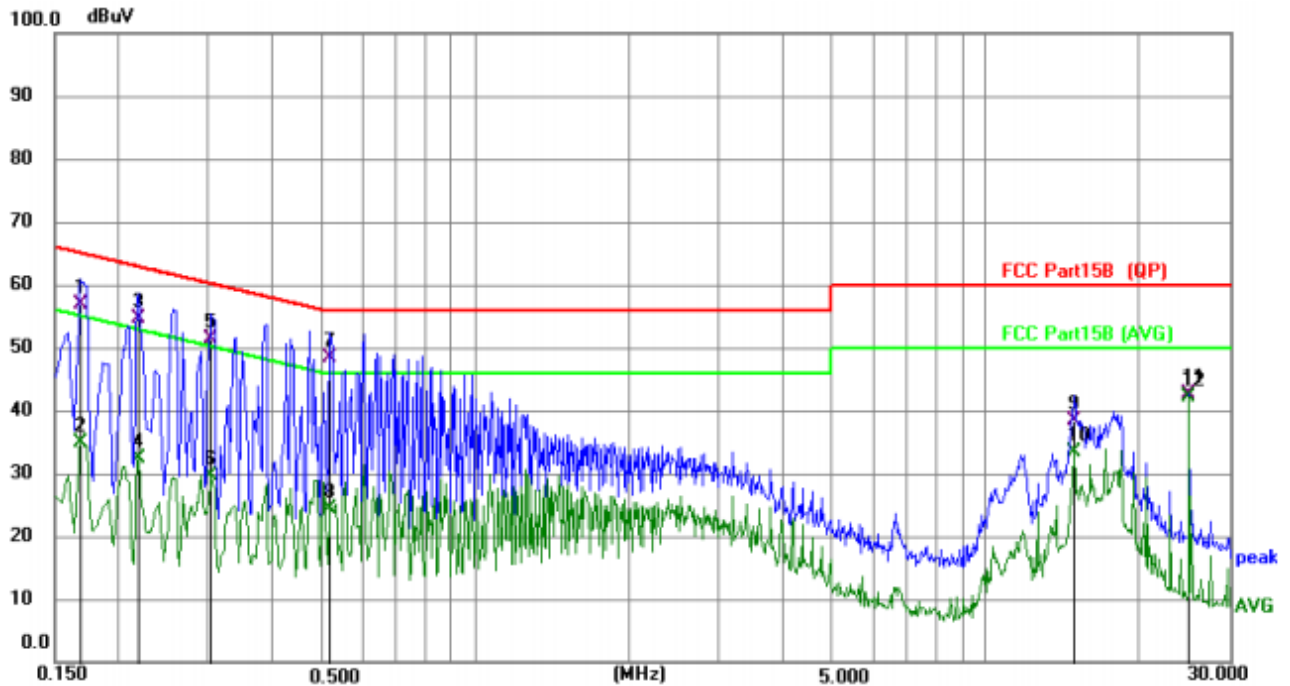
TEST RESULTS

Remark:

1. All modes of 802.11b/g/n were tested at Low, Middle, and High channel; only the worst result of 802.11b CH11 was reported as below:
2. Both 120 VAC, 50/60 Hz and 240 VAC, 50/60 Hz power supply have been tested, only the worst result of 120 VAC, 60 Hz was reported as below:

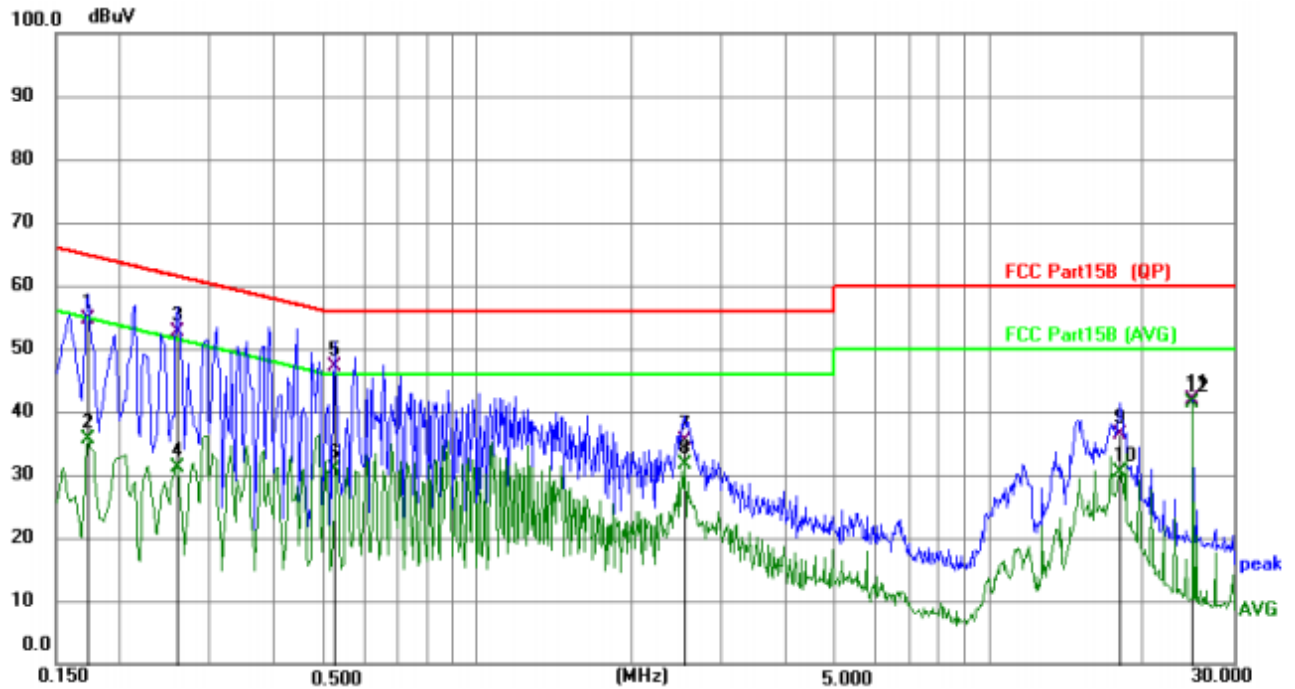
Measurement data:

Line:



No.	Mk.	Freq.	Reading Level	Correct Factor	Measurement	Limit	Over	
		MHz			dBuV	dBuV	dB	Detector
1		0.1680	46.72	10.11	56.83	65.06	-8.23	QP
2		0.1680	24.82	10.11	34.93	55.06	-20.13	AVG
3		0.2174	44.55	10.07	54.62	62.92	-8.30	QP
4		0.2174	22.31	10.07	32.38	52.92	-20.54	AVG
5		0.3030	41.37	10.05	51.42	60.16	-8.74	QP
6		0.3030	19.60	10.05	29.65	50.16	-20.51	AVG
7	*	0.5190	38.40	10.07	48.47	56.00	-7.53	QP
8		0.5190	14.32	10.07	24.39	46.00	-21.61	AVG
9		14.8920	27.62	10.70	38.32	60.00	-21.68	QP
10		14.8920	22.60	10.70	33.30	50.00	-16.70	AVG
11		24.9990	31.39	11.25	42.64	60.00	-17.36	QP
12		24.9990	30.83	11.25	42.08	50.00	-7.92	AVG

Neutral:



No.	Mk.	Freq.	Reading	Correct	Measure-	Limit	Over	
		MHz	Level	Factor	ment			Detector
				dB	dBuV	dBuV	dB	
1		0.1725	44.55	10.06	54.61	64.84	-10.23	QP
2		0.1725	25.52	10.06	35.58	54.84	-19.26	AVG
3		0.2580	42.68	10.06	52.74	61.50	-8.76	QP
4		0.2580	21.13	10.06	31.19	51.50	-20.31	AVG
5		0.5235	37.11	10.05	47.16	56.00	-8.84	QP
6		0.5235	20.83	10.05	30.88	46.00	-15.12	AVG
7		2.5485	25.30	10.09	35.39	56.00	-20.61	QP
8		2.5485	21.59	10.09	31.68	46.00	-14.32	AVG
9		18.0195	25.49	10.79	36.28	60.00	-23.72	QP
10		18.0195	19.50	10.79	30.29	50.00	-19.71	AVG
11		24.9990	30.59	11.17	41.76	60.00	-18.24	QP
12	*	24.9990	30.14	11.17	41.31	50.00	-8.69	AVG

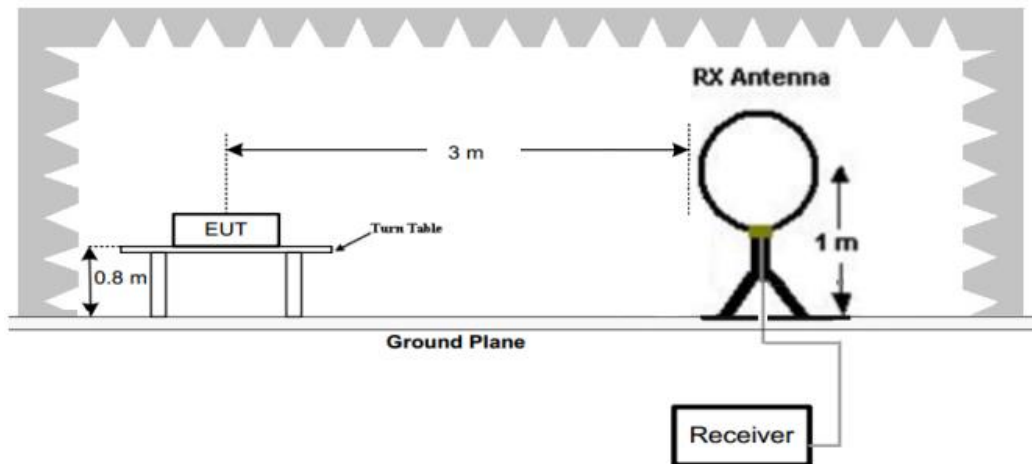
Notes:

1. An initial pre-scan was performed on the line and neutral lines with peak detector.
2. Quasi-Peak and Average measurement were performed at the frequencies with maximized peak emission.
3. Final Level = Receiver Read level + LISN Factor + Cable Los

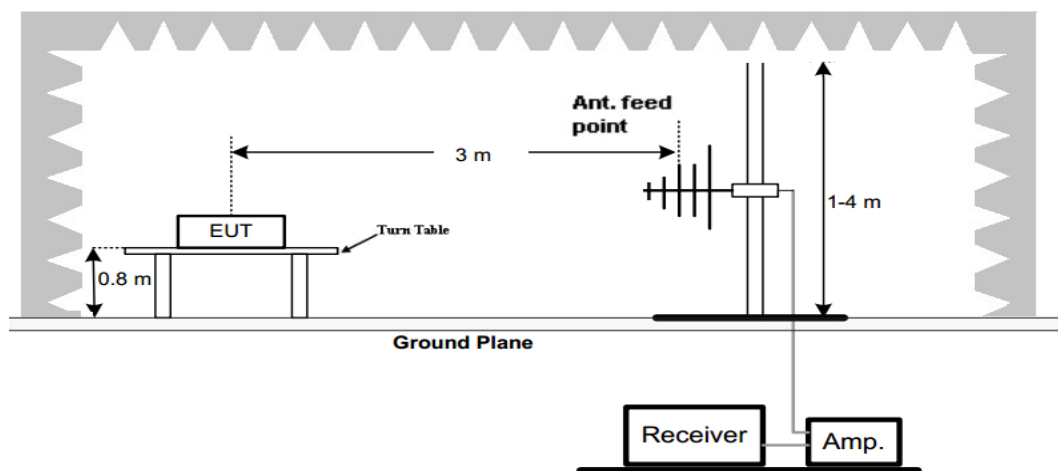
4.2 Radiated Emission

TEST CONFIGURATION

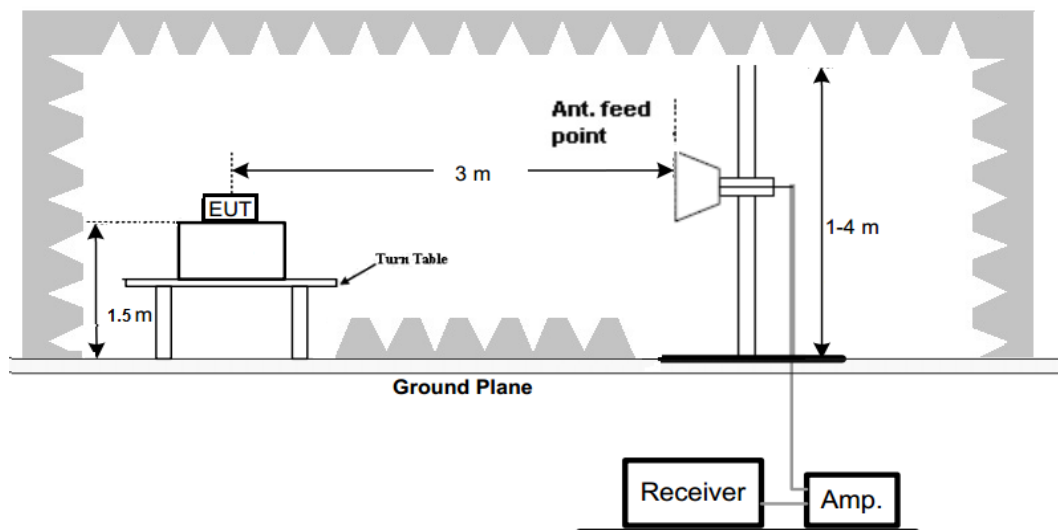
Frequency range 9 KHz – 30MHz

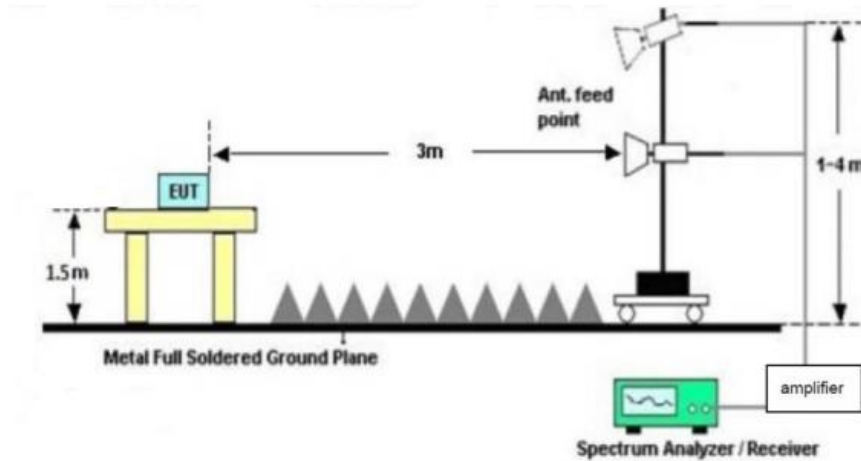


Frequency range 30MHz – 1000MHz



Frequency range above 1GHz-25GHz





TEST PROCEDURE

1. The EUT was placed on a turn table which is 0.8m above ground plane when testing frequency range 9 KHz –1GHz;the EUT was placed on a turn table which is 1.5m above ground plane when testing frequency range 1GHz – 25GHz.
2. Maximum procedure was performed by raising the receiving antenna from 1m to 4m and rotating the turn table from 0° to 360° to acquire the highest emissions from EUT.
3. And also, each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical.
4. Repeat above procedures until all frequency measurements have been completed.
5. Radiated emission test frequency band from 9KHz to 25GHz.
6. The distance between test antenna and EUT as following table states:

Test Frequency range	Test Antenna Type	Test Distance
9KHz-30MHz	Active Loop Antenna	3
30MHz-1GHz	Ultra-Broadband Antenna	3
1GHz-18GHz	Double Ridged Horn Antenna	3
18GHz-25GHz	Horn Antenna	3

7. Setting test receiver/spectrum as following table states:

Test Frequency range	Test Receiver/Spectrum Setting	Detector
9KHz-150KHz	RBW=200Hz/VBW=3KHz,Sweep time=Auto	QP
150KHz-30MHz	RBW=9KHz/VBW=100KHz,Sweep time=Auto	QP
30MHz-1GHz	RBW=120KHz/VBW=1000KHz,Sweep time=Auto	QP
1GHz-40GHz	Peak Value: RBW=1MHz/VBW=3MHz, Sweep time=Auto Average Value: RBW=1MHz/VBW=10Hz, Sweep time=Auto	Peak

Field Strength Calculation

The field strength is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor and Cable Factor and subtracting the Amplifier Gain and Duty Cycle Correction Factor(if any) from the measured reading. The basic equation with a sample calculation is as follows:

$$FS = RA + AF + CL - AG$$

Where FS = Field Strength	CL = Cable Attenuation Factor (Cable Loss)
RA = Reading Amplitude	AG = Amplifier Gain
AF = Antenna Factor	

$$Transd=AF +CL-AG$$

RADIATION LIMIT

For intentional device, according to § 15.209(a), the general requirement of field strength of radiated emission from intentional radiators at a distance of 3 meters shall not exceed the following table. According to § 15.247(d), in any 100kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the EUT is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20dB below that in the 100kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of desired power.

The pre-test have done for the EUT in three axes and found the worst emission at position shown in test setup photos.

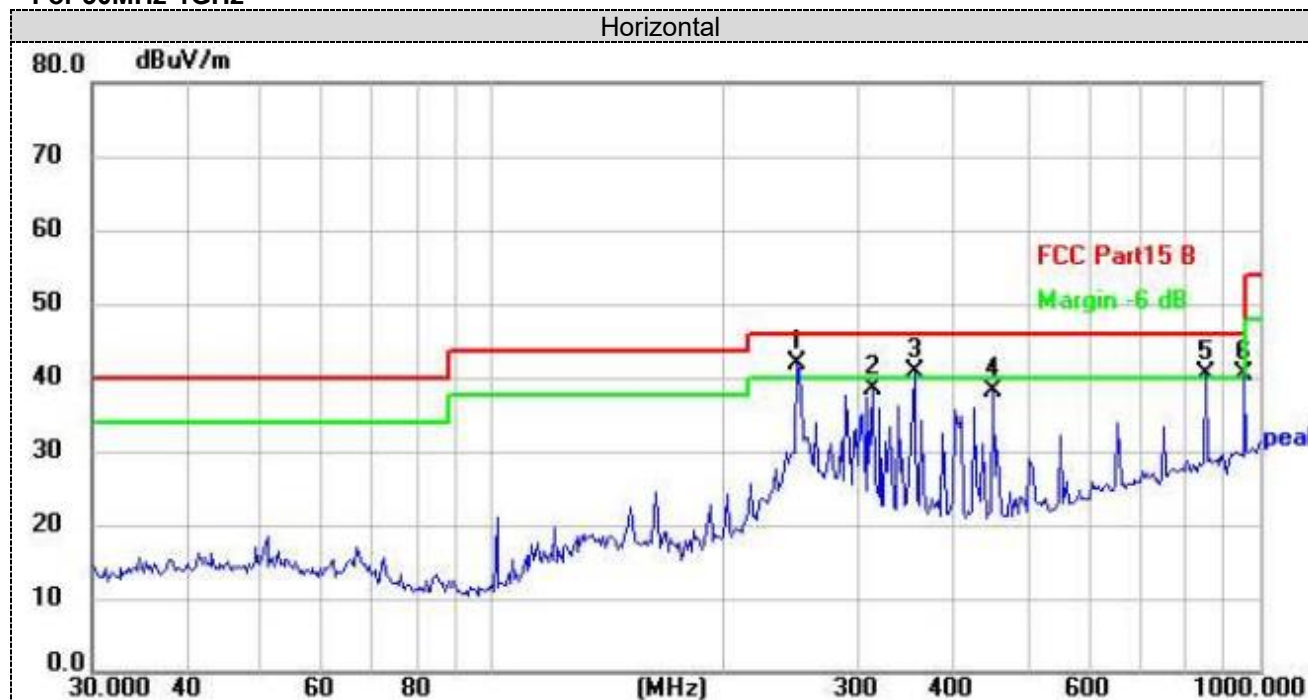
Frequency (MHz)	Distance (Meters)	Radiated (dBμV/m)	Radiated (μV/m)
0.009-0.49	3	$20\log(2400/F(\text{KHz}))+40\log(300/3)$	$2400/F(\text{KHz})$
0.49-1.705	3	$20\log(24000/F(\text{KHz}))+40\log(30/3)$	$24000/F(\text{KHz})$
1.705-30	3	$20\log(30)+40\log(30/3)$	30
30-88	3	40.0	100
88-216	3	43.5	150
216-960	3	46.0	200
Above 960	3	54.0	500

TEST RESULTS

Remark:

1. This test was performed with EUT in X, Y, Z position and the worse case was found when EUT in X position.
2. All three channels (lowest/middle/highest) of each mode were measured below 1GHz and recorded worst case at 802.11b low channel.
3. Radiated emission test from 9 KHz to 10th harmonic of fundamental was verified, and no emission found except system noise floor in 9 KHz to 30MHz and not recorded in this report.

For 30MHz-1GHz

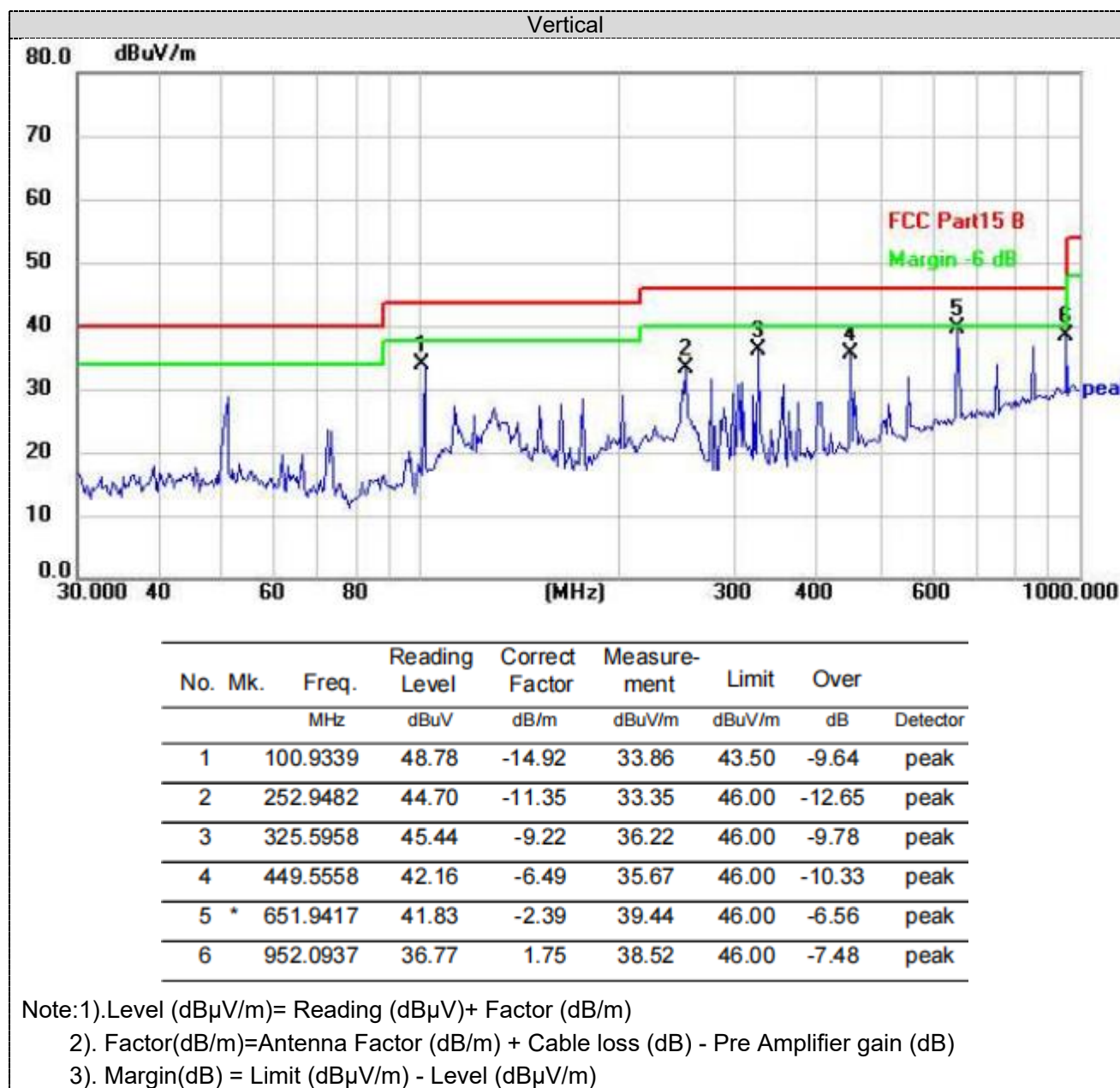


No.	Mk.	Freq.	Reading	Correct	Measure-	Limit	Over	
		MHz	Level	Factor	ment			
			dBuV	dB/m	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB	Detector
1	*	249.4250	53.43	-11.52	41.91	46.00	-4.09	peak
2		312.1794	47.93	-9.61	38.32	46.00	-7.68	peak
3	!	351.7080	49.76	-9.11	40.65	46.00	-5.35	peak
4		449.5558	44.62	-6.49	38.13	46.00	-7.87	peak
5	!	851.0353	39.98	0.40	40.38	46.00	-5.62	peak
6	!	952.0937	38.75	1.75	40.50	46.00	-5.50	peak

Note: 1). Level (dBuV/m) = Reading (dBuV) + Factor (dB/m)

2). Factor (dB/m) = Antenna Factor (dB/m) + Cable loss (dB) - Pre Amplifier gain (dB)

3). Margin (dB) = Limit (dBuV/m) - Level (dBuV/m)

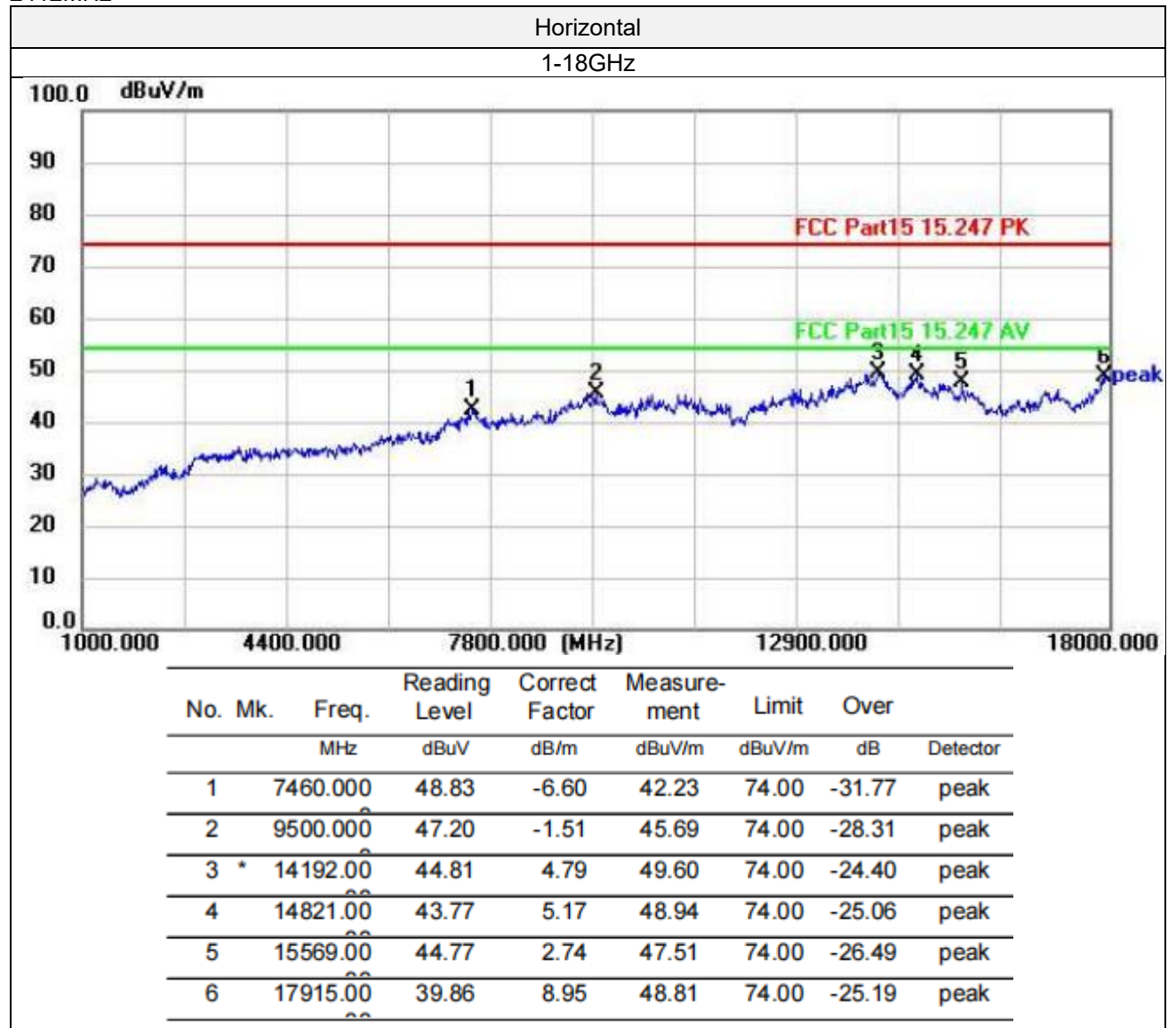


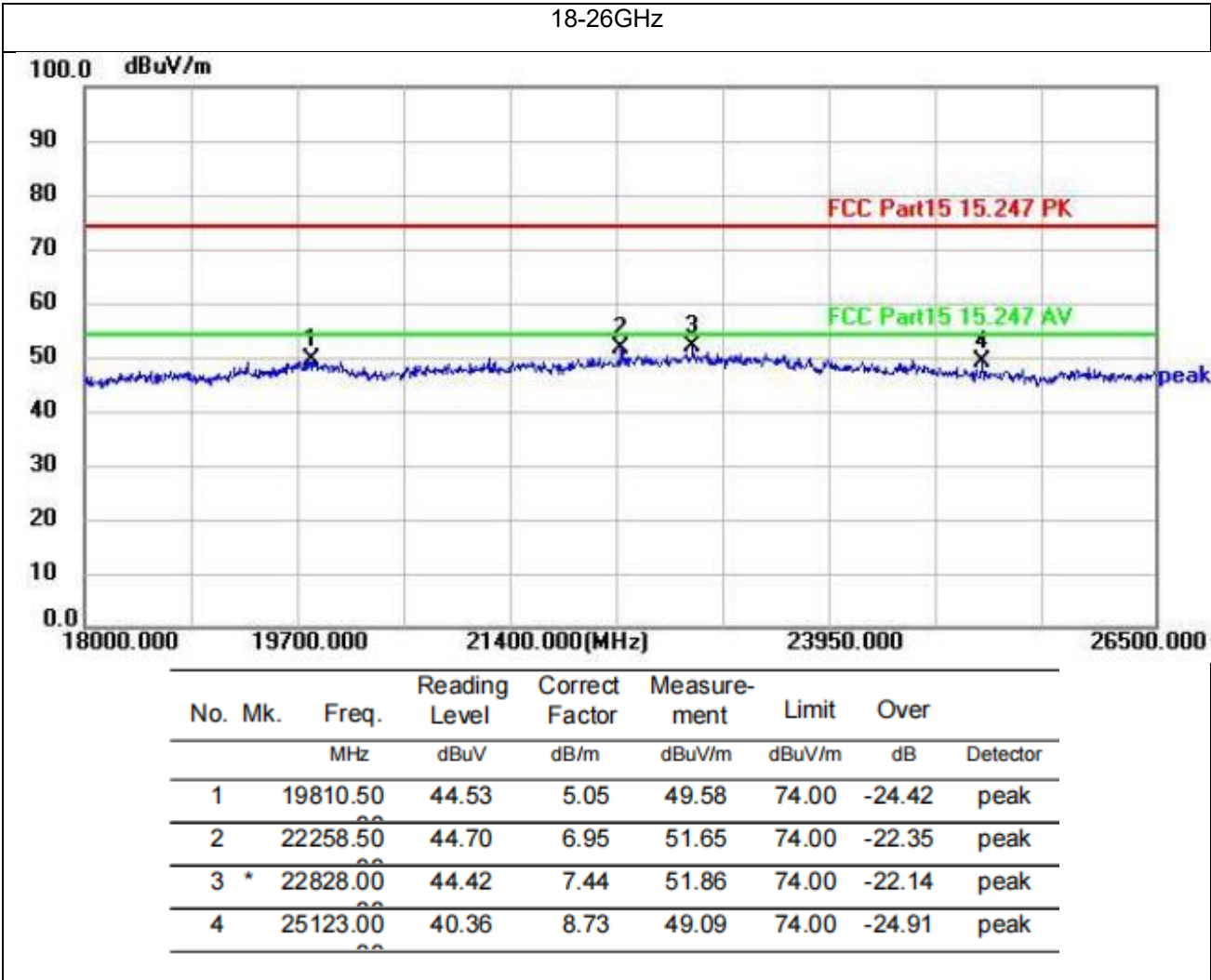
For 1GHz to 25GHz

Note: 802.11b/802.11g/802.11n (H20)/ 802.11n (H40) Mode all have been tested, only worse case 802.11b mode is reported

11b (above 1GHz)

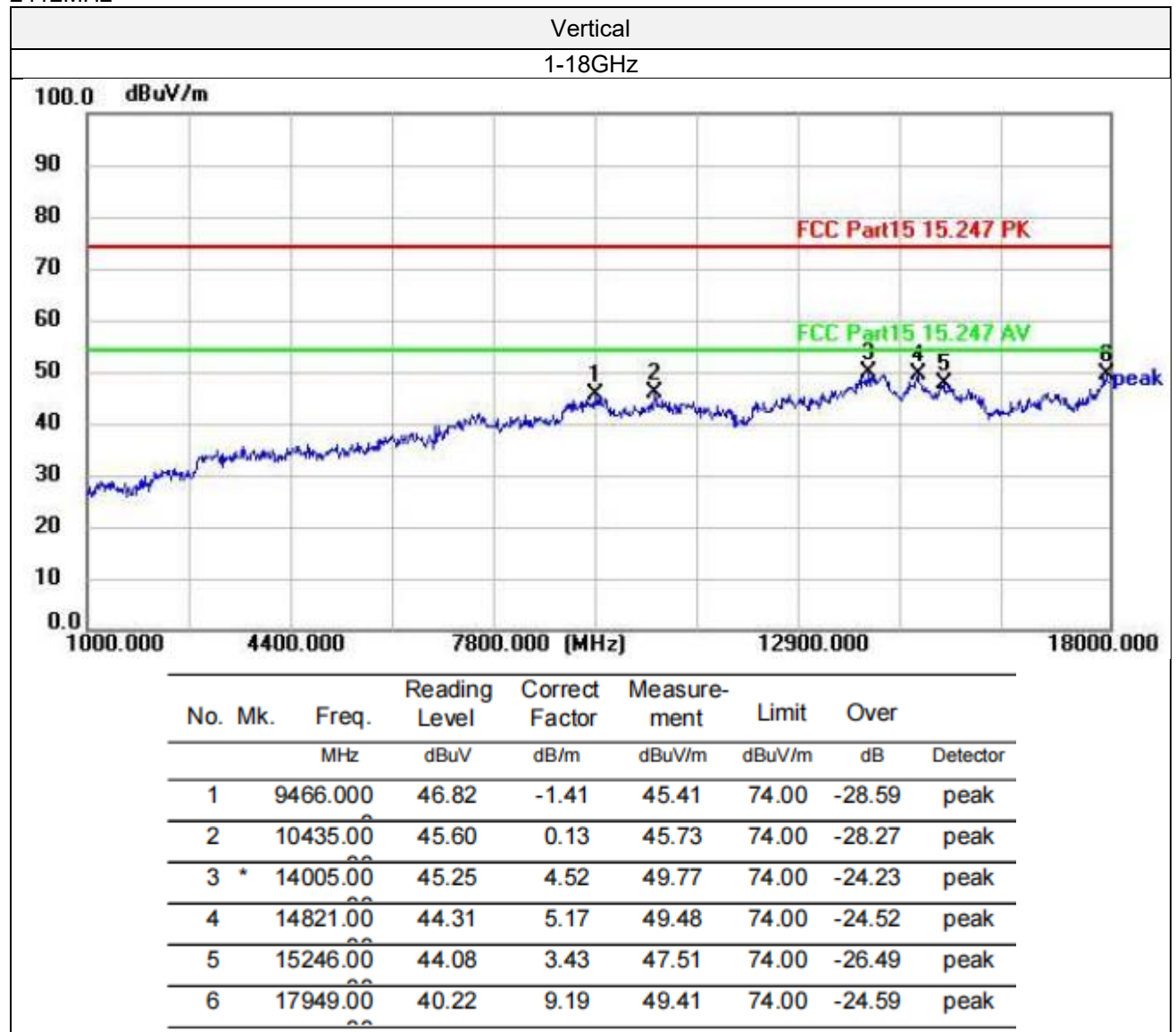
2412MHz

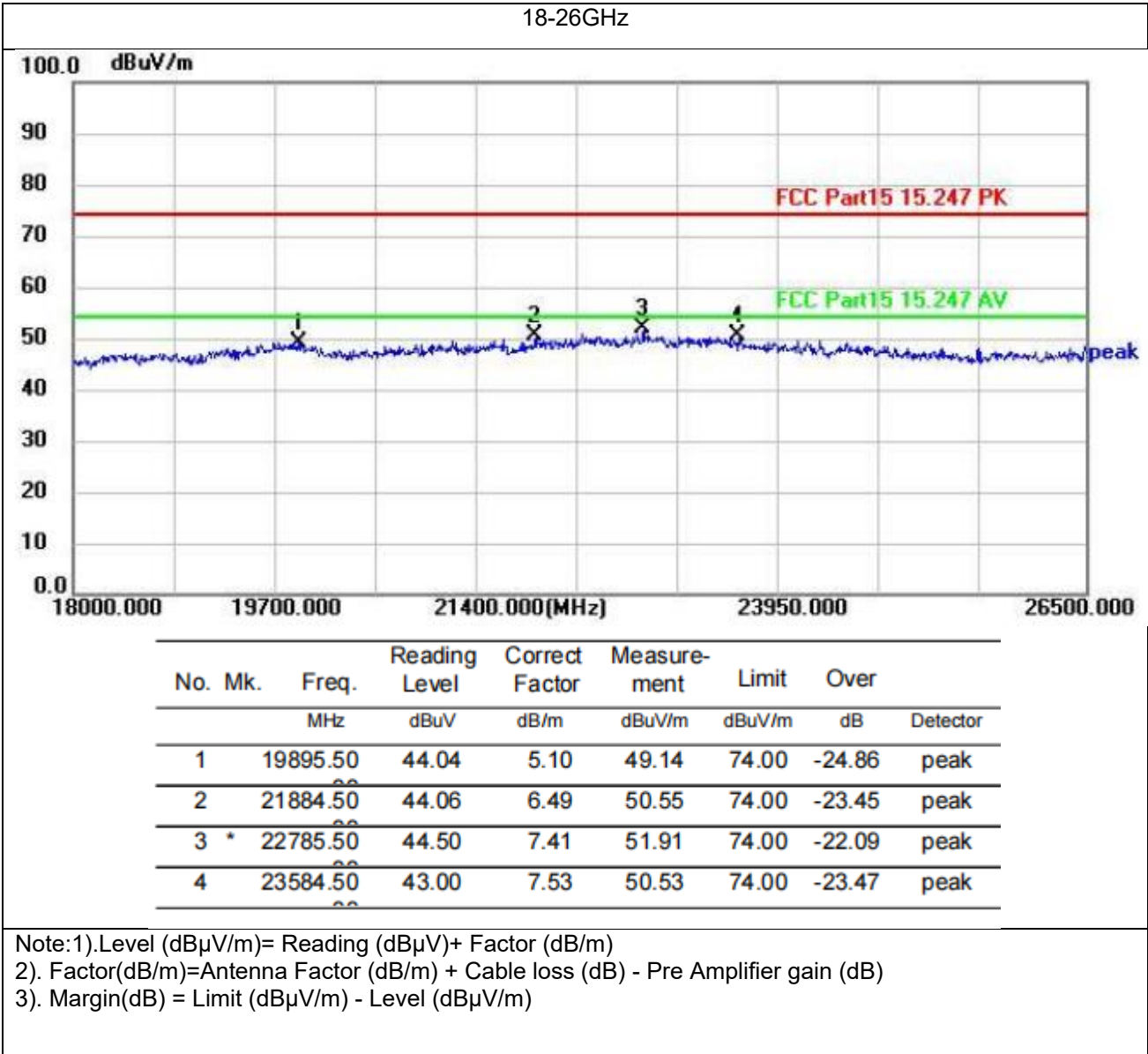




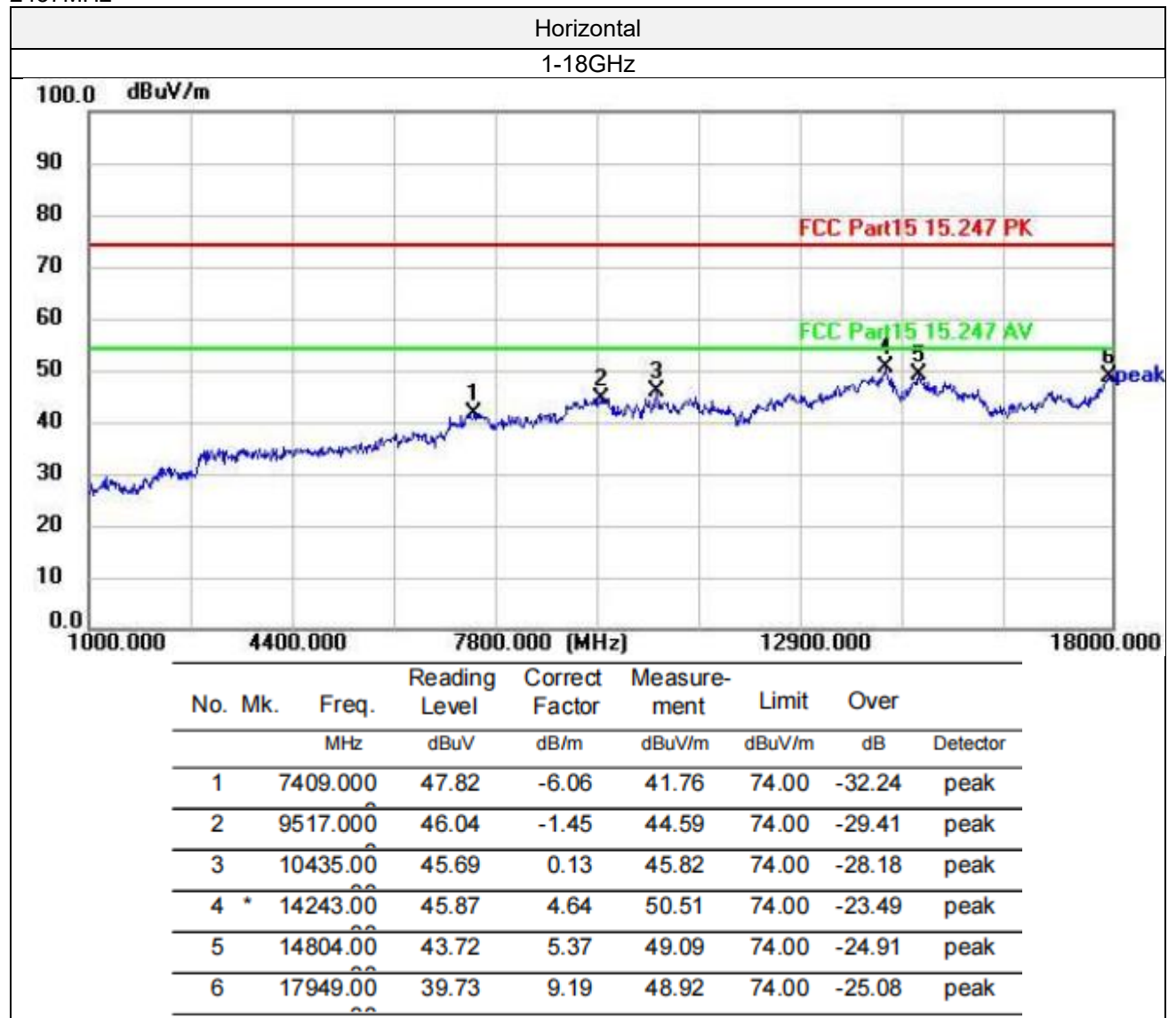
Note:1).Level (dBμV/m)= Reading (dBμV)+ Factor (dB/m)
2). Factor(dB/m)=Antenna Factor (dB/m) + Cable loss (dB) - Pre Amplifier gain (dB)
3). Margin(dB) = Limit (dBμV/m) - Level (dBμV/m)

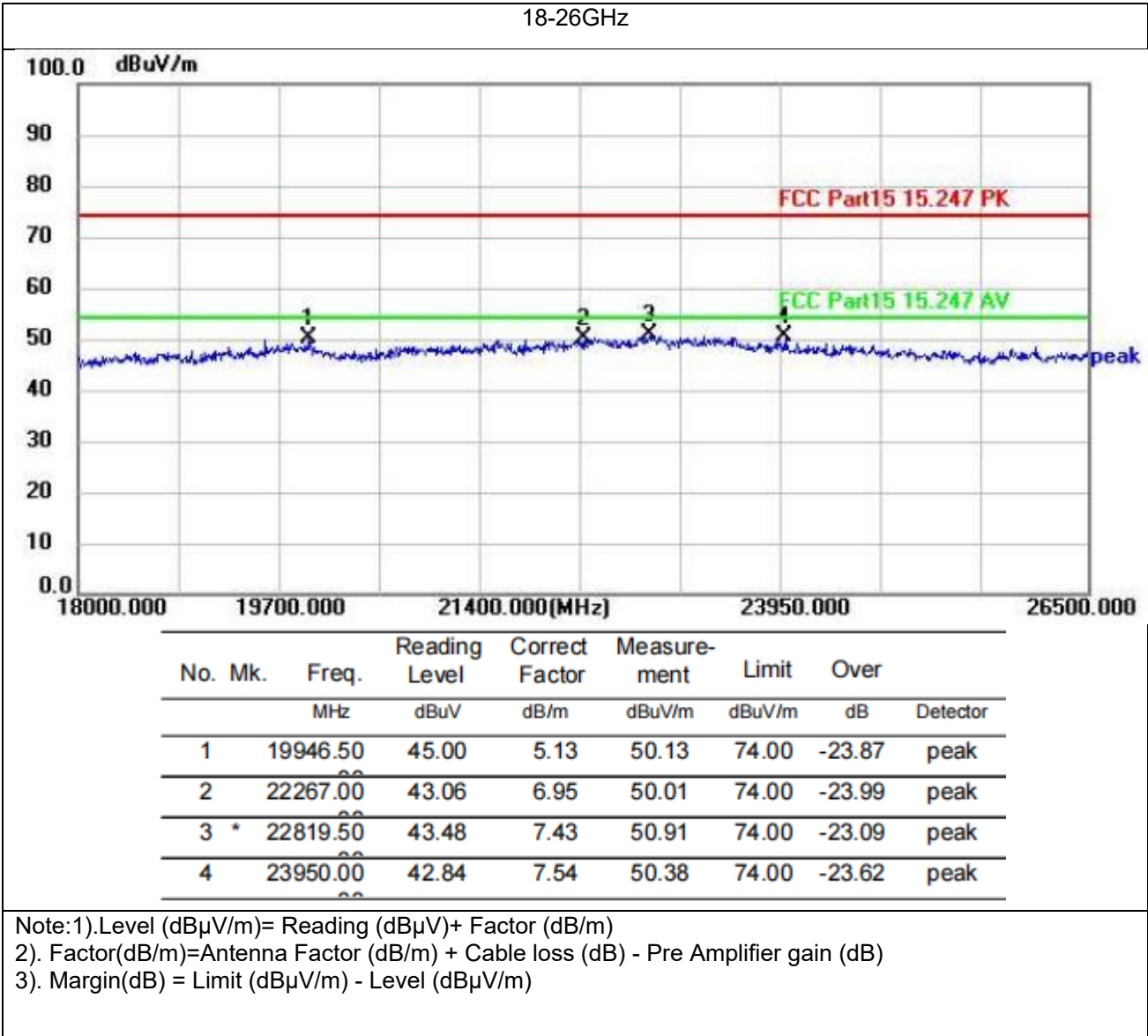
2412MHz



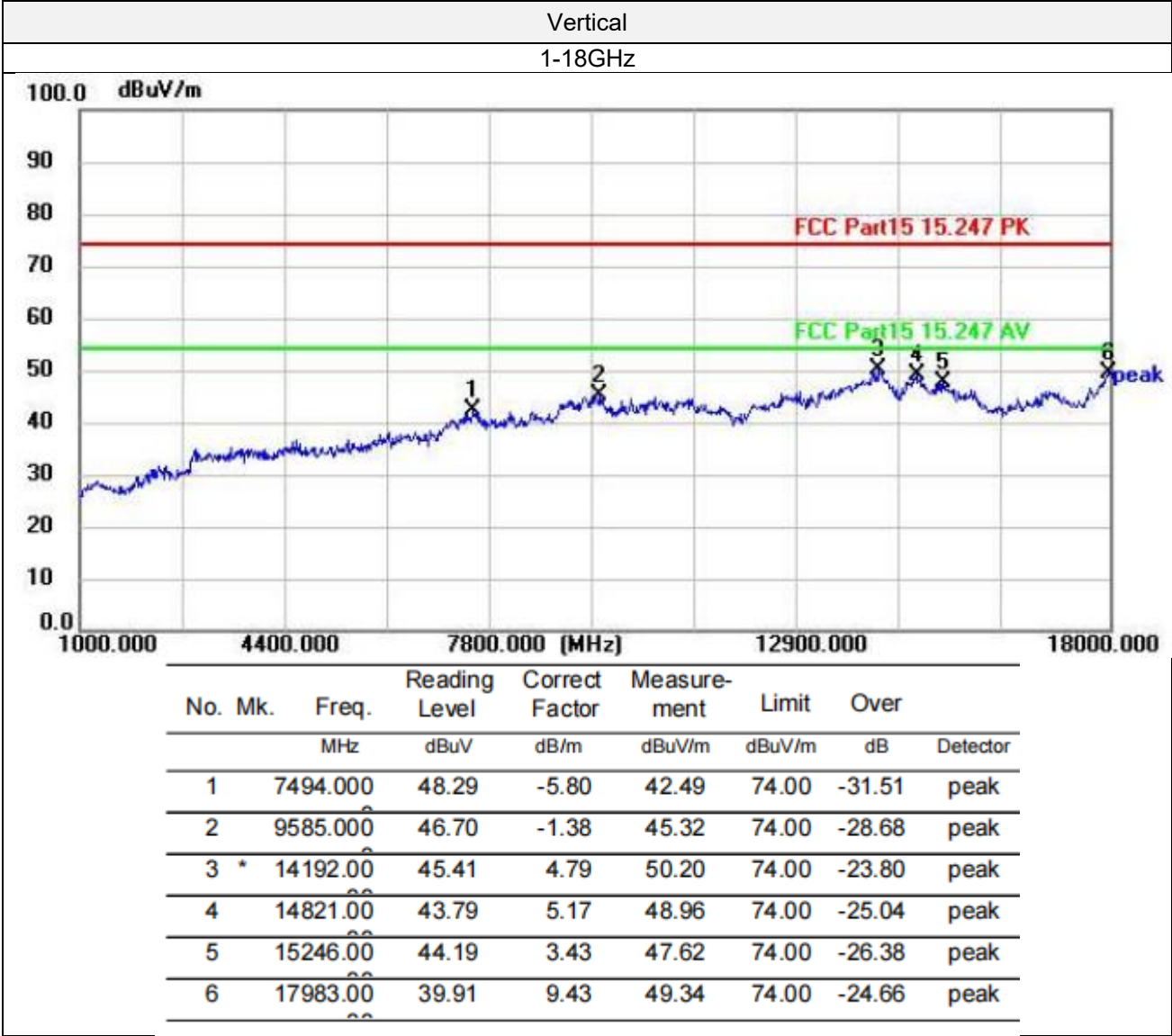


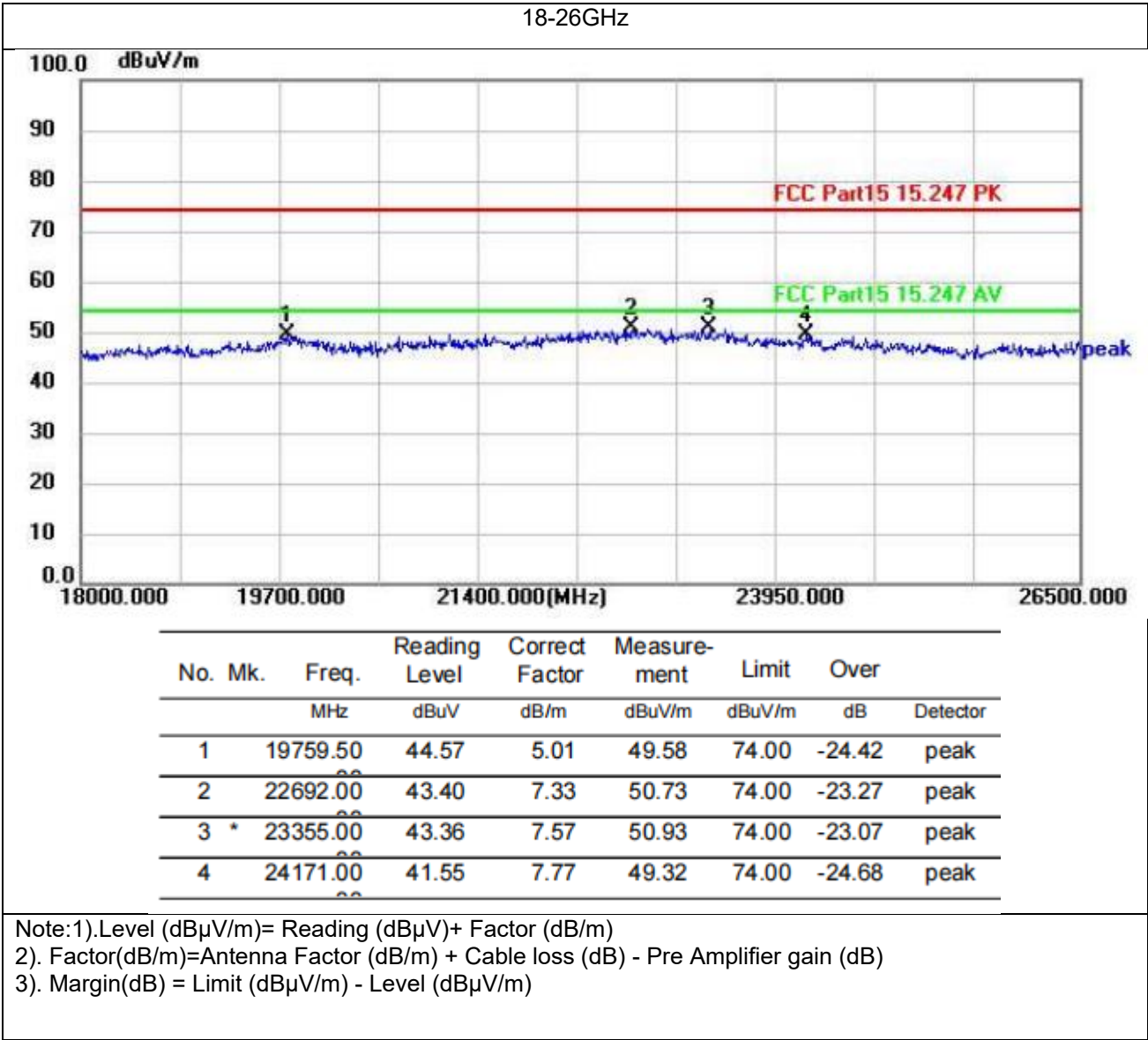
2437MHz



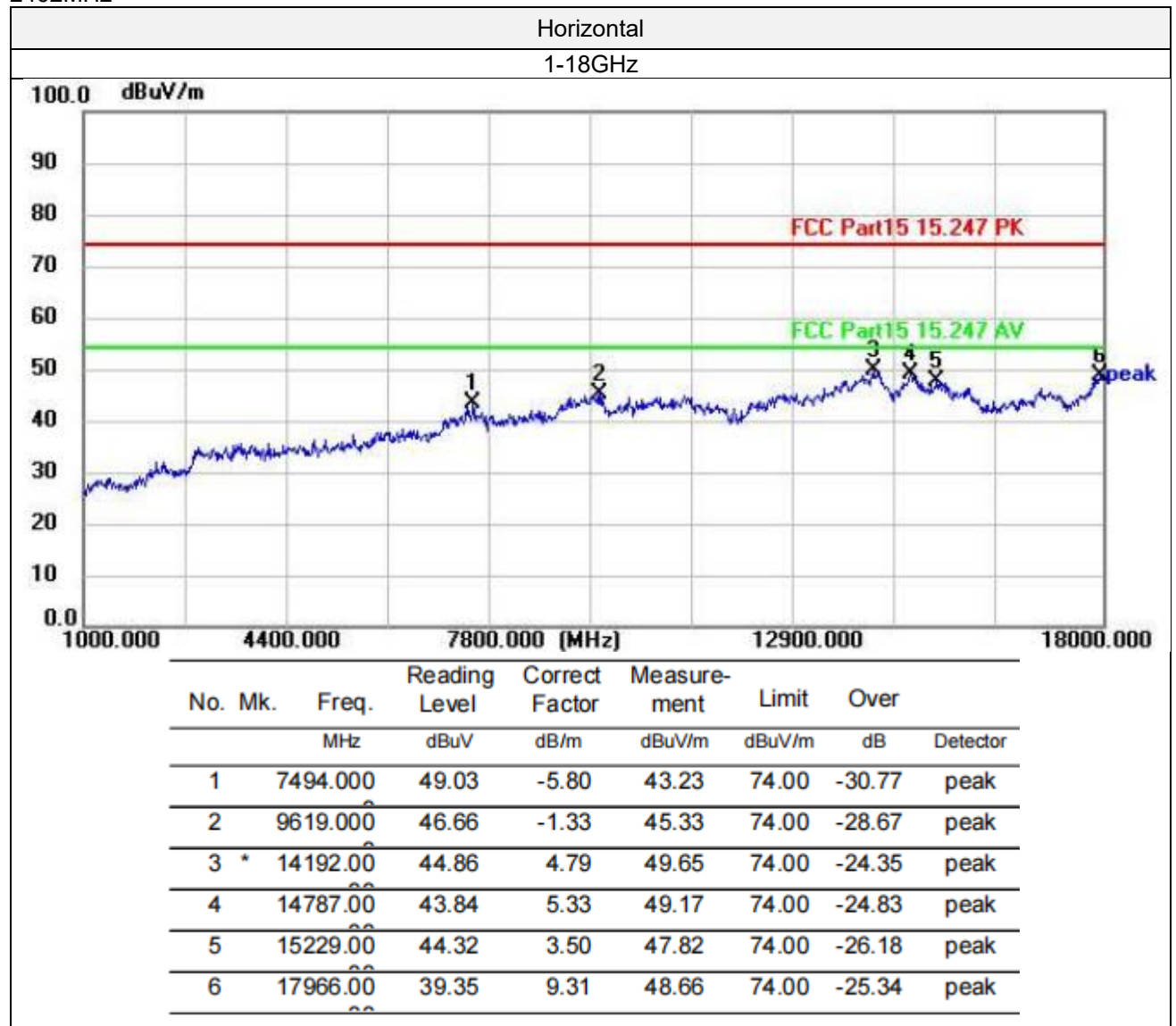


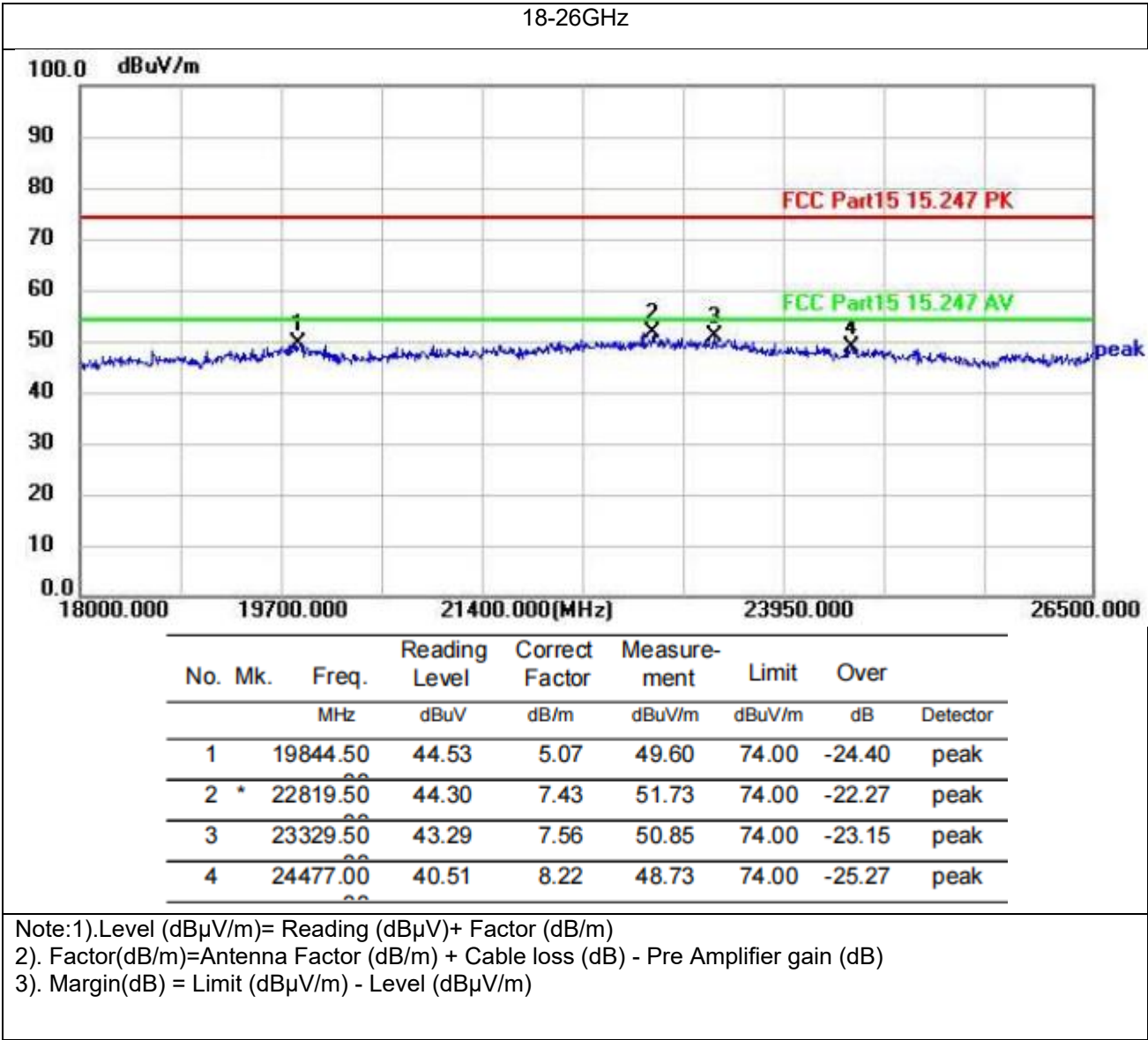
2437MHz



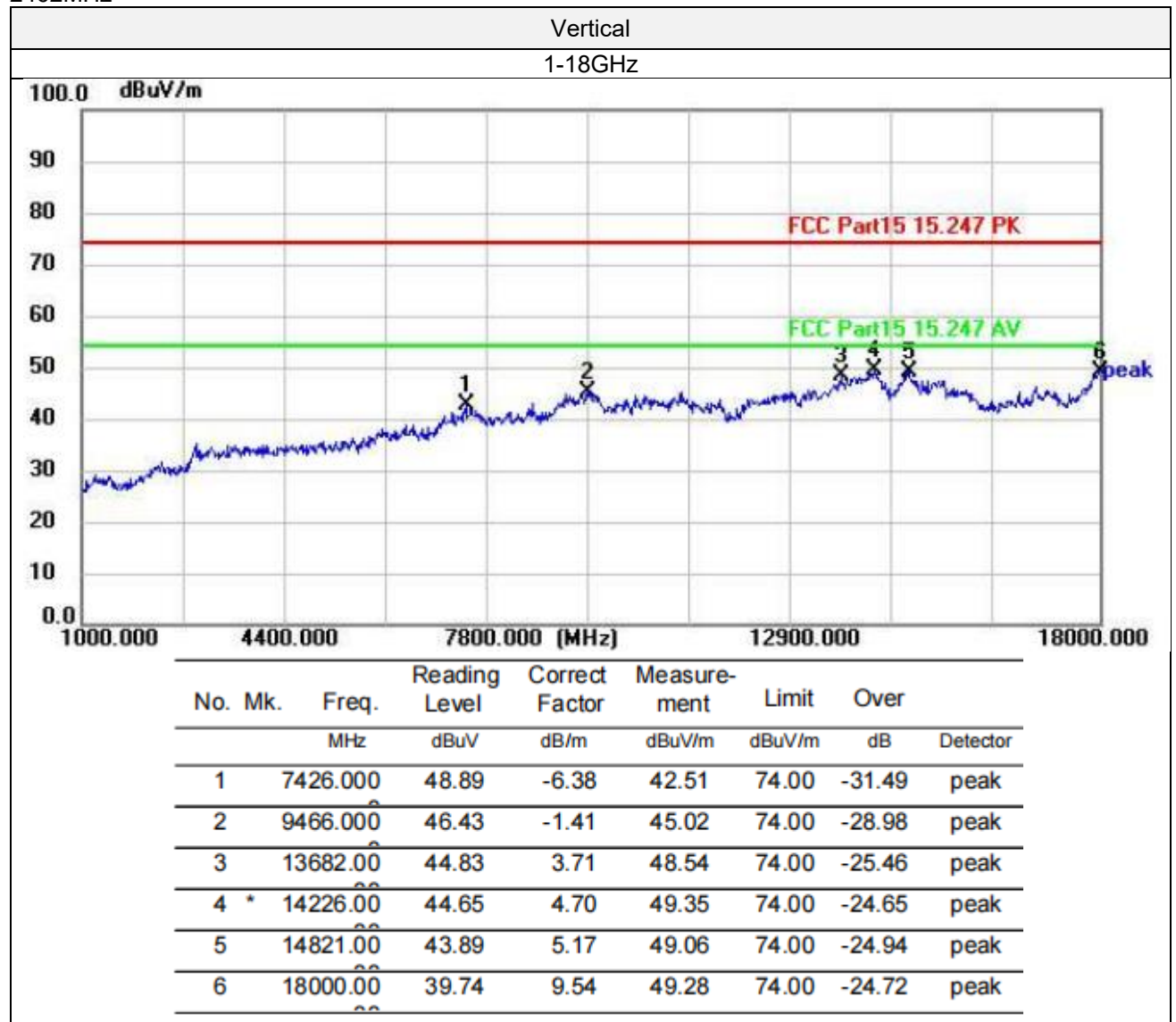


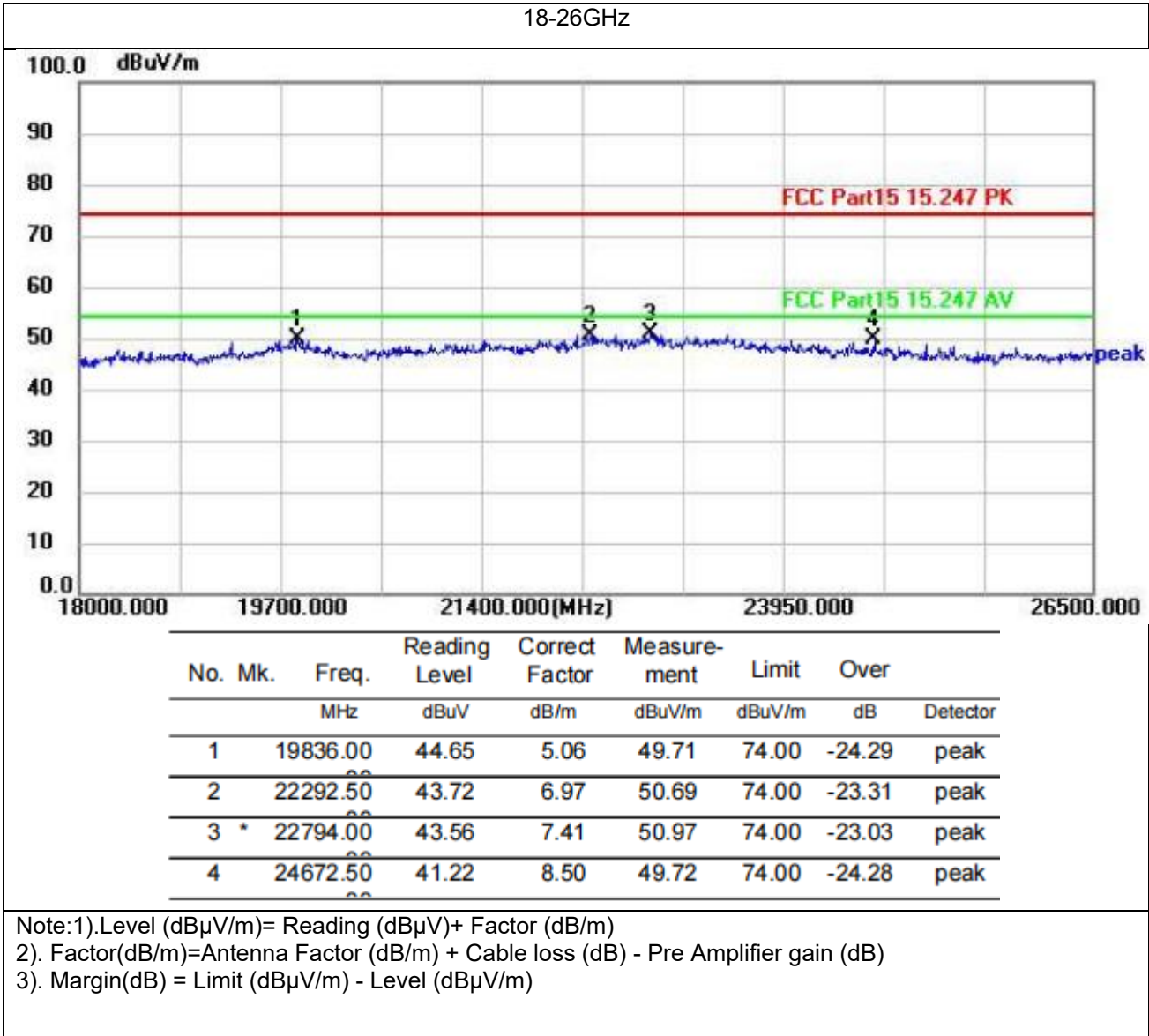
2462MHz





2462MHz





4.3 Maximum Peak Conducted Output Power

Limit

The Maximum Peak Output Power Measurement is 30dBm.

Test Procedure

Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to the power sensor.

Method PM is Measurement using an RF Peak power sensor. The procedure for this method is as follows:

1. The testing follows the ANSI C63.10 Section 11.9.1.2
2. The maximum peak conducted output power may be measured using a broadband peak RF power sensor.
3. The power sensor shall have a video bandwidth that is greater than or equal to the DTS bandwidth and shall use a fast-responding diode detector.

Test Configuration



Test Results

Please refer to Appendix RF Test Data for 2.4GWIFI.

Note:

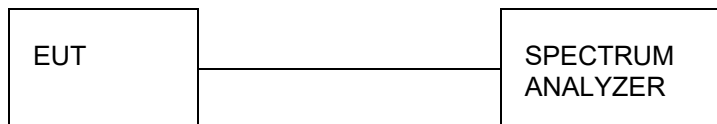
- 1) Measured output power at difference data rate for each mode and recorded worst case for each mode.
- 2) Test results including cable loss.
- 3) Worst case data at 1Mbps at IEEE 802.11b; 6Mbps at IEEE 802.11g; MCS0 at IEEE 802.11n HT20; MCS0 at IEEE 802.11n HT40.

4.4 On Time and Duty Cycle

Standard Applicable

None; for reporting purpose only.

TEST CONFIGURATION



Test Procedures

- 1). Set the Centre frequency of the spectrum analyzer to the transmitting frequency;
- 2). Set the span=0MHz, RBW=8MHz, VBW=8MHz, Sweep time=Auto;
- 3). Detector = peak;
- 4). Trace mode = Single hold.

TEST RESULTS

Please refer to Appendix RF Test Data for 2.4GWIFI.

Duty Cycle= Transmission Duration/ Transmission Period

4.5 Power Spectral Density

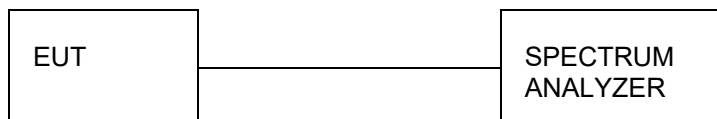
Limit

For digitally modulated systems, the power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission.

Test Procedure

1. Use this procedure when the maximum peak conducted output power in the fundamental emission is used to demonstrate compliance.
2. Set the RBW $3 \text{ kHz} \leq \text{RBW} \leq 100 \text{ kHz}$.
3. Set the VBW $\geq 3 \times \text{RBW}$.
4. Set the span to 1.5 times the DTS channel bandwidth.
5. Detector = peak.
6. Sweep time = auto couple.
7. Trace mode = max hold.
8. Allow trace to fully stabilize.
9. Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum power level.
10. If measured value exceeds limit, reduce RBW (no less than 3 kHz) and repeat.
11. The resulting peak PSD level must be 8dBm.

Test Configuration



Test Results

Please refer to Appendix RF Test Data for 2.4GWIFI.

Note:

- 1) Measured peak power spectrum density at difference data rate for each mode and recorded worst case for each mode.
- 2) Test results including cable loss;
- 3) Worst case data at 1Mbps at IEEE 802.11b; 6Mbps at IEEE 802.11g; MCS0 at IEEE 802.11n HT20; MCS0 at IEEE 802.11n HT40.

4.6 6dB Bandwidth

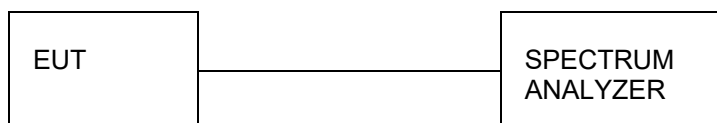
Limit

For digital modulation systems, the minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz

Test Procedure

- a) Set RBW = shall be in the range of 1% to 5% of the OBW but not less than 100 kHz.
- b) Set the VBW $\geq [3 \times \text{RBW}]$.
- c) Detector = peak.
- d) Trace mode = max-hold.
- e) Sweep = No faster than coupled (auto) time.
- f) Allow the trace to stabilize.

Test Configuration



Test Results

Please refer to Appendix RF Test Data for 2.4GWIFI.

Note:

- 1) Measured peak power spectrum density at difference data rate for each mode and recorded worst case for each mode.
- 2) Test results including cable loss;
- 3) Worst case data at 1Mbps at IEEE 802.11b; 6Mbps at IEEE 802.11g; MCS0 at IEEE 802.11n HT20; MCS0 at IEEE 802.11n HT40.

4.7 Out-of-band Emissions

Limit

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required.

Test Procedure

The testing follows the ANSI C63.10 Section 11.11.2 and 11.11.3 and 6.10.4:

●Reference level measurement

Establish a reference level by using the following procedure:

- Set instrument center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.
- Set the span to ≥ 1.5 times the DTS bandwidth.
- Set the RBW = 100 kHz.
- Set the VBW $\geq [3 \times \text{RBW}]$.
- Detector = peak.
- Sweep time = auto couple.
- Trace mode = max hold.
- Allow trace to fully stabilize.
- Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum PSD level.

Note that the channel found to contain the maximum PSD level can be used to establish the reference level.

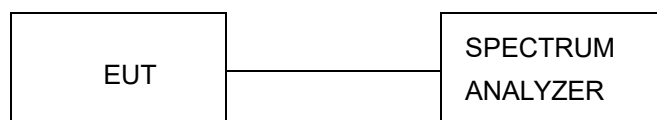
●Emission level measurement

Establish an emission level by using the following procedure:

- Set the center frequency and span to encompass frequency range to be measured.
- Set the RBW = 100 kHz.
- Set the VBW $\geq [3 \times \text{RBW}]$.
- Detector = peak.
- Sweep time = auto couple.
- Trace mode = max hold.
- Allow trace to fully stabilize.
- Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level.

Ensure that the amplitude of all unwanted emissions outside of the authorized frequency band (excluding restricted frequency bands) is attenuated by at least the minimum requirements specified in 11.11. Report the three highest emissions relative to the limit.

Test Configuration



Test Results

Remark: The measurement frequency range is from 30MHz to the 10th harmonic of the fundamental frequency. The lowest, middle and highest channels are tested to verify the spurious emissions and bandage measurement data. And record the worst data in the report.

Please refer to Appendix RF Test Data for 2.4GWIFI.

4.8 Antenna Requirement

Standard Applicable

For intentional device, according to FCC 47 CFR Section 15.203:

An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator, the manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited

FCC CFR Title 47 Part 15 Subpart C Section 15.247(c) (1) (I):

(i) Systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band that is used exclusively for fixed. Point-to-point operations may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6dBi provided the maximum conducted output power of the intentional radiator is reduced by 1 dB for every 3 dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6dBi.

Test Result:

The Ceramic Antenna maximum gain of antenna was 2.66 dBi.

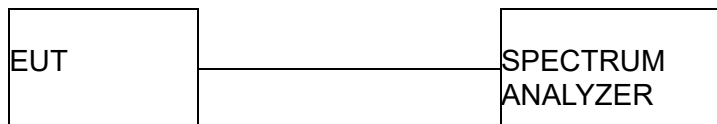
Remark: The antenna gain is provided by the customer, if the data provided by the customer is not accurate, Shenzhen HTT Technology Co., Ltd. does not assume any responsibility.

4.9 Emissions at Restricted Band

Standard Applicable

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).

TEST CONFIGURATION



Test Procedures

According to ANSI C63.10 Field Strength Approach (linear terms):

$$E = \text{EIRP} - 20 \log d + 104.8$$

Where:

E is the electric field strength in dBuV/m

EIRP is the equivalent isotropically radiated power in dBm

d is the specified measurement distance in m

f) Compare the resultant electric field strength level with the applicable regulatory limit.

g) Perform the radiated spurious emission test.

Where all terms are as previously defined.

- 1). Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
- 2). Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect to a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to an EMI test receiver, then turn on the EUT and make it operate in transmitting mode. Then set it to Low Channel and High Channel within its operating range, and make sure the instrument is operated in its linear range.
- 3). Set both RBW and VBW of spectrum analyzer to 100 kHz with a convenient frequency span including 100kHz bandwidth from band edge, for Radiated emissions restricted band RBW=1MHz, VBW=3MHz for peak detector and RBW=1MHz, VBW=3MHz for RMS detector, Max Hold=Average, Trace=100times for AV test.
- 4). Measure the highest amplitude appearing on spectral display and set it as a reference level. Plot the graph with marking the highest point and edge frequency.
- 5). Repeat above procedures until all measured frequencies were complete.
- 6). Measure the conducted output power (in dBm) using the detector specified by the appropriate regulatory agency for guidance regarding measurement procedures for determining quasi-peak, peak, and average conducted output power, respectively).
- 7). Add the maximum transmit antenna gain (in dBi) to the measured output power level to determine the EIRP level (see 12.2.5 for guidance on determining the applicable antenna gain)
- 8). Add the appropriate maximum ground reflection factor to the EIRP level (6 dB for frequencies ≤ 30 MHz, 4.7 dB for frequencies between 30 MHz and 1000 MHz, inclusive and 0 dB for frequencies > 1000 MHz).

- 9). For devices with multiple antenna-ports, measure the power of each individual chain and sum the EIRP of all chains in linear terms (e.g., Watts, mW).
- 10). Compare the resultant electric field strength level to the applicable regulatory limit.
- 11). Perform radiated spurious emission test duress until all measured frequencies were complete.

Test Results

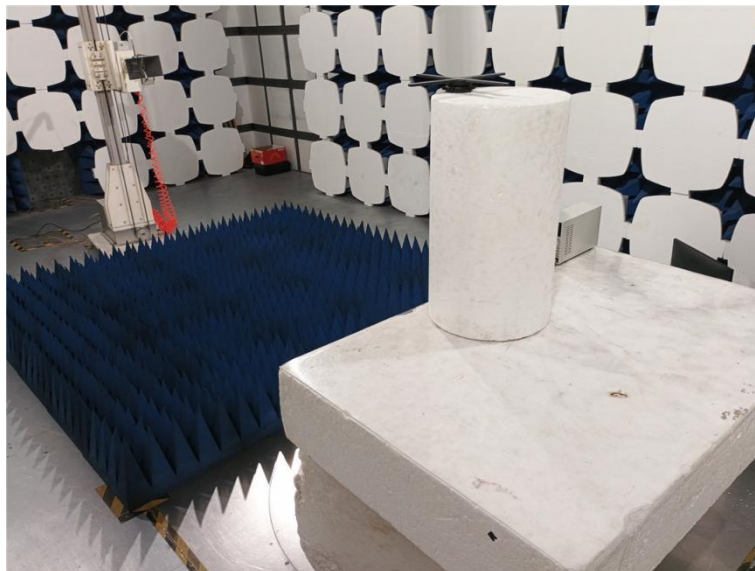
Remark:

- 1). Test results including cable loss;
- 2). Measured at difference Packet Type for each mode and recorded worst case for each mode.
- 3). “---“means that the fundamental frequency not for 15.209 limits requirement.
- 4). Measured at Hopping and Non-Hopping mode, recorded worst at Non-Hopping mode.
- 5). The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
- 6). The average measurement was not performed when the peak measured data under the limit of average detection.
- 7). Detector AV is setting spectrum/receiver. RBW=1MHz/VBW=3MHz/Sweep time=Auto/Detector=RMS, Max Hold=Average,Trace=100times.
- 8). Since the out-of-band characteristics of the EUT transmit antenna will often be unknown, the use of a conservative antenna gain value is necessary. Thus, when determining the EIRP based on the measured conducted power, the upper bound on antenna gain for a device with a single RF output shall be selected as the maximum in-band gain of the antenna across all operating bands, or 2 dBi, whichever is greater. However, for devices that operate in multiple frequency bands while using the same transmit antenna, the highest gain of the antenna within the operating band nearest in frequency to the restricted band emission being measured may be used in lieu of the overall highest gain when the emission is at a frequency that is within 20 percent of the nearest band edge frequency, but in no case shall a value less than 2 dBi be used.

Please refer to Appendix RF Test Data for 2.4GWIFI.

5 Test Setup Photos of the EUT

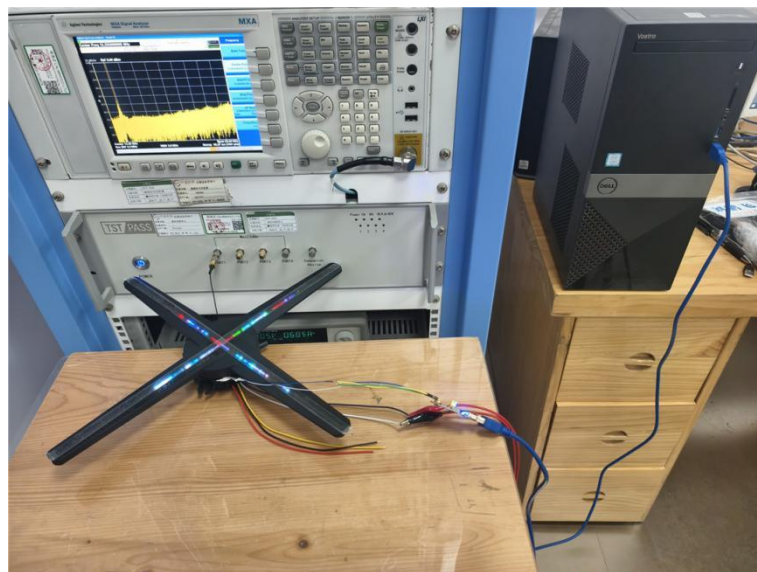
Radiated Emission



Conducted Emission

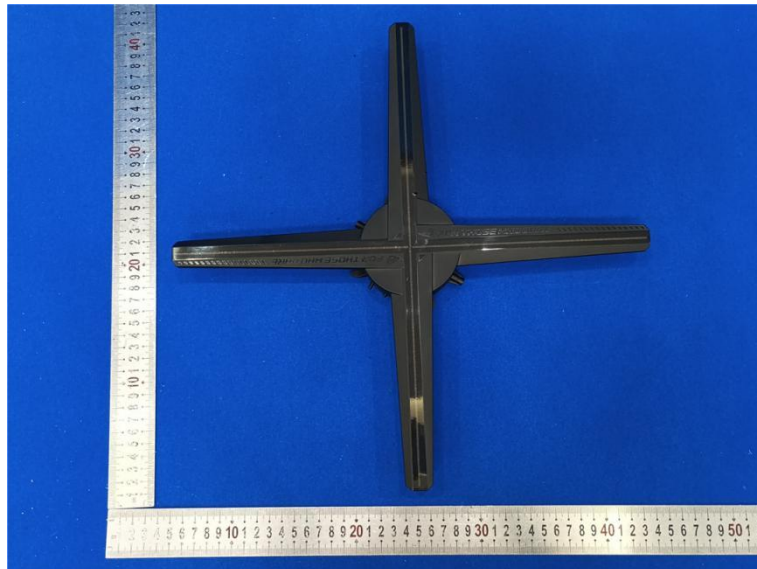


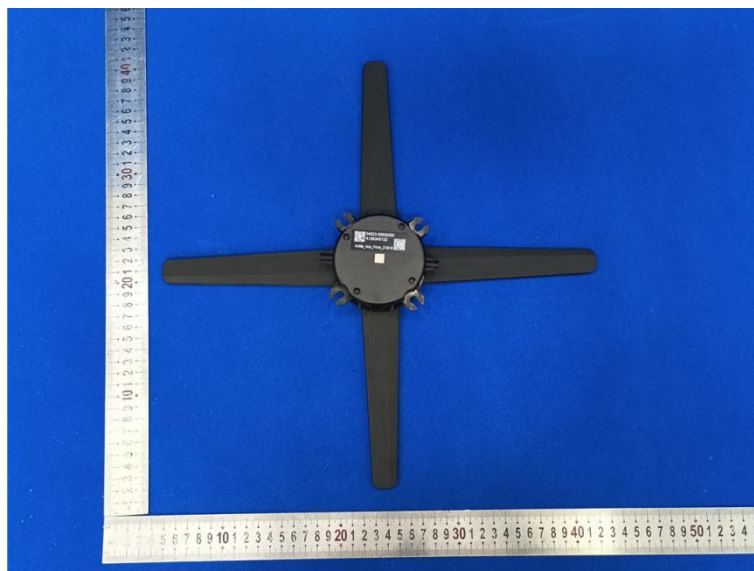
RF Test



6 Photos of the EUT

External Photo

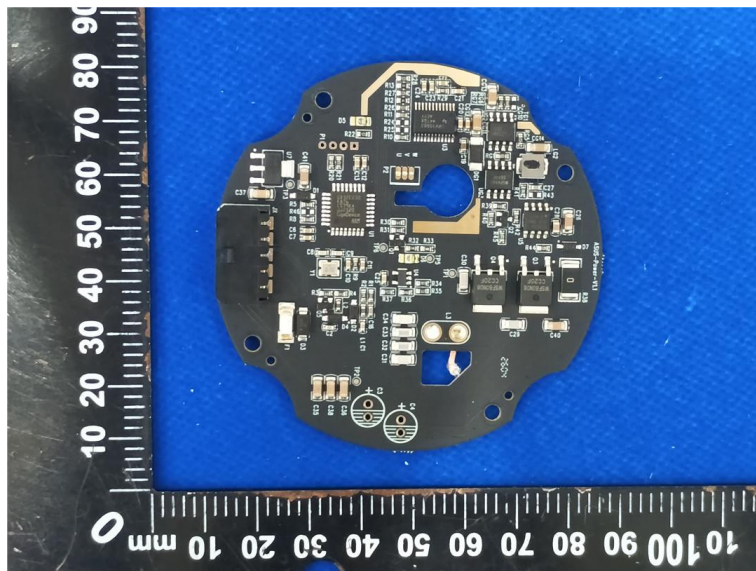


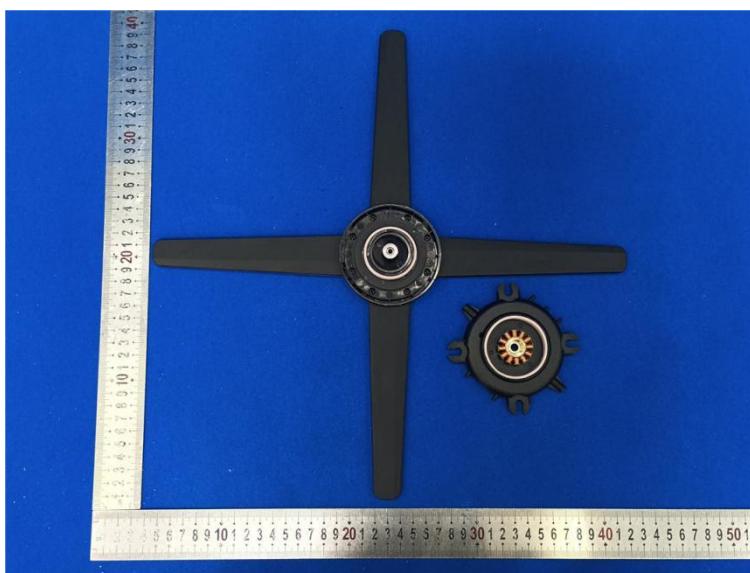
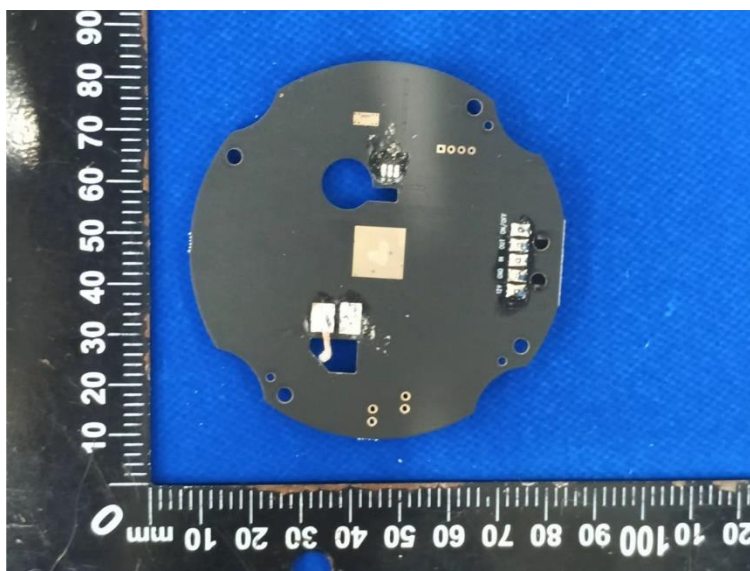


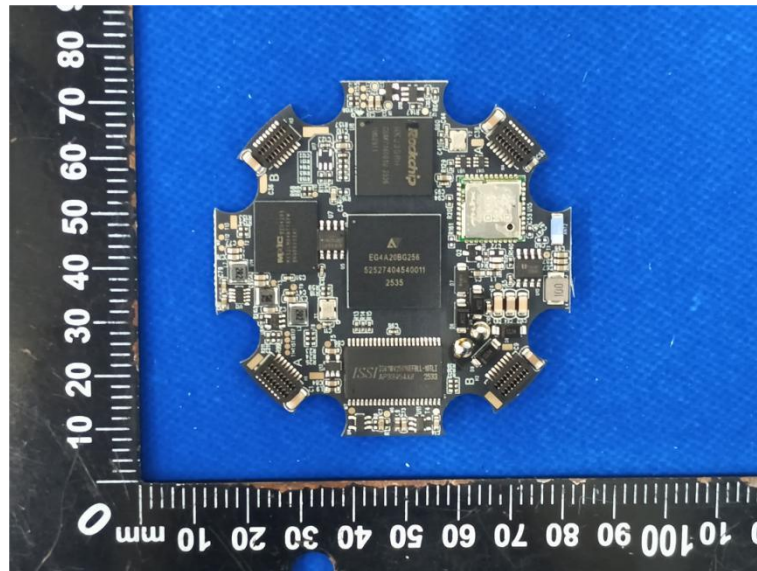
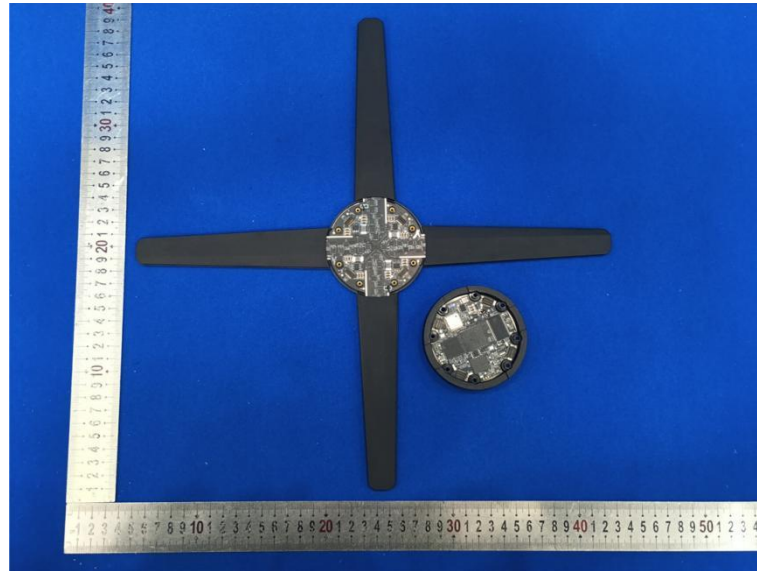


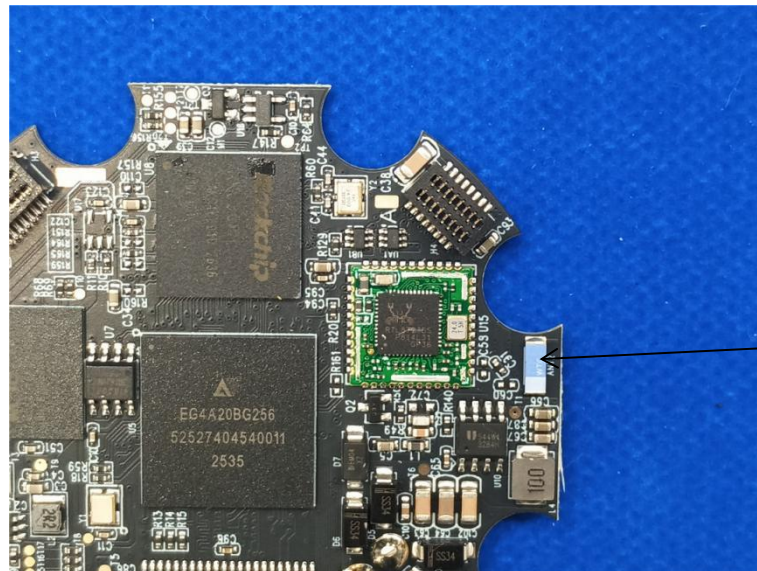
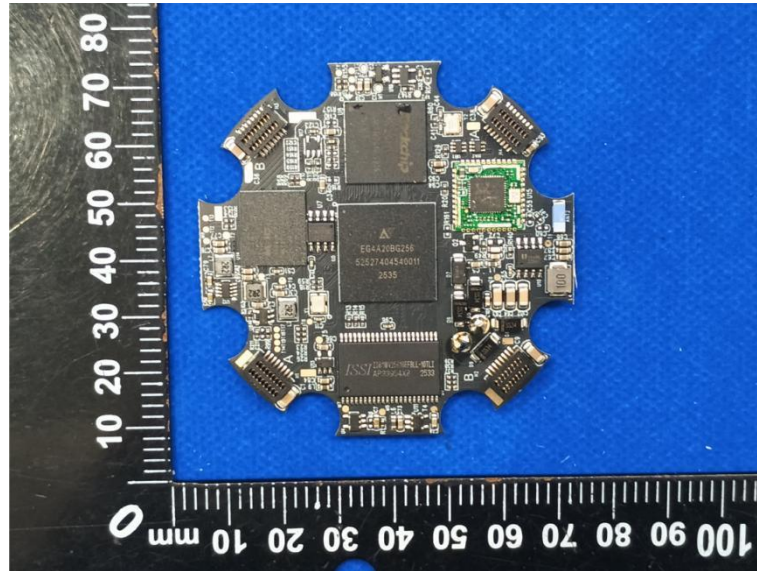


Internal Photo

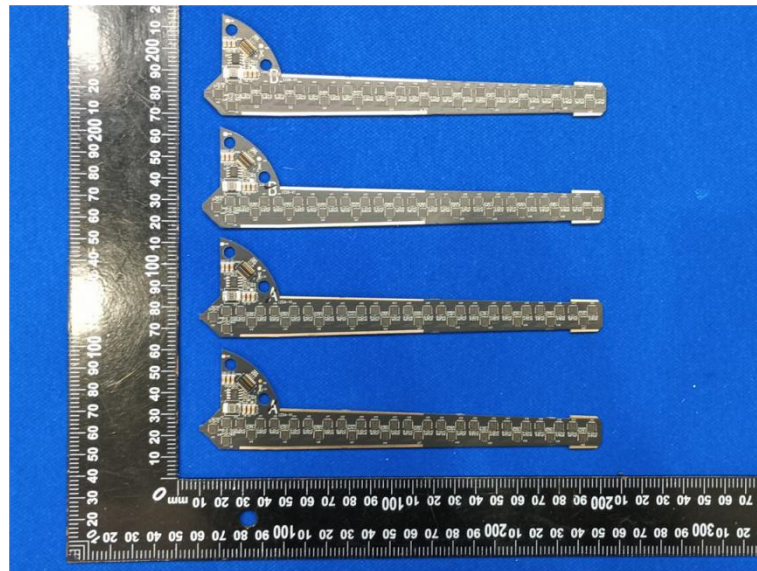
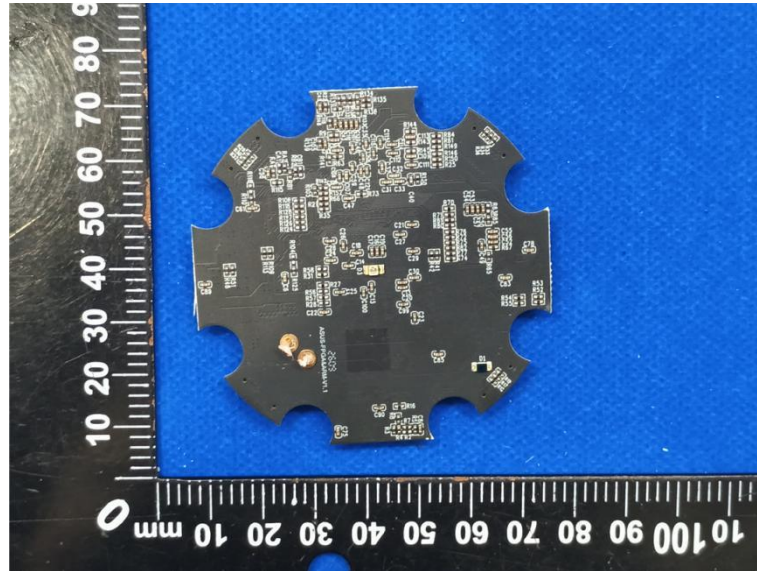








ANTENNA





***** End of Report *****